

**DRAINAGE ANALYSIS FOR:**

# **SCOTTSDALE CORE NORTH**

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**SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA**

**PREPARED FOR:**

**CORE NORTH, INC.**

**7373 NORTH SCOTTSDALE ROAD, SUITE 285A**

**SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA 85253**

**PREPARED BY:**

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**PREPARED:**

**09/21/89**

PRELIMINARY REPORT  
DRAINAGE ANALYSIS FOR  
STATE LANDS, 2,300 ACRES  
North of Outer Loop Highway  
Between Scottsdale Road and Pima Road

Submitted to:  
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September 1989  
Job No. 063-89258-03

The contents of this report reflect the views of the author, who is responsible for the facts and accuracy of the data presented herein. The contents have not been approved by the Land Department and do not necessarily reflect the official views or policies of the Arizona State Land Department.

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## INTRODUCTION

Core North, Inc. currently holds a planning permit for approximately 2,300 acres of State Trust land in north Scottsdale (Figure 1). At the conclusion of the planning process, Core North, Inc. plans on purchasing and developing this property.

Carter Associates, Inc. has been retained to prepare a Preliminary Hydrology Study to be submitted as an element of the planning process. The purpose of this study is to identify and characterize the current hydrologic condition affecting the site. Further, the study is to develop criteria which will be used for the planning of both the drainage infrastructure and the overall site.

The scope of this study is preliminary in nature with emphasis on existing drainage conditions and criteria for planning the overall site. This study is meant to present conditions and criteria which we anticipate will have to be dealt with in the subsequent planning process.

The following report presents estimates of storm runoff flow rates and volumes impacting the site. The runoff flow rates and volumes originating from both on-site and off-site areas, approximate channel locations and sizes as well as retention/detention locations and volumes are presented in the following text as well as Tables 1 through 3, Figures 1 through 6 and in the appendices.

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed project, which is comprised of approximately 2,300 acres of State Trust land, is located in Scottsdale, Arizona (Figure 1). The site is located within

Sections 23, 24, 25 and portions of 26 and 36 in T.4N., R.4E., of the Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Maricopa County. The project site is bounded on the north by Deer Valley Road, on the east by Pima Road, on the west by Scottsdale Road, and on the south by the proposed alignment of the Outer Loop Highway.

Although the development scheme of the project site is in the planning process, it is currently envisioned that the land uses will, in all likelihood, consist of residential, light industrial, office, medical, multi-family, resort and technical center. The resort currently has a golf course under consideration as an amenity. The proportions of various land uses will be determined as the planning process moves forward.

#### **SITE DESCRIPTION**

The site is currently in a relatively undeveloped state. There is a 365± foot wide power line easement extending from the southeast corner to the northwest corner of the site. the easement is currently cohabitated by Salt River Project (SRP), Arizona Public Service (APS) and Western Area Power Administration (WAPA).

The City of Scottsdale currently has a treatment plant located in the southeast quarter of Section 25. This site has an area of 20 acres. The proposed Outer Loop Highway right-of-way is located on the south edge of the project site (Figure 1). The design of the proposed freeway calls for drainage facilities to be constructed on the north side of the alignment on the State Trust land for which Core North holds the planning permit. The drainage facilities proposed consist of two substantial detention basins. One basin is to be located between Hayden Road and Pima Road

adjacent to the Outer Loop Highway alignment. A second proposed basin would be located north of the highway between Hayden Road and Scottsdale Road. These basins are meant to attenuate peak storm runoff flow from watersheds to the north and east such that conveyance facilities under the highway and through approved development to the south could be designed for significantly reduced peak discharge rates. Some of the conveyance facilities to the south of the highway in this area are preliminarily designed and it is our understanding that a portion of the overall system is currently under construction or constructed.

Along the south boundary of this approved development, south of the Outer Loop Highway, is the Central Arizona Project Canal (CAP). On the north side of the canal are large retention basins which were designed to store runoff from a maximum probable flood occurring from tributary areas to the north and east. The watershed area assumed tributaries to these retention basins was estimated by the Bureau of Reclamation based on undeveloped conditions that existed when the CAP was designed.

Topographically, the site slopes at approximate 1.5± percent from northeast to southwest. The overall surface of the site is generally quite uniform with no significant irregular changes in elevation.

The surface of the site is crossed perpendicular to the contour lines by numerous small washes. These washes form a complex system of braided and often interconnected runoff conveyance channels. These washes vary in depth from 0.5 feet to 4 feet.

The vegetative community in this area consists of, but is not limited to, the following species: Palo Verde, Ironwood Saguaro, Barrel Cacti, Salt Sage, etc.

#### OFF-SITE HYDROLOGY

The watershed area tributary to the Core North, Inc. planning area has recently been studied several times in conjunction with private development planning (Carter, 1988), Outer Loop Highway design (Simons and Li, 1987, 1989), FEMA flood insurance mapping and North Scottsdale Master Drainage planning (Water Resources Associates, 1989).

The results of these studies have varied substantially mainly due to the complex nature of the watershed area south and west of the McDowell Mountains. This area consists mainly of alluvial fans which are characterized by complex systems of interconnected and often changing washes. Additionally, the studies have used different methods and input data.

After reviewing the studies referenced above, Carter Associates has chosen to use the data presented in the Master Drainage Plan for North Scottsdale prepared for the City of Scottsdale. This study is currently being recommended by the City as a base line study for this area. The FEMA contractor conducting the flood insurance study in this part of Scottsdale is also using the results of this study in their work.

Tributary area to the Core North, Inc. site has been delineated into three separate watersheds (Figure 2). Carter Associates has obtained from the City of Scottsdale

the computer input data for the area tributary to the 2,300 acre site. These data were modified to reflect changes in the watershed with respect to drainage patterns and development (Figure 3).

The flows crossing the north property boundary from sub-basin 32 and those sub-basins upstream in that watershed were adjusted by reducing the overall watershed area downward by the area of sub-basin 32 on the 2,300 acre site. The same approach was taken for adjusting flows crossing the north property boundary in sub-basin 37 and sub-basins upstream of 37. The most easterly tributary area to the 2,300 acre site was handled in a similar manner. The tributary area not contributing was obtained by a reduction in the drainage area. This situation was noted due to Ironwood Village (Figure 3). As part of the drainage infrastructure for Ironwood Village, one large channel diverts flow to the south of the southeast corner of the site.

The watershed characteristics for those areas tributary to the north and east property boundaries are described in detail in the Master Drainage Report for North Scottsdale.

#### **ON-SITE MANAGEMENT OF RUNOFF**

There are generally four governmental agencies that will have input with respect to the methodologies used in the hydrologic and hydraulic analysis of the on-site stormwater. They are: the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD), City of Scottsdale (COS), the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

The City of Scottsdale's development criteria requires sufficient drainage facilities to intercept, convey, store and discharge storm runoff for up to a 100-year rainfall. The City has suggested for baseline hydrology in this area the hydrologic plan for North Scottsdale. This plan is presented in a report entitled "General Drainage Plan for North Scottsdale, Arizona" (Water Resources Associates, 1989). This plan presents estimates of existing storm runoff onto and off of the Core North site. For purposes of this report, the drainage areas and watershed data were modified specifically for the Core North site, thus excluding data on areas not impacting this site. Table 1 lists the drainage basin numbers (Figure 3) and corresponding data that has been modified to analyze the site. Table 2 lists the drainage concentration points and corresponding 100-year return period of discharge values.

There are four significant flows entering this parcel (exception is Ironwood Village improvements). Table 2 lists the drainage subbasins with corresponding discharge values. Figures 2 through 4 identify the approximate locations of where the off-site rainfall runoff flows cross Pima Road or Deer Valley Road and onto Core North's site. Ironwood Village is a single-family and light commercial subdivision that is under construction at this time. Extensive channelization has, for the most part, been completed. The western most "collector" channel will accept runoff and convey it to a dip section in Pima Road. This conveyed flow will be more concentrated when flowing over Pima Road and onto the site than the remaining flows (sheet flow) that enter this project at the present time.

Based on the current flow patterns, a series of channels will be necessary to collect and convey the off-site flows through the project area (Figure 5). Preliminary estimates have been made for collector channel sizes. Proposed locations of these

channels will be along the north and east property lines. Conveyance channels have also be preliminarily sized and are located to drain the runoff through the Core North project. The proposed channel size estimates were based on conveying the peak runoff from the 100-year, 24-hour return period event. A typical channel may consist of a trapezoidal section with 4:1 side slopes. For purposes of this report, a Mannings roughness of 0.035 (rock rip-rap or grouted rock rip-rap lining) was assumed. Longitudinal channel slopes were based on existing topography. Channel sizing estimates are presented in Appendix II.

Potentially, the main hydrologic impact ADOT will have on the State Trust land (or Core North planning of this area) will be on the collection and conveyance of storm flows through its right-of-way.

As stated in the Project Description section of this report, the proposed Outer Loop Highway (ADOT project) will be located on the south edge of the project (Figure 5). The design calls for detention basins to intercept flows from drainage areas 34 through 38 (detention basin located between Hayden Road and Scottsdale Road) and drainage areas 39 through 53 (detention basin located between Hayden and Pima Road). See Figures 4 and 5 for these proposed detention basin locations. The proposed collector conveyance channels, as stated above, will convey the off-site and some on-site flows to these basins. The outflow (weir and/or culvert) as proposed would drain under the Outer Loop Highway and into proposed collector/conveyance channels in the State Trust land called Core South (Figure 5).

