

16 LITCVL 0389

**DRAINAGE REPORT
FOR
LITCHFIELD PARK DETENTION FACILITY**

June, 1989

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COE & VAN LOO
PLANNING • ENGINEERING
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE
4550 NORTH 12TH STREET
PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85014
TELEPHONE (602) 284-6831

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General Background

Litchfield Park Dam (also known as Murphy's Dam) was built by the Litchfield Park Properties and completed in October, 1969. The dam is located 3/4 of a mile north of Camelback Road, between Litchfield Road and Dysart Road. The dam is within an unincorporated area of Maricopa County.

Litchfield Park Dam is a flood control facility that provides stormwater detention for protection to downstream area. Two 30-inch diameter reinforced concrete pipes provide an uncontrolled outlet through the dam. In addition, two reinforced concrete spillways provide emergency relief for large storms. The reservoir is dry except during periods of stormwater runoff.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this Drainage Report (DR) is to analyze the flood control protection offered by the existing dam. In addition, this report will study and set parameters for the removal of this dam, and its replacement with a detention facility. Presented in this report is a hydrologic and hydraulic analysis of the drainage system. This includes the existing as well as the proposed condition. This report is intended to provide drainage information to satisfy the needs of all of the governmental agencies. This report has been updated to incorporate comments by the Flood Control District of Maricopa County (FCDMC).

1.3 Existing Reports

Numerous reports have been produced that are relevant to the study area. These reports include:

1. Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Safety Program, Litchfield Park Detention Dam, Maricopa County, Arizona, Inventory Number 00110. (Ref. 12) Prepared by: Arizona Water Commission, Supervision of Dam Safety, February, 1980. The report concluded that with the exception of erosion gullies, small surface erosion holes, and minor brush growth, the embankment appears to be in a satisfactory condition.
2. Hydrological Evaluation, Litchfield Park Dam, Maricopa County, Arizona (Ref.

- 13), For Litchfield Park Properties, prepared by Dames & Moore (D&M), January 1986. The reports evaluates the impact of a 100-year storm on the Litchfield Park Dam. The tributary area assumed in the D&M Reports differs from that area used in this DR. The new detailed topographic mapping used by this DR indicates a smaller tributary, and thus a smaller flow.
3. Flow Estimation to Camelback and Dysart Roads (Ref. 14) for SunCor Development Company, prepared by Boyle Engineering Corporation April 7, 1988, revised May 17, 1988. The report evaluates Litchfield Park Dam and the flow from this dam that impacts Camelback Road. This DR generally agrees with the conclusions drawn by the Boyle report.
 4. Master Drainage Report for Litchfield Ridge (Ref. 15), prepared by Wood & Associates, November 1988. The report was developed for the Litchfield Ridge Development and evaluates the flows downstream of the existing Dam.
 5. Hydrology for Special Study of Luke Air Force Base, Arizona (Ref. 16), prepared by PRC Toups Corporation, January 1979. The report evaluates the effect of the 100-year storm on the two major channels that protect Luke Air Force Base. Even though the tributary area boundaries differ slightly from the PRC report to this DR, the 100-year flows are reasonably close.
 6. Draft Memo Regarding the Dysart Drain (Luke Air Force Base Channel) (Ref. 17), prepared by the Corps of Engineers - Undated. The memo evaluates other reports on the Dysart Drain. The memo reports that even though many reports show the Dysart Drain to be substantially undersized, flow across the base has only occurred once since the drain was complete, and that was because construction of a bridge temporarily blocked the drain.

All of these reports provided valuable information. The results, however, vary from one report to another, due to the mapping that was available for each, the changing field conditions, and the methodology used. This DR considered all of the information available, along with detailed topographic mapping and field visits, to evaluate the hydrologic impact on this site. The topographic mapping used for this evaluation differs somewhat from the mapping used in other reports, due to datum

difference (of about one foot). The spillway elevation indicated on this mapping is at elevation 1068 which is one foot different from the elevation of 1069 indicated on previous reports. Additionally, the bottom elevation of the reservoir is indicated at 1062 in the current topo, as opposed to an elevation of 1063 indicated in previous reports.

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF WATERSHED

2.1 General

The terrain throughout the watershed consists mostly of natural desert with some urbanized single family housing areas. The slopes within the watershed range from 0.2 to an excess of 10 percent. The upper watershed, which consists largely of farmland, is cut off by Luke Air Force Base and its Dysart Diversion Channel. This channel has limited capacity and some of the flow that overtops the channel will impact the site.