An alternative to detention basins at the currently proposed location is to detain all or a portion of the off-site flows in the power line easement (Figure 5). The electric

companies cohabitating the power line easement, SRP, APS and WAPA, have been verbally contacted concerning this alternative. They have indicated that the use of the power line easements for detention purposes appears to be an acceptable use. Approval of any use will be based on specific improvement plans. This alternative has the potential to substantially reduce the necessity for the large detention basins proposed along the Outer Loop Highway. If future hydrologic/hydraulic studies show that these alternative basins are not adequate, then the basins proposed along the Outer Loop Highway could be re-designed. If the alternative power line easement basins are implemented in future design, then the detention basins along the Outer Loop Highway would potentially be greatly scaled down.

The potential for using the power line easement for detention/retention appears to be significant in the northwest drainage area (drainage areas 30 through 33). A previous hydrology study indicates that one intermediate detention basin at Happy Valley Highway and Pima Road is planned. By utilizing the power line easement for detention/retention basins, the peak flows impacting Scottsdale Road and future development could potentially be reduced and better control.

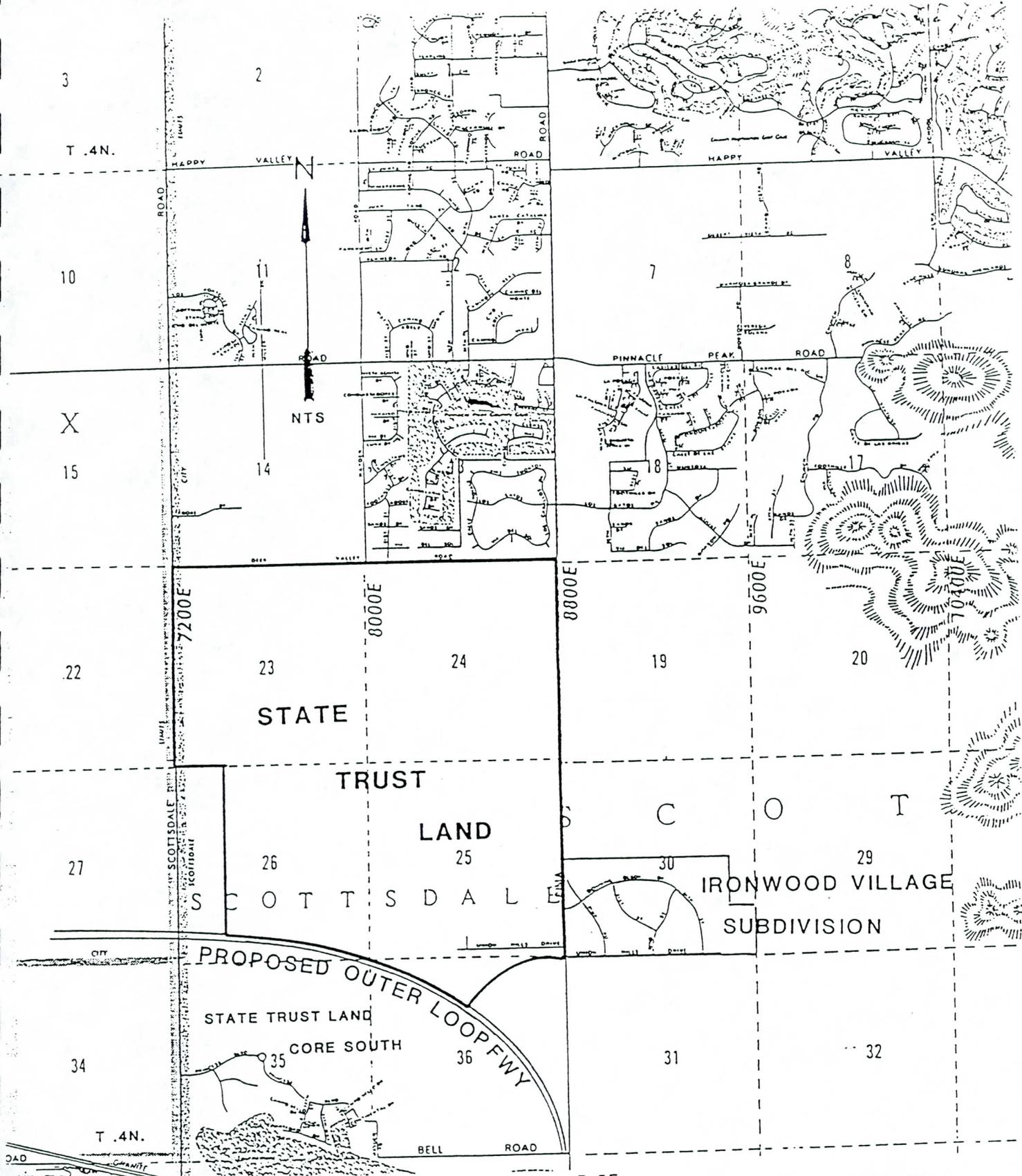
Detention/retention volumes for the 2,300 acre parcel have been estimated based on an assumed mix of residential and commercial development. The volume of runoff associated with the 2,300-acre site was estimated by using the 100-year, 2-hour rainfall event of 2.82 inches (U.S. Department of Commerce, WBTM WR 44). Table 3 lists the estimated retention volumes per type of development and total volume to be stored for the entire parcel. The total storage volume required is approximately 440 acre-feet.

This runoff volume is based on an assumed mix of land uses. The on-site detention/retention basins will most likely be located in proposed golf course and/or park areas. The detention/retention outlet elevations should be equal to the 100-year high water elevation in adjacent conveyance channels unless approved by the City of Scottsdale's drainage administrator. On-site development runoff that has been detained shall be disposed of within 36 hours by bleeding the stormwater by use of culverts, weirs, and/or drywells. Drywells are discouraged by the City and must receive special approval from the City Water Resources Department and be registered with the State Department of Water Resources. Flows from the basins shall not exceed pre-development flows. If runoff is to be conveyed by an underground system, complete plans shall be submitted.

Currently, the entire parcel is in a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) "B" flood zone. A flood insurance study currently in progress by Cella Barr Associates on the alluvial fans in North Scottsdale indicates that the majority of the Core North site is in an "A" flood zone with specified depths. These potential flow depths range between one to three feet and potential velocities between 6 to 8 feet per second (fps). See Figure 6 for the preliminary alluvial fan study results on this project site. Approximately one-third of Section 24, according to this study, is classified as an "A" flood zone. This means that the parcel is in an area of 100-year flooding and base flood elevations and flood hazard have not been determined (Figure 5). Although this portion of the project was not analyzed for depth of flow and velocity over the alluvial fan, it can be assumed that since this area is similar to the remainder of the site, strong potential for similar "A" flood zone classification exists. Based on this assumption, the depth of flow in this area probably is between one and three feet and the velocities between 6 and 8 fps.