2.2 Rainfall Seasons

There are two separate rainfall seasons. The first occurs during the winter months from November to March when the area is subjected to occasional storms from the Pacific Ocean. While this is classified as a rainfall season, there can be periods of a month or more in this or any other season when practically no precipitation occurs. The second rainfall period occurs during July and August, when Arizona is subjected to widespread thunderstorm activity whose moisture supply originates both in the Gulf of Mexico and along Mexico's west coast. These thunderstorms are extremely variable intensity and location.

2.3 Runoff Characteristics

Generally, runoff occurs only during and immediately following heavy precipitation because arid climate and drainage characteristics are not conducive to continuous flow. The majority of the watershed consists of hydrologic Group B soils, although Group C and D soils occur within the watershed in minor proportions (Ref. 9). Generally, infiltration and transmission losses are expected to be high.

2.4 Upstream Modifications

The natural drainage basin affecting the study area extends to the white tank mountains. There have been however, a number of man-made improvements that

affect runoff to the project site. These improvements include:

1. McMicken Dam and Beardsley Canal - These structures effectively eliminate runoff from the west of the Beardsley Canal.
2. Agricultural Reservoirs and Drains - A number of agricultural reservoirs are located on private property in the drainage basin upstream of the study area. These reservoirs and their collecting drains effectively reduce the volume of runoff to the project site. However, to be conservative, the HEC-1 model within this DR does not account for the impact of these agricultural features.
3. Cotton Lane and AT&SF Railroad - Runoff from the west of Cotton Lane and north of Camelback Road is conveyed south by Cotton Lane and adjacent railroad. In some locations, the dike formed by the railroad is breached, or designed channels allow flow to cross.
4. Paved and Unpaved Roads - Many roads throughout the watershed create channels that effectively convey flow throughout the watershed. These "channels" may not have the capacity to carry all of the flow that gets to them, thus creating a flow split. Many of these roads carry flow out of the watershed.
5. Dysart Diversion Channel - Starting at Reems Road on Northern Avenue, this drain diverts about 1,000 cfs of upstream runoff to the Agua Fria River. Boyle Engineering (Ref. 14) performed a field survey and established the capacity of this drain to be about 1,000 cfs.

3.0 HYDROLOGY

3.1 Methodology

The hydrologic methods to be used on this project were selected based on many discussions and input from the FCDMC. The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) method within the HEC-1 computer program was used to estimate the peak flows for the 10-, 50-, and 100-year frequency storms. The SCS Type II rainfall distribution was used for the 24-hour storm. Refer to Table 1 for precipitation data.

A computerized rainfall/runoff model was developed for the watershed using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Flood Hydrograph package (HEC-1). HEC-1 uses numerical parameters to describe the amount of temporal distribution of rainfall, the runoff characteristics of the watershed, and the hydraulic properties of channels that

collect and convey the direct runoff to concentration points. The computer output provides runoff hydrographs at user selected locations. These hydrographs can be used to design drainage channels, detention/retention basins, or to evaluate the capacity of existing drainage facilities. The kinematic wave option was used to determine the hydrologic response of the sub-basin areas and for routing the resulting hydrographs through the tributary channels of the basin. This option was selected because runoff processes can be simulated using measurable geographic features such as overland flow elements and the shape, boundary roughness, length, and slope of channel elements. Unlike unit hydrograph techniques, the kinematic wave approach also provides for a non-linear response of runoff characteristics, i.e., peak discharge does not necessarily increase linearly with direct runoff when using the kinematic wave methodology.

A network of sub-basins and connecting channels was configured that simulates the natural drainage pattern in the basin. Plate 2 presents an illustration of the drainage patterns, sub-basin boundaries, concentration points used, and a schematic diagram of the model.

3.2 Modeling

The sub-basins were delineated based on USGS 7-1/2 minute quadrangle maps for the upper watershed, detailed topo in the vicinity of the site, and extensive field visits. Curve numbers were based on the SCS TR-55 for the appropriate land use. Refer to Table 2 for a list of the curve numbers used for this DR. At the request of the FCDMC, it is assumed that 40% of the farmland was no longer in production and reverted back to natural desert. Therefore, the curve number used for farmland was weighted 60% farmland and 40% desert. We feel this is a very conservative assumption. Lag times were based on 60% the time of concentration ($Lag = 0.6 T_c$). Time of concentration was calculated based on the upland method. Flow velocities used in the upland method were based on estimated flows and field estimated cross sections. Similarly, the data for the kinematic wave routing method was based on field investigation.