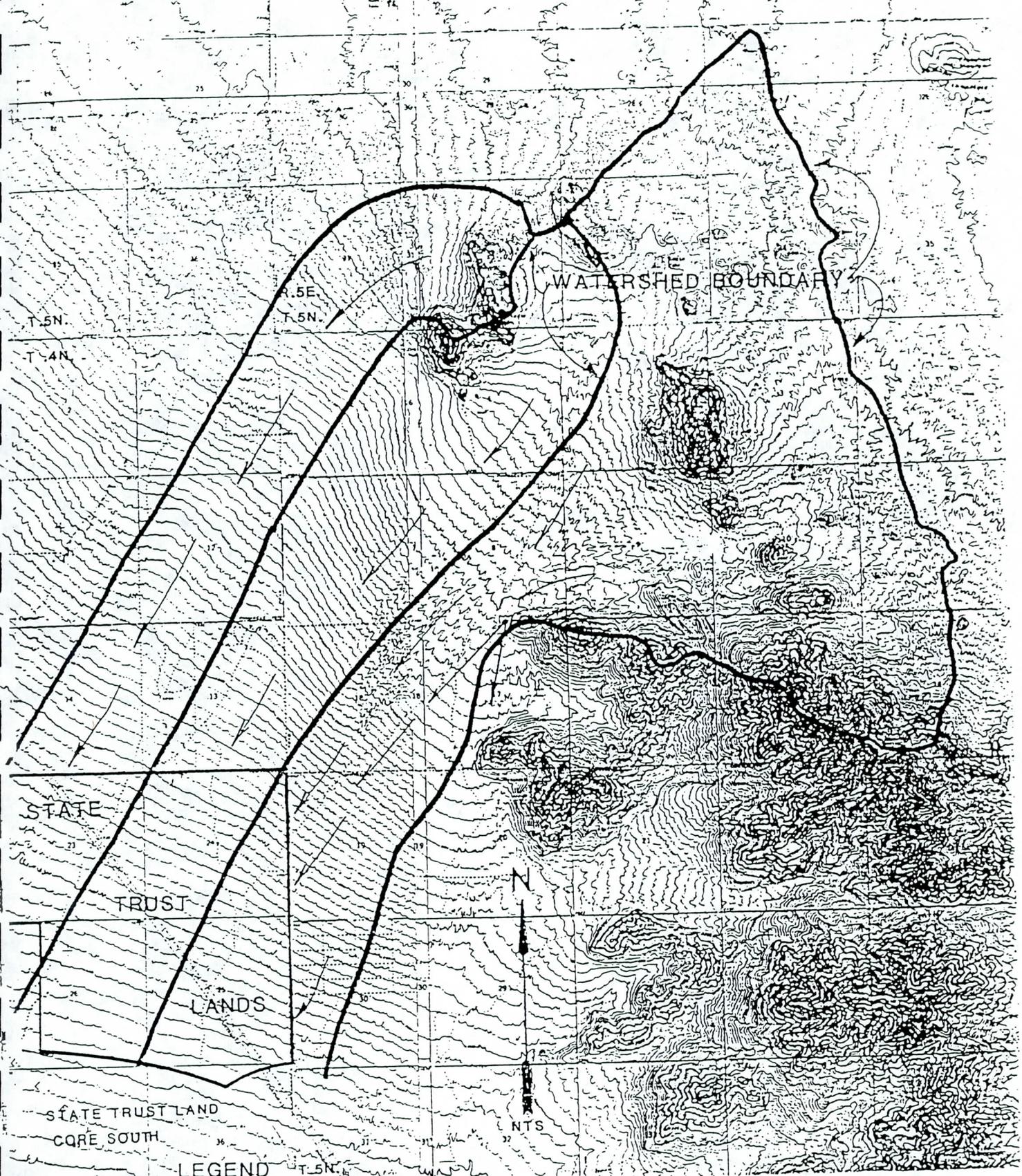
## REFERENCES

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- Carter Associates, Inc. Master Drainage Plan Report for Ironwood Village, Supplement No. 3, September, 1988.
- Carter Associates, Inc. Revised Design Flows for Ironwood Village, Major Drainage System, August, 1988.
- Cella Bar Associates, Scottsdale Flood Insurance Study Alluvial Fans 1 to 6, February 1989.
- City of Scottsdale, 1985, Drainage Report Preparation, Section 2, Design Procedures and Criteria.
- City of Scottsdale, Environmental Design Element, General Plan.
- Simons, Li and Associates, Inc. Final Report, Drainage Analysis for State Trust Lands, Outer Loop Highway, Scottsdale Road to Pima Road, June 1987.
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, 1985, Flood Hydrograph Package, HEC-1.
- U.S. Department of Commerce, 1969, Estimated Return Period for Short Duration Precipitation in Arizona, Phoenix WBO.
- United States Geological Survey Maps, McDowell Peak and Wildcat Hill Quadrangle, Curry's Corner, Cave Creek, Arizona.
- Water Resource Associates, Inc. General Drainage Plan for North Scottsdale, Arizona, 1988.



VICINITY MAP  
FIGURE 1

# WATERSHED BOUNDARY MAP



WATERSHED BOUNDARY

T. 5N.

R. 5E.

T. 5N.

T. 4N.

STATE

TRUST

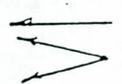
LANDS

STATE TRUST LAND  
CORE SOUTH

LEGEND

NTS

T. 4N.



MAJOR FLOW TO PARCEL  
SPLIT FLOW

FIGURE 2

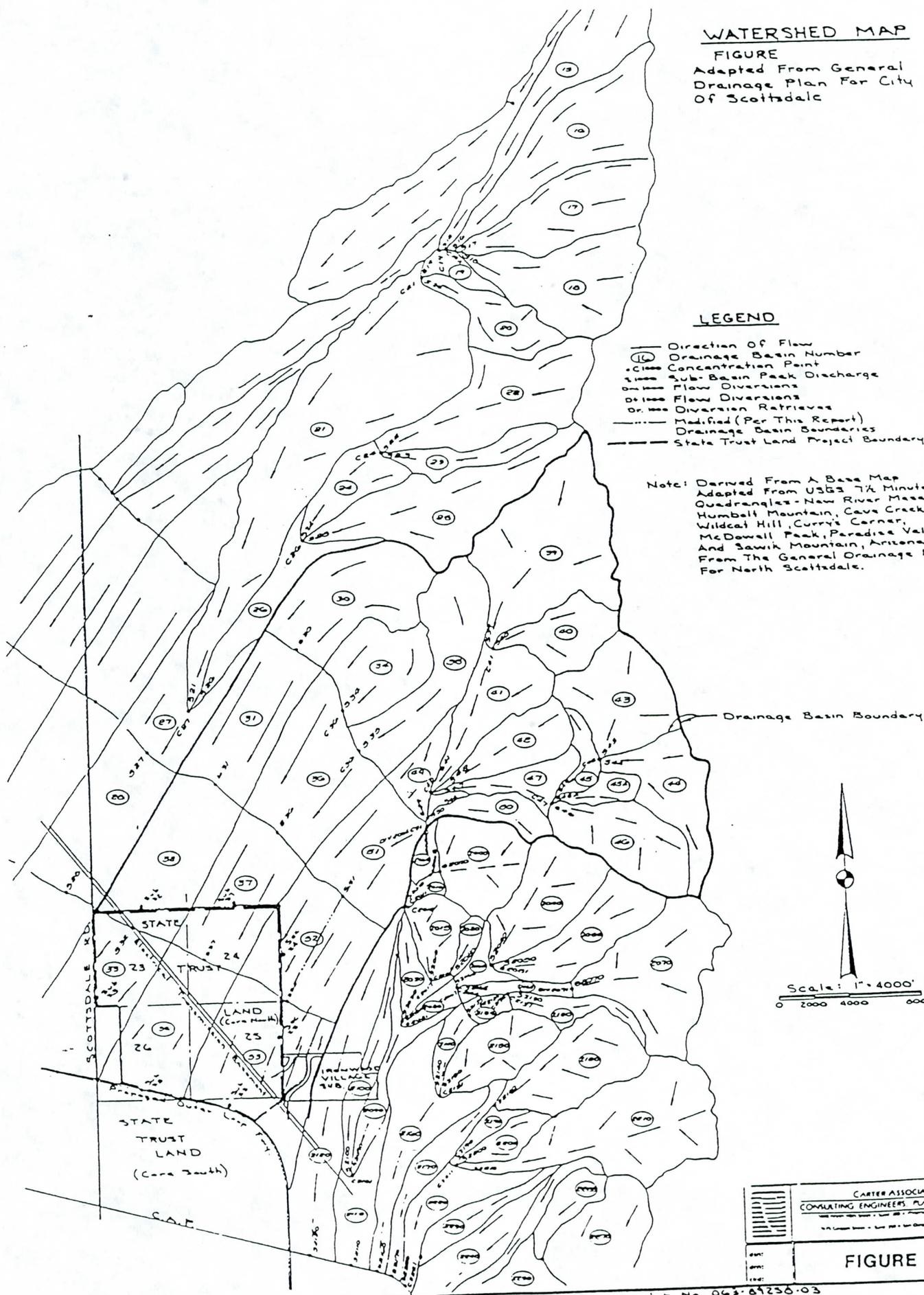
# WATERSHED MAP

FIGURE  
Adapted From General  
Drainage Plan For City  
Of Scottsdale

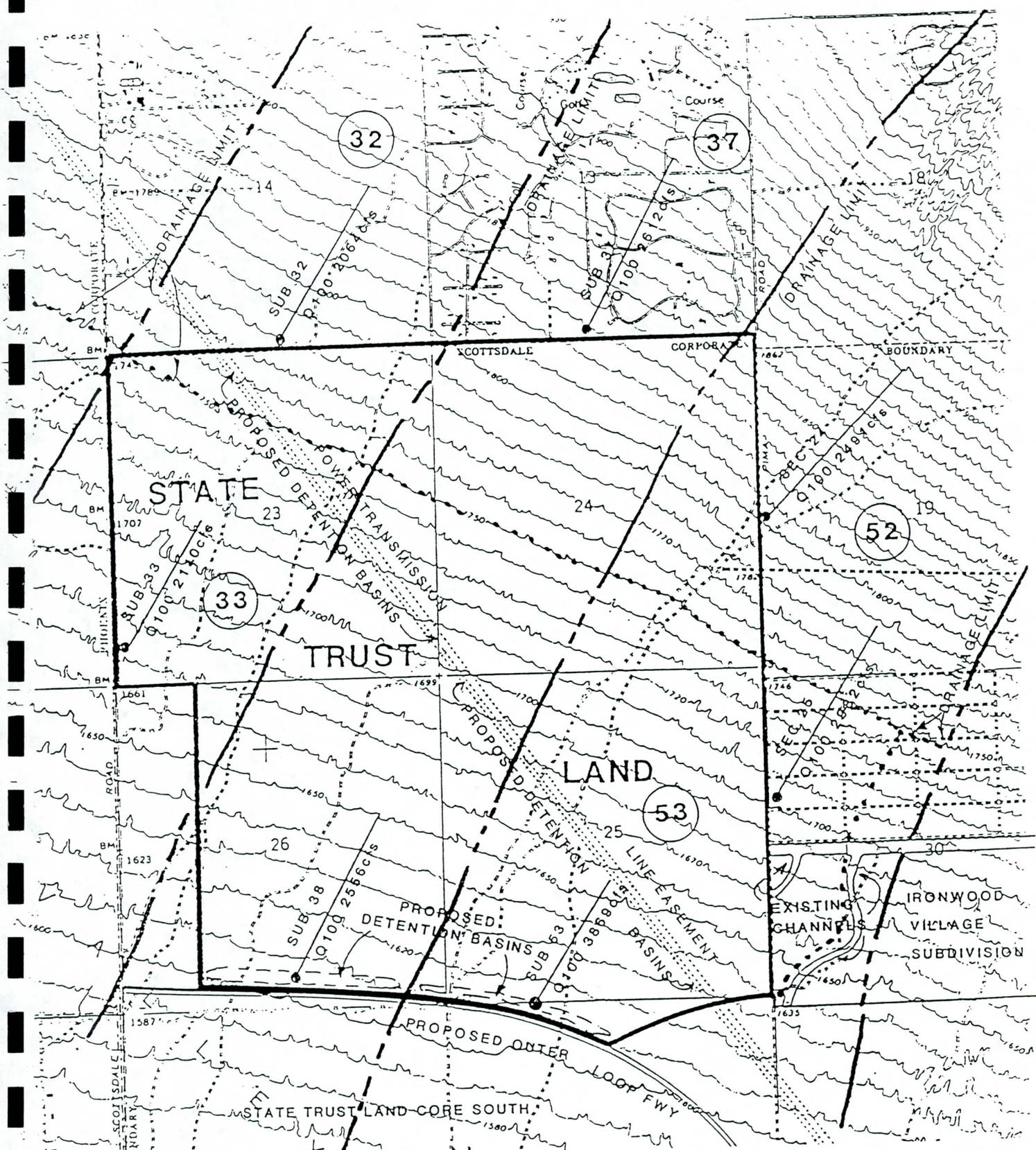
## LEGEND

- Direction Of Flow
- (16) Drainage Basin Number
- Concentration Point
- Sub-Basin Peak Discharge
- Flow Diversions
- Flow Diversions
- Diversion Retrieves
- Modified (Per This Report)
- Drainage Basin Boundaries
- State Trust Land Project Boundary

Note: Derived From A Base Map  
Adapted From USGS 7 1/2 Minute  
Quadrangles - New River Mesa,  
Humboldt Mountain, Cave Creek,  
Wildcat Hill, Curry's Corner,  
McDowell Peak, Paradise Valley  
And Sawik Mountain, Arizona And  
From The General Drainage Plan  
For North Scottsdale.



CARTER ASSOCIATES INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS, PLANNERS & SURVEYORS		SHEET
FIGURE 3		OF

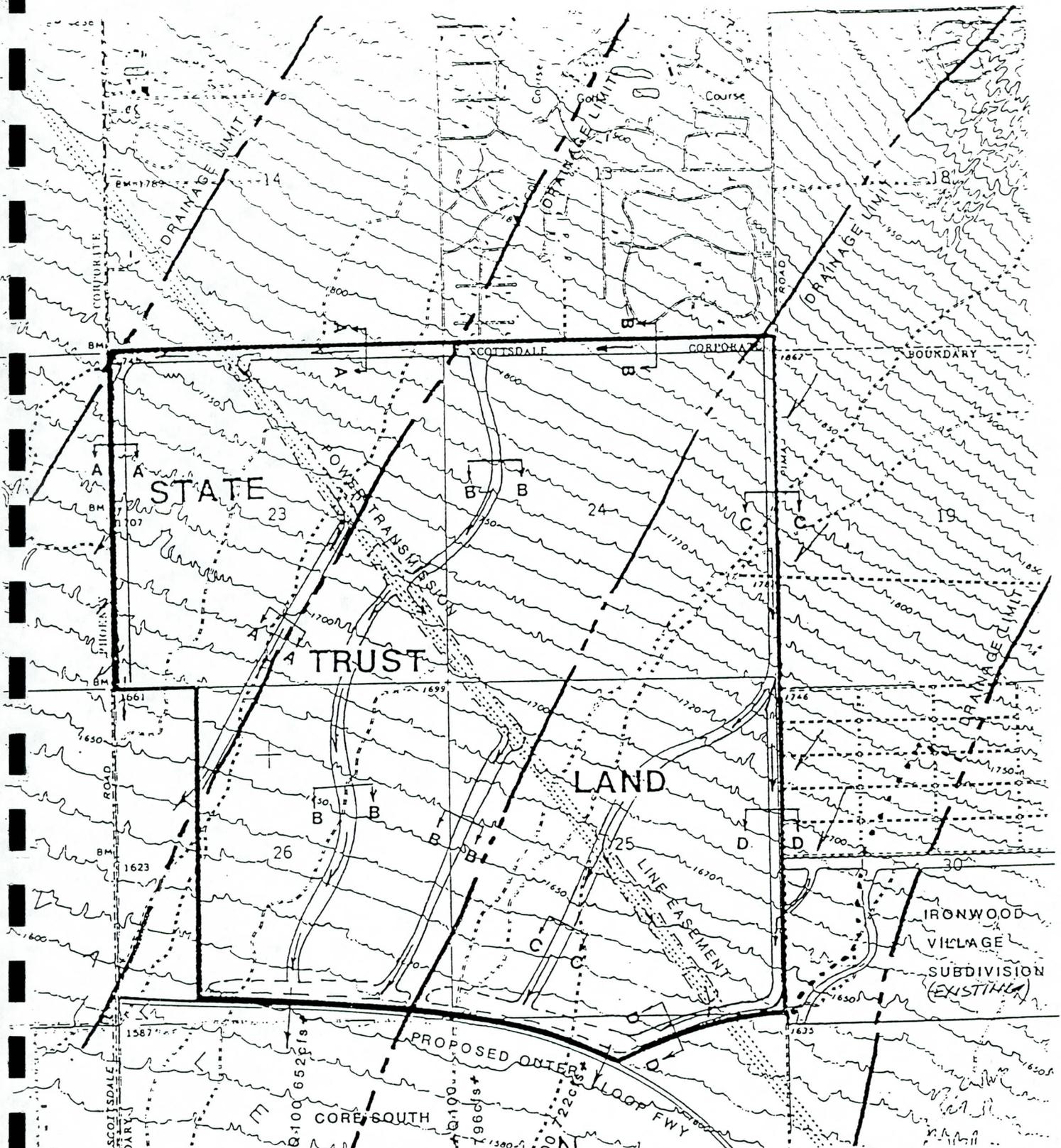


**LEGEND**

- SUB 37 = CONCENTRATION POINT
- Q100 = 100 YEAR DISCHARGE



**WATERSHED AND DISCHARGE MAP  
FIGURE 4**



**LEGEND**

-  PROPOSED DETENTION BASINS FOR OFFSITE FLOW
-  PROPOSED CHANNELIZATION
-  CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION

**SITE CHANNELIZATION MAP**

**FIGURE 5**

NOTE: FOR CROSS-SECTIONS SEE REPORT APPENDIX  
 \* DISCHARGE FROM REFERENCE 3

063-89258-03



TABLE 1  
 MODIFIED HYDROLOGIC DATA FOR  
 DRAINAGE TO STATE TRUST LANDS

WSD* No.	COS** Area (acre)	Modified Area (acre)	COS Basin Length (feet)	Modified Basin Length (feet)	COS Impervious (%)	Modified Impervious (%)
<u>Flow to North Property Line (Existing)</u>						
32	1.3985	1.1942	9,300	8,000	2.99	3.50
37	1.1896	0.7260	8,433	5,000	9.58	15.70
<u>Flow to East Property Line (Existing)</u>						
52	1.3557	1.1537	6,633	6,633	1.15	7.72
53	1.7471	0.404	7,767	4,500	0	16.60
<u>Flow to South Central and West Property Lines (Existing)</u>						
33	1.5717	0.6026	9,500	6,800	0	0
38	1.2597	1.2543	8,300	8,300	0	0
<u>Flow to South and East Property Lines (Existing)</u>						
53	1.7471	1.2634	7,767	7,000	0	1.5

\*WSD - Watershed or drainage area.

\*\*COS - City of Scottsdale, "Watershed Sub-Basin Delineation and HEC-1 Routing Schematic" Data (existing condition) and HEC-1 Hydrologic Data

TABLE 2  
DISCHARGE TABLE

Concentration Point	Comments	Discharge (cfs)
Sub 32	Along north property line	2,064
Sub 37	Along north property line	2,612
Sec 24	Along east property line	2,491
Sec 25	Along east property line	2,982
Sub 33	Along west property line	2,110
Sub 38	Along south property line	2,556
Sub 53	Along south property line	3,869

TABLE 3  
DETENTION/RETENTION TABLE FOR  
ASSUMED MIXED DEVELOPMENT

Land Use/ Zoning	Area (ac)	CN	Run-off in Inches	Retention Volume (ac-ft)
<u>East Drainage Area</u>				
SF	104.3	91	1.91	16.6
Low SF	63.4	89	1.74	9.2
MF	6.9	95	2.27	1.3
MED	195.1	93	2.08	33.8
C	23.6	96	2.38	4.6
O	21.4	95	2.27	4.0
TECH	72.9	95	2.27	14.4
LT IND	210.6	96	2.38	41.8
Sewage Treatment Plant	39.6	93	2.08	6.9
Park/Detention Basins	131.5	98	2.59	28.4
Golf Course	61.4	75	0.85	12.7
Overhead Trans. Lines	47.8	85	1.44	5.7
IND	43.2	96	2.38	8.5
				188
<u>Central Drainage Area</u>				
SF	87.6	91	1.91	13.9
Low SF	163.0	89	1.74	23.6
MED	129.7	93	2.08	22.5
MF	20.2	95	2.27	3.8
COM	32.4	96	2.38	6.4
LT IND	130.2	96	2.38	25.6
IND	42.5	97	2.48	8.8
Golf Course	87.4	75	0.85	6.2
Park/Detention/Channel	97.0	98	2.59	20.9
Corp Headquarters/Hotel	82.4	93	2.08	14.3
O	50.5	95	2.27	9.6
TECH	34.2	95	2.27	6.5
Overhead Trans. Lines	41.0	85	1.44	4.9
				167

TABLE 3 (continued)

Land Use/ Zoning	Area (ac)	CN	Run-off in Inches	Retention Volume (ac-ft)
<u>West Drainage Area</u>				
SF	91.8	91	1.91	14.6
MED	304.0	93	2.08	52.7
MF	46.0	95	2.27	8.7
O	24.2	95	2.27	4.6
DET	12.2	98	2.59	2.6
Overhead Trans. ines	11.0	85	1.44	<u>1.3</u>
				85

Total assumed mixed development layout retention required.  
 Total = East DA + Central DA + West DA  
 = 167 + 188 + 85  
 = 440 ac-ft

APPENDIX I

# FLOW TO EAST PROPERTY LINE

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 1

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	ID	SEPT. 13, 1989									
2	ID	TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES									
3	ID	FLOW TO EAST PROPERTY LINE					EXISTING CONDITION				
4	ID	MODEL TREP.D99,--- SUB-BASIN SERIES 39 TO 53--OUTER LOOP WATERSHED									
5	ID	GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS									
6	ID	100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION									
7	ID	RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR									
		*DIAGRAM									
8	IT	5	24JUL89	0	289						
9	IO	5	0								
10	IN	30	24JUL89	0							
11	KK	SUB39									
12	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 39									
13	BA	1.9422									
14	PB	4.32									
15	PC	0	.005	.009	.010	.013	.019	.021	.028	.032	.044
16	PC	.057	.100	.660	.745	.776	.800	.816	.830	.840	.850
17	PC	.861	.868	.878	.884	.891	.900	.905	.912	.919	.923
18	PC	.930	.934	.939	.944	.950	.958	.961	.963	.969	.971
19	PC	.974	.979	.981	.985	.989	.991	.993	.996	1.000	
20	LS		85	1.60							
21	UK	330	.0433	.20	100						
22	RK	11240	.0253	.045		TRAP	30	3			
23	KK	SUB40									
24	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 40									
25	BA	.5844									
26	LS		83	1.06							
27	UK	160	.0627	.20	100						
28	RK	7000	.0350	.045		TRAP	20	3			
29	KK	CP41									
30	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB39 & SUB40									
31	HC	2									
32	KK	SUB41									
33	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 41 & ROUTE CP 41									
34	BA	.7911									
35	LS		74	2.04							
36	UK	280	.2386	.20	100						
37	RK	9400	.0282	.045		TRAP	50	3	YES		
38	KK	SUB42									
39	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 42									
40	BA	.5844									
41	LS		78	1.24							
42	UK	280	.2386	.20	100						
43	RK	8750	.0573	.045		TRAP	20	3			

LINE 10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

44	KK	SUB43									
45	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 43									
46	BA	1.0708									
47	LS		85	1.03							
48	UK	260	.0515	.20	100						
49	RK	7400	.0255	.045		TRAP	25		3		
50	KK	SUB44									
51	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 44									
52	BA	.8537									
53	LS		85								
54	UK	260	.0515	.20	100						
55	RK	9840	.0622	.045		TRAP	25		3		
56	KK	CP45									
57	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB43 & SUB44									
58	HC	2									
59	KK	SUB45									
60	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 45 & ROUTE CP 45									
61	BA	.2037									
62	LS		81								
63	UK	125	.1166	.20	100						
64	RK	3600	.0366	.045		TRAP	30		3	YES	
65	KK	SUB45A									
66	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB 45A									
67	BA	.1720									
68	LS		86								
69	UK	275	.2200	.20	100						
70	RK	5400	.0411	.045		TRAP	15		3		
71	KK	SUB46									
72	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 46									
73	BA	.9268									
74	LS		86								
75	UK	265	.4958	.20	100						
76	RK	3300	.2271	.045	.111	TRAP	10		3		
77	RK	7100	.0535	.045		TRAP	25		3		
78	KK	CP47									
79	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB45, SUB45A, & SUB46									
80	HC	3									
81	KK	SUB47									
82	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 47 & ROUTE CP 47									
83	BA	.3757									
84	LS		77	1.28							
85	UK	375	.1000	.20	100						
86	RK	9600	.0217	.045		TRAP	50		3	YES	

LINE 10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

87 KK CP48  
 88 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB41, SUB42, & SUB47  
 89 HC 3  
 90 KK SUB48  
 91 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 48 & ROUTE CP 48  
 92 BA .0438  
 93 LS 73 4.14  
 94 UK 150 .0733 .20 100  
 95 RK 1300 .0338 .045 TRAP 75 3 YES

96 KK SUB49  
 97 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 49  
 98 BA .3528  
 99 LS 79 1.88  
 100 UK 135 .0758 .20 100  
 101 RK 5400 .0370 .045 TRAP 30 3

102 KK SUB50  
 103 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 50  
 104 BA .3580  
 105 LS 84 1.39  
 106 UK 300 .3555 .20 100  
 107 RK 730 .1506 .045 .036 TRAP 10 3  
 108 RK 6400 .0453 .045 TRAP 25 3

109 KK CP51  
 110 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB48, SUB49, & SUB50  
 111 HC 3

112 KK 2004 DIV  
 113 KM DIVERT FLOW TO SUB 2005  
 114 KM THIS DIVERT OCCURS AT A BRAIDED CHANNEL BIFURCATION LOCATED 1000 FEET  
 115 KM SOUTH OF THE EAST END OF PINNACLE PEAK ROAD.  
 116 KM THIS IS AN ACTIVE ALLUVIAL FAN APEX.  
 117 DT 2003  
 118 DI 0 15000  
 119 DQ 0 7500

120 KK SUB51  
 121 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 51 & ROUTE NON-DIVERTED FLOW FROM DIV 2004  
 122 BA 1.0675  
 123 LS 72 4.06  
 124 UK 94 .0213 .10 100  
 125 RK 6400 .0329 .045 TRAP 1500 2 YES

126 KK SUB52  
 127 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 52 & ROUTE SUB 51  
 128 BA 1.1537  
 129 LS 71 7.72  
 130 UK 76 .0213 .10 100  
 131 RK 6633 .0300 .045 TRAP 2500 2 YES

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

132	KK	SEC25	FLOW DRAINING TO SECTION 25--EAST BOUNDARY						
133	KM		SEC24 = FLOW DRAINING TO SECTION 24--EAST BOUNDARY						
134	DT	SEC24							
135	DI	0	5454						
136	DQ	0	2491						
137	KK	SUB53							
138	KM		RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 53 & ROUTE SUB 52						
139	BA	.404							
140	LS		74	16.6					
141	UK	67	.0213	.10	100				
142	RK	4500	.0196	.045	TRAP	100	2	YES	
143	ZZ								

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT  
LINE

(V) ROUTING

(---) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW

NO.

(.) CONNECTOR

(<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW

11

SUB39

23

SUB40

29

CP41.....

∩

∩

32

SUB41 \*\*\*

38

SUB42

44

SUB43

50

SUB44

56

CP45.....

∩

∩

59

SUB45 \*\*\*

65

SUB45A

71

SUB46

78

CP47.....

∩

∩

81

SUB47 \*\*\*

87

CP48.....

∩

∩

90

SUB48 \*\*\*

96

SUB49

102

SUB50

2004 -----> 2003

↓

↓

SUB51 \*\*\*

↓

↓

SUB52 \*\*\*

.

.

----->

SEC24

SEC25

↓

↓

SUB53 \*\*\*

\*\*> RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

\*\*\*\*

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE HEC-1 (IBM XT 512K VERSION) -FEB 1,1985  
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER, 609 SECOND STREET, DAVIS, CA. 95616

\*\*\*\*

SEPT. 13, 1989  
TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES  
FLOW TO EAST PROPERTY LINE                    EXISTING CONDITION  
MODEL TREP.D99,--- SUB-BASIN SERIES 39 TO 53--OUTER LOOP WATERSHED  
GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS  
100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION  
RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR

9 10

OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT            5   PRINT CONTROL  
IPLOT            0   PLOT CONTROL  
QSCAL            0.   HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

IT

HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA

NMIN            5   MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL  
IDATE           24JUL89   STARTING DATE  
ITIME            0000   STARTING TIME  
NQ               289   NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES  
NDDATE           25JUL89   ENDING DATE  
NDTIME           0000   ENDING TIME

COMPUTATION INTERVAL    .08 HOURS  
TOTAL TIME BASE        24.00 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS



3 COMBINED AT	CP51	14380.	6.17	1804.	550.	550.	8.26
DIVERSION TO	2003	7190.	6.17	902.	275.	275.	8.26
HYDROGRAPH AT	2004	7190.	6.17	902.	275.	275.	8.26
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB51	6941.	6.33	1028.	320.	320.	9.33
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB52	5454.	6.58	1147.	367.	367.	10.48
DIVERSION TO	SEC24	2491.	6.58	524.	168.	168.	10.48
HYDROGRAPH AT	SEC25	2963.	6.58	623.	199.	199.	10.48
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB53	2982.	6.67	681.	220.	220.	10.88

\*\*\* NORMAL END OF HEC-1 \*\*\*

# FLOW TO NORTH PROPERTY LINE

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 1

LINE            10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1            ID        SEPT. 14, 1989  
 2            ID        TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES  
 3            ID        FLOW TO NORTH PROPERTY LINE            EXISTING CONDITION  
 4            ID        MODEL TRMP.099,--- SUB-BASIN SERIES 30 TO 32 AND 34 TO 37  
 5            ID        GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS  
 6            ID        100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION  
 7            ID        RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR

\*DIAGRAM  
 8            IT        5 24JUL89            0        289  
 9            IO        5            0  
 10          IN        30 24JUL89            0

11          KK        SUB30  
 12          KM        RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 30  
 13          BA        1.3296  
 14          PB        4.32  
 15          PC        0        .005    .009    .010    .013    .019    .021    .028    .032    .044  
 16          PC        .057    .100    .660    .745    .776    .800    .816    .830    .840    .850  
 17          PC        .861    .868    .878    .884    .891    .900    .905    .912    .919    .923  
 18          PC        .930    .934    .939    .944    .950    .958    .961    .963    .969    .971  
 19          PC        .974    .979    .981    .985    .989    .991    .993    .996    1.000  
 20          LS                82    1.52  
 21          UK        110    .0408    .20        100  
 22          RK        10640    .0371    .045            TRAP        50        100

23          KK        SUB31  
 24          KM        RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 31 & ROUTE SUB 30  
 25          BA        1.2325  
 26          LS                74    3.20  
 27          UK        102    .0213    .10        100  
 28          RK        9450    .0228    .045            TRAP        50        130        YES

29          KK        SUB32  
 30          KM        RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 32 & ROUTE SUB 31  
 31          BA        1.1942  
 32          LS                74    3.5  
 33          UK        67    .0213    .10        100  
 34          RK        8000    .0214    .045            TRAP        50        130        YES

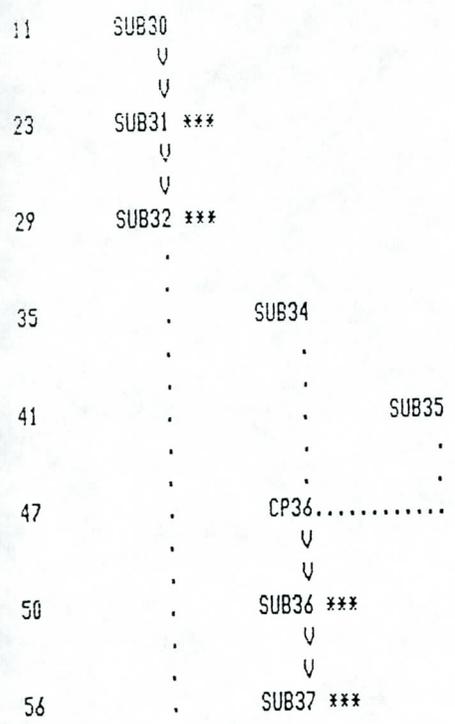
35          KK        SUB34  
 36          KM        RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 34  
 37          BA        .8433  
 38          LS                77    2.43  
 39          UK        110    .0408    .20        100  
 40          RK        6800    .0644    .045            TRAP        50        100

41          KK        SUB35  
 42          KM        RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 35  
 43          BA        1.2879  
 44          LS                79    1.43  
 45          UK        265    .0381    .20        100  
 46          RK        13000    .0319    .045            TRAP        50        100



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

PUT  
LINE (V) ROUTING (---) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW  
NO. (.) CONNECTOR (<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW



\*\*\*) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

\*\*\*\*  
FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE HEC-1 (IBM XT 512K VERSION) -FEB 1,1985  
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER, 609 SECOND STREET, DAVIS, CA. 95616  
\*\*\*\*

SEPT. 14, 1989  
TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES  
FLOW TO NORTH PROPERTY LINE                    EXISTING CONDITION  
MODEL TRHP.D99, --- SUB-BASIN SERIES 30 TO 32 AND 34 TO 37  
GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS  
100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION  
RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR

9 10            OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES  
          IPRNT            5    PRINT CONTROL  
          IPLT            0    PLOT CONTROL  
          QSCAL           0.    HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

IT            HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA  
          NMIN            5    MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL  
          IDATE           24JUL89    STARTING DATE  
          ITIME           0000    STARTING TIME  
          NQ            289    NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES  
          NDDATE          25JUL89    ENDING DATE  
          NDTIME          0000    ENDING TIME

          COMPUTATION INTERVAL    .08 HOURS  
          TOTAL TIME BASE        24.00 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS

RUNOFF SUMMARY  
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND  
 TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
				6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB30	1903.	6.17	275.	84.	84.	1.33		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB31	1876.	6.42	459.	144.	144.	2.56		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB32	2064.	6.67	636.	203.	203.	3.76		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB34	1262.	6.08	145.	45.	45.	.84		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB35	995.	6.42	231.	73.	73.	1.29		
2 COMBINED AT	CP36	2025.	6.17	375.	118.	118.	2.13		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB36	2414.	6.25	574.	183.	183.	3.58		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB37	2612.	6.42	699.	224.	224.	4.31		

\*\*\* NORMAL END OF HEC-1 \*\*\*

# FLOW TO SOUTH AND EAST PROPERTY LINE

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 1

LINE      10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1	ID	SEPT. 12, 1989									
2	ID	TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES									
3	ID	FLOW TO SOUTH AND EAST PROPERTY LINES    EXISTING CONDITIONS									
4	ID	MODEL TRSP.D99, --- SUB-BASIN SERIES 39 TO 53--OUTER LOOP WATERSHED									
5	ID	GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS									
6	ID	100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION									
7	ID	RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR									
		*DIAGRAM									
8	IT	5	24	JUL	89	0	289				
9	IO	5				0					
10	IN	30	24	JUL	89	0					
11	KK	SUB39									
12	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 39									
13	BA	1.9422									
14	PB	4.32									
15	PC	0	.005	.009	.010	.013	.019	.021	.028	.032	.044
16	PC	.057	.100	.660	.745	.776	.800	.816	.830	.840	.850
17	PC	.861	.868	.878	.884	.891	.900	.905	.912	.919	.923
18	PC	.930	.934	.939	.944	.950	.958	.961	.963	.969	.971
19	PC	.974	.979	.981	.985	.989	.991	.993	.996	1.000	
20	LS		85	1.60							
21	UK	330	.0433	.20	100						
22	RK	11240	.0253	.045		TRAP	30	3			
23	KK	SUB40									
24	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 40									
25	BA	.5844									
26	LS		63	1.06							
27	UK	160	.0627	.20	100						
28	RK	7000	.0350	.045		TRAP	20	3			
29	KK	CP41									
30	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB39 & SUB40									
31	HC	2									
32	KK	SUB41									
33	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 41 & ROUTE CP 41									
34	BA	.7911									
35	LS		74	2.04							
36	UK	280	.2386	.20	100						
37	RK	9400	.0282	.045		TRAP	50	3	YES		
38	KK	SUB42									
39	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 42									
40	BA	.5844									
41	LS		78	1.24							
42	UK	280	.2386	.20	100						
43	RK	8750	.0573	.045		TRAP	20	3			

LINE 10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

44	KK	SUB43									
45	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 43									
46	BA	1.0708									
47	LS		85	1.03							
48	UK	260	.0515	.20	100						
49	RK	7400	.0255	.045		TRAP	25		3		
50	KK	SUB44									
51	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 44									
52	BA	.8537									
53	LS		85								
54	UK	260	.0515	.20	100						
55	RK	9840	.0622	.045		TRAP	25		3		
56	KK	CP45									
57	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB43 & SUB44									
58	HC	2									
59	KK	SUB45									
60	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 45 & ROUTE CP 45									
61	BA	.2037									
62	LS		81								
63	UK	125	.1166	.20	100						
64	RK	3600	.0366	.045		TRAP	30		3	YES	
65	KK	SUB45A									
66	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB 45A									
67	BA	.1720									
68	LS		86								
69	UK	275	.2200	.20	100						
70	RK	5400	.0411	.045		TRAP	15		3		
71	KK	SUB46									
72	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 46									
73	BA	.9268									
74	LS		86								
75	UK	265	.4958	.20	100						
76	RK	3300	.2271	.045	.111	TRAP	10		3		
77	RK	7100	.0535	.045		TRAP	25		3		
78	KK	CP47									
79	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB45, SUB45A, & SUB46									
80	HC	3									
81	KK	SUB47									
82	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 47 & ROUTE CP 47									
83	BA	.3757									
84	LS		77	1.28							
85	UK	375	.1000	.20	100						
86	RK	9600	.0217	.045		TRAP	50		3	YES	

LINE 10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

87 KK CP48  
 88 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB41, SUB42, & SUB47  
 89 HC 3

90 KK SUB48  
 91 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 48 & ROUTE CP 48  
 92 BA .0438  
 93 LS 73 4.14  
 94 UK 150 .0733 .20 100  
 95 RK 1300 .0338 .045 TRAP 75 3 YES

96 KK SUB49  
 97 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 49  
 98 BA .3528  
 99 LS 79 1.88  
 100 UK 135 .0758 .20 100  
 101 RK 5400 .0370 .045 TRAP 30 3

102 KK SUB50  
 103 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 50  
 104 BA .3580  
 105 LS 84 1.39  
 106 UK 300 .3555 .20 100  
 107 RK 730 .1506 .045 .036 TRAP 10 3  
 108 RK 6400 .0453 .045 TRAP 25 3

109 KK CP51  
 110 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS SUB48, SUB49, & SUB50  
 111 HC 3

112 KK 2004 DIV  
 113 KM DIVERT FLOW TO SUB 2005  
 114 KM THIS DIVERT OCCURS AT A BRAIDED CHANNEL BIFURCATION LOCATED 1000 FEET  
 115 KM SOUTH OF THE EAST END OF PINNACLE PEAK ROAD.  
 116 KM THIS IS AN ACTIVE ALLUVIAL FAN APEX.  
 117 DT 2003  
 118 DI 0 15000  
 119 DQ 0 7500

120 KK SUB51  
 121 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 51 & ROUTE NON-DIVERTED FLOW FROM DIV 2004  
 122 BA 1.0675  
 123 LS 72 4.06  
 124 UK 94 .0213 .10 100  
 125 RK 6400 .0329 .045 TRAP 1500 2 YES

126 KK SUB52  
 127 KM RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 52 & ROUTE SUB 51  
 128 BA 1.3557  
 129 LS 71 1.15  
 130 UK 76 .0213 .10 100  
 131 RK 6633 .0300 .045 TRAP 2500 2 YES

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

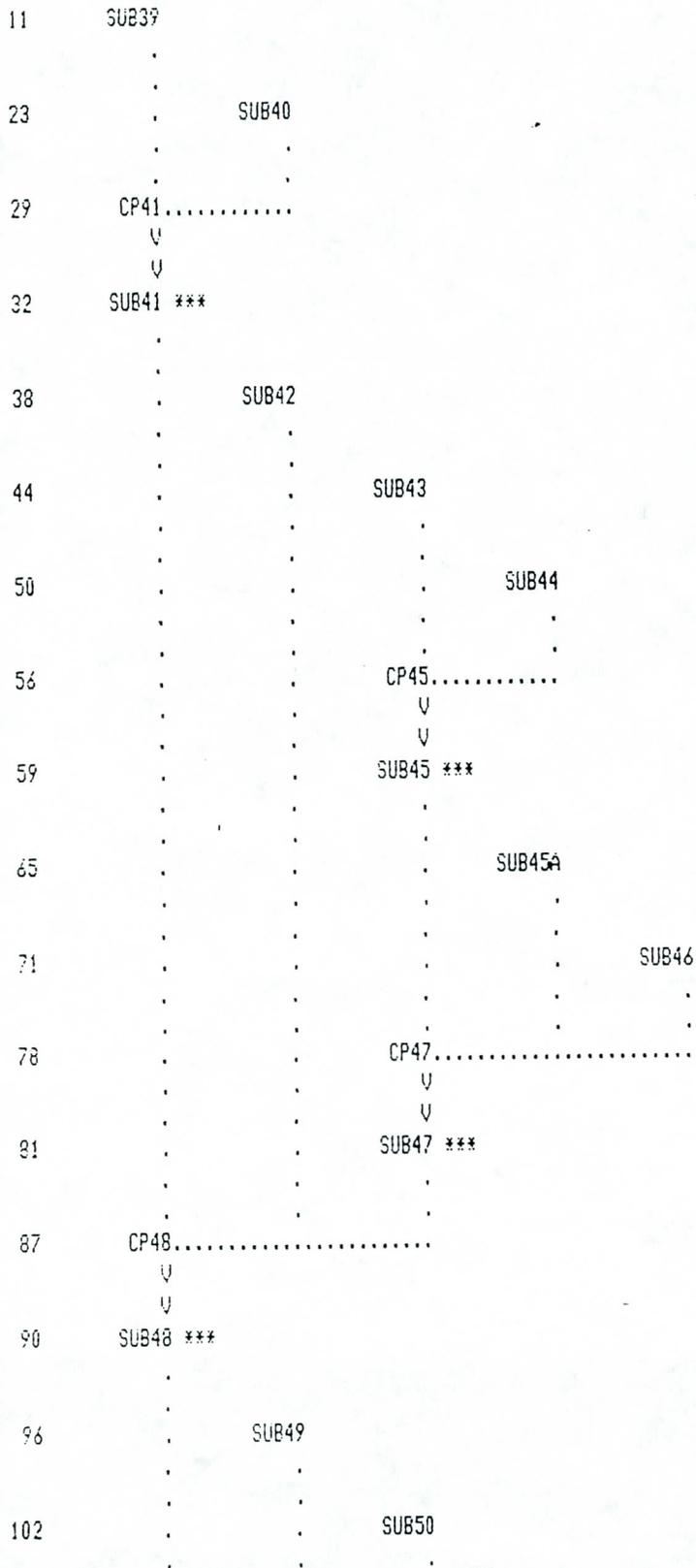
132	KK	SUB53							
133	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 53 & ROUTE SUB 52							
134	BA	1.2634							
135	LS		74	1.5					
136	UK	67	.0213	.10	100				
137	RK	7000	.0196	.045		TRAP	3500	2	YES
138	ZZ								

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT  
LINE

(V) ROUTING (---) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW

NO. (.) CONNECTOR (<--->) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW



117 ----- 2003  
112 2004  
    V  
    V  
120 SUB51 \*\*\*  
    V  
    V  
126 SUB52 \*\*\*  
    V  
    V  
132 SUB53 \*\*\*

\*\*\*) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

\*\*\*\*  
FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE HEC-1 (IBM XT 512K VERSION) -FEB 1,1985  
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER, 609 SECOND STREET, DAVIS, CA. 95616  
\*\*\*\*

SEPT. 12,1989  
TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES  
FLOW TO SOUTH AND EAST PROPERTY LINES EXISTING CONDITIONS  
MODEL TRSP.D99, --- SUB-BASIN SERIES 39 TO 53--OUTER LOOP WATERSHED  
GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS  
100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION  
RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR

9 10

OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT 5 PRINT CONTROL  
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL  
OSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

IT

HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA

NMIN 5 MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL  
IDATE 24JUL89 STARTING DATE  
ITIME 0000 STARTING TIME  
NQ 289 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES  
NDATE 25JUL89 ENDING DATE  
NDTIME 0000 ENDING TIME

COMPUTATION INTERVAL .08 HOURS  
TOTAL TIME BASE 24.00 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS

RUNOFF SUMMARY  
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND  
 TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
				6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB39	3801.	6.17	441.	134.	134.	1.94		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB40	1330.	6.08	127.	39.	39.	.58		
2 COMBINED AT	CP41	5128.	6.08	568.	173.	173.	2.53		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB41	5556.	6.17	701.	214.	214.	3.32		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB42	1121.	6.08	104.	32.	32.	.58		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB43	2493.	6.08	248.	75.	75.	1.07		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB44	1973.	6.08	196.	59.	59.	.85		
2 COMBINED AT	CP45	4466.	6.08	444.	134.	134.	1.92		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB45	4518.	6.08	486.	147.	147.	2.13		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB45A	426.	6.08	42.	13.	13.	.17		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB46	2299.	6.08	231.	68.	68.	.93		
3 COMBINED AT	CP47	7243.	6.08	758.	228.	228.	3.23		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB47	6981.	6.17	850.	256.	256.	3.60		
3 COMBINED AT	CP48	13502.	6.17	1654.	503.	503.	7.50		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB48	13137.	6.17	1659.	504.	504.	7.55		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB49	711.	6.08	66.	20.	20.	.35		

COMBINED AT	CP51	14380.	6.17	1304.	550.	550.	8.26
DIVERSION TO	2003	7190.	6.17	902.	275.	275.	8.26
HYDROGRAPH AT	2004	7190.	6.17	902.	275.	275.	8.26
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB51	6941.	6.33	1028.	320.	320.	9.33
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB52	5496.	6.58	1155.	370.	370.	10.68
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB53	3869.	7.00	1255.	419.	419.	11.95

\*\* NORMAL END OF HEC-1 \*\*\*

# FLOW TO SOUTH CENTRAL AND WEST PROPERTY LINES

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 1

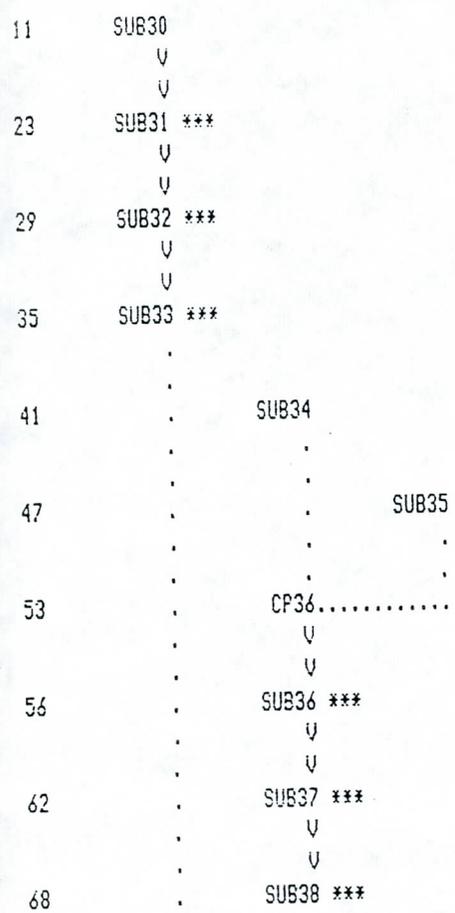
LINE      ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1	ID	SEPT. 12, 1989									
2	ID	TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES      EXISTING CONDITIONS									
3	ID	FLOW TO SOUTH CENTRAL AND WEST PROPERTY LINE									
4	ID	MODEL TRAP.D99.--- SUB-BASIN SERIES 30 TO 32 AND 34 TO 37									
5	ID	GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS									
6	ID	100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION									
7	ID	RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR									
		*DIAGRAM									
8	IT	5	24JUL89	0	289						
9	ID	5	0								
10	IN	30	24JUL89	0							
11	KK	SUB30									
12	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 30									
13	BA	1.3296									
14	PB	4.32									
15	PC	0	.005	.009	.010	.013	.019	.021	.028	.032	.044
16	PC	.057	.100	.660	.745	.776	.800	.816	.830	.840	.850
17	PC	.861	.868	.878	.884	.891	.900	.905	.912	.919	.923
18	PC	.930	.934	.939	.944	.950	.958	.961	.963	.969	.971
19	PC	.974	.979	.981	.985	.989	.991	.993	.996	1.000	
20	LS		82	1.52							
21	UK	110	.0408	.20	100						
22	RK	10640	.0371	.045		TRAP	50	100			
23	KK	SUB31									
24	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 31 & ROUTE SUB 30									
25	BA	1.2325									
26	LS		74	3.20							
27	UK	102	.0213	.10	100						
28	RK	9450	.0228	.045		TRAP	50	130	YES		
29	KK	SUB32									
30	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 32 & ROUTE SUB 31									
31	BA	1.3985									
32	LS		74	2.99							
33	UK	67	.0213	.10	100						
34	RK	9300	.0214	.045		TRAP	50	130	YES		
35	KK	SUB33									
36	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 33 & ROUTE SUB 32									
37	BA	0.6026									
38	LS		74								
39	UK	89	.0213	.10	100						
40	RK	4500	.0161	.045		TRAP	50	175	YES		
41	KK	SUB34									
42	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUB-BASIN 34									
43	BA	.8433									
44	LS		77	2.43							
45	UK	110	.0408	.20	100						
46	RK	6800	.0644	.045		TRAP	50	100			



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

PUT  
LINE (V) ROUTING (---) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW  
NO. (.) CONNECTOR (<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW



\*\*\*) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

\*\*\*\*  
FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE HEC-1 (IBM XT 512K VERSION) -FEB 1,1985  
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER, 609 SECOND STREET, DAVIS, CA. 95616  
\*\*\*\*

SEPT. 12,1989  
TRYHUS STATE LANDS - 2356 ACRES            EXISTING CONDITIONS  
FLOW TO SOUTH CENTRAL AND WEST PROPERTY LINE  
MODEL TRWP.D99.--- SUB-BASIN SERIES 30 TO 32 AND 34 TO 37  
GENERAL DRAINAGE PLAN FOR NORTH SCOTTSDALE, EXISTING CONDITIONS  
100-YR, 24-HR STORM, USING SCS TYPE IIA RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION  
RAINFALL FROM NOAA ATLAS, USING 10 SQ MI AREAL REDUCTION FACTOR

9 10    OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT        5    PRINT CONTROL  
IPLOT        0    PLOT CONTROL  
QSCAL        0.    HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

IT        HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA

NMIN        5    MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL  
IDATE       24JUL89    STARTING DATE  
ITIME       0000    STARTING TIME  
NQ          289    NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES  
NDATE       25JUL89    ENDING DATE  
NOTIME      0000    ENDING TIME

COMPUTATION INTERVAL    .08 HOURS  
TOTAL TIME BASE        24.00 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS

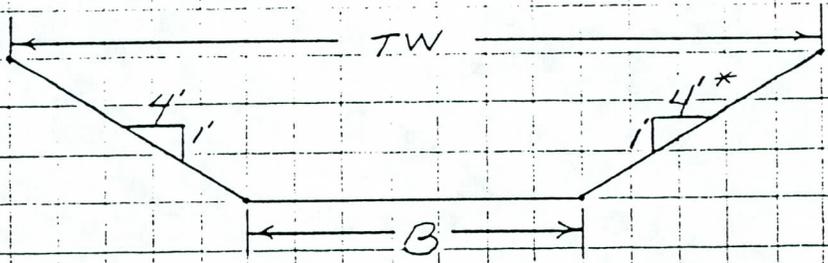
RUNOFF SUMMARY  
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND  
 TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
				6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB30	1903.	6.17	275.	84.	84.	1.33		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB31	1876.	6.42	459.	144.	144.	2.56		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB32	2055.	6.67	664.	212.	212.	3.96		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB33	2110.	6.83	744.	240.	240.	4.56		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB34	1262.	6.08	145.	45.	45.	.84		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB35	995.	6.42	231.	73.	73.	1.29		
2 COMBINED AT	CP36	2025.	6.17	375.	118.	118.	2.13		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB36	2414.	6.25	574.	183.	183.	3.58		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB37	2533.	6.58	762.	245.	245.	4.77		
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUB38	2556.	6.83	928.	302.	302.	6.03		

\*\*\* NORMAL END OF HEC-1 \*\*\*

APPENDIX II

TYPICAL CHANNEL



TW = TOP WIDTH  
 B = BOTTOM WIDTH  
 H = DEPTH OF FLOW PLUS 1' FREEBOARD

\* ALL SIDE SLOPE EQUAL TO 4:1; SIDE SLOPE PROTECTION SHALL BE RIPRAP PLUS FILTER FABRIC, GROUTED RIPRAP AND/OR EQUIVALENT OR BETTER

SECTION	TYPICAL SLOPE %	TW (FT)	B (FT)	H (FT)	Q (CFS)
A-A	2	66	25	5.13	2100
B-B	1	87		5.60	2600
C-C	2	69		5.52	2500
D-D*	2	99		5.13	5400

**SECTION A-A  
FLOW ALONG WEST  
PROPERTY LINE  
Q100 2110cfs**

TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL ANALYSIS  
NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION

Flow Rate (cubic feet per second)	2100
Channel Bottom Slope (feet per foot)	.02
Manning's Roughness Coefficient (n-value)	.035
Channel Side Slope - Left Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Side Slope - Right Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Bottom Width (feet)	25
*** RESULTS ***	
NORMAL DEPTH (FEET)	4.13
Flow Velocity (feet per second)	12.23
Froude Number	1.253
Velocity Head (feet)	2.32
Energy Head (feet)	6.46
Cross-Sectional Area of Flow (square feet)	171.77
Top Width of Flow (feet)	58.08

<Enter>: Repeat, <R>eport, or <Esc>: End

SECTION B-B  
FLOW IN CENTRAL  
WATERSHED  
Q100 2556 to 2610cfs

TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL ANALYSIS  
NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION

Flow Rate (cubic feet per second)	2600
Channel Bottom Slope (feet per foot)	.01
Manning's Roughness Coefficient (n-value)	.035
Channel Side Slope - Left Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Side Slope - Right Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Bottom Width (feet)	40
*** RESULTS ***	
NORMAL DEPTH (FEET)	4.60
Flow Velocity (feet per second)	9.68
Froude Number	0.913
Velocity Head (feet)	1.46
Energy Head (feet)	6.05
Cross-Sectional Area of Flow (square feet)	268.46
Top Width of Flow (feet)	76.78

<Enter>: Repeat, <R>eport, or <Esc>: End

SECTION C-C  
FLOW ALONG EAST  
PROPERTY LINE  
Q100 2491cfs

TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL ANALYSIS  
NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION

Flow Rate (cubic feet per second)	2500
Channel Bottom Slope (feet per foot)	.02
Manning's Roughness Coefficient (n-value)	.035
Channel Side Slope - Left Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Side Slope - Right Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Bottom Width (feet)	25

\*\*\* RESULTS \*\*\*

NORMAL DEPTH (FEET)	4.52
Flow Velocity (feet per second)	12.84
Froude Number	1.268
Velocity Head (feet)	2.56
Energy Head (feet)	7.08
Cross-Sectional Area of Flow (square feet)	194.73
Top Width of Flow (feet)	61.16

<Enter>: Repeat, <R>eport, or <Esc>: End

**SECTION D-D  
COMBINED FLOWS ALONG  
THE EAST PROPERTY LINE  
Q100 5473cfs**

TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL ANALYSIS  
NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION

Flow Rate (cubic feet per second)	5400
Channel Bottom Slope (feet per foot)	.02
Manning's Roughness Coefficient (n-value)	.035
Channel Side Slope - Left Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Side Slope - Right Side (horizontal/vertical)	4
Channel Bottom Width (feet)	50
*** RESULTS ***	
NORMAL DEPTH (FEET)	5.13
Flow Velocity (feet per second)	14.927
Froude Number	1.319
Velocity Head (feet)	3.46
Energy Head (feet)	8.59
Cross-Sectional Area of Flow (square feet)	361.82
Top Width of Flow (feet)	91.04

<Enter>: Repeat, <R>eport, or <Esc>: End