There are many flow splits that occur in the upper watershed. The split flow were calculated based on channel or street flow capacity calculations. The capacities

were estimated from topographic mapping, aerial photographs, filed visits, and photographs. When the street or channel capacity was exceeded, weir flow calculations were used to produce the rating curve for the split. The rating curve was input into the HEC-1 computer model for the routing purpose.

3.3 Existing Condition

The watershed upstream of the Dysart Diversion Channel consists largely of farm fields. Stormwater runoff from these fields is collected in the Dysart Diversion Channel and routed east to the Agua Fria river. However, due to ground subsidence in the area, the slope on the channel has been lessened, thus reducing the capacity of the channel to about 1000 cfs. When the flow exceeds the 1000 cfs capacity of the Dysart Diversion Channel, it overtops the south bank and flows westerly. A portion of this flow (about 60 cfs) is collected in a small storm drain and diverted into the Litchfield Park Dam watershed. The 100-year storm produces a high water elevation in the existing Dam of 1067.3 with a peak flow out of the two 30" pipes of 92 cfs.

Boyle Engineering, in a report dated April 7, 1988 (Ref. 14), has done a significant amount of work addressing the flow conditions at Camelback and Dysart Roads. Boyle updated the report on May 17, 1988, subsequent to the FCDMC's technical comments. Results of this DR are in general agreement with the Boyle analysis. Minor variations in the flow volumes are resulted from the difference in curve numbers used by Boyle and CVL.

Runoff at Camelback and Dysart Roads

	<u>100-Year</u>	
	<u>Boyle</u>	<u>CVL</u>
Without Dam	1003 cfs	*
With Dam	717 cfs	961 cfs

*not analyzed

3.4 Proposed Condition

It is proposed to remove the existing dam due to its structural deterioration over time. The dam is to be replaced with a detention facility that can provide similar 100-year protection to the downstream property. The proposed detention facility will

be designed such that the 100-year outflow does not exceed the existing 92 cfs. Additionally, the detention volume provided by the existing dam in the 100-year event is 77.3 Acre feet, and the volume provided by the designed detention facility in the 100-year event is 88.7 Acre feet.

The HEC-1 modeling for the proposed condition reflects a developed land use within the property. It was assumed that the future onsite land use is to consist of Housing, Commercial, and park space. The curve number for this area was weighted to reflect this. The HEC-1 Models show that flow releases from the proposed basin with future condition land use, do not exceed the existing flow releases from the Dam. Refer to table 3 for a summary of the flows. Therefore, it can be concluded that the detention facility will create no adverse condition on the downstream side of the project, while providing the necessary detention for the future land use.

The detention facility is designed as a dual purpose future park facility, with a sloped or terraced bottom to concentrate the low flow. Final design of the channel into the detention facility, including hydraulics, cross-section, alignment, and configuration are beyond the scope of these improvements, and should be addressed with any future improvements. This is done to allow greater flexibility for future improvements.

The outlet from the detention basin is through a 42" pipe. The pipe allows the detention basin to drain through a drainage corridor, while limiting the outflow. The detention basin is designed for the 100-year storm event per the FCDMC standards and regulations. In an event in excess of the 100 storm, the pipe will continue to outlet flow as the freeboard on the detention basin is used. As the freeboard is exceeded, the flow will sheetflow out of the basin to the South. Since the area of overflow ranges from 80 feet to 300 feet wide, and the detention basin is designed for the 100-year storm, an emergency overflow spillway is not required.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the analysis of this report, the following conclusions are drawn:

- A. Based on discussions and input from FCDMC, the flood peaks were calculated by the use of SCS Method within the HEC-1 computer program.
- B. The 100-year flood peak leaving the proposed detention facility will not exceed that of the existing condition.
- C. The off-site flow entering the project combined with the local on-site flow can safely be conveyed through the project. Although, the final design of the channel into the detention facility is beyond the scope of the improvements. To allow for greater flexibility, hydrology, hydraulics, cross section, alignment and configuration should be addressed with any future improvements.
- D. The detailed design of the proposed detention facility is shown in the Mass Grading Plans. The design is based on generally accepted engineering practices and in accordance with local requirements.
- E. Due to the fact that the proposed facility is a detention basin with capacity for the 100-year storm, there is no requirement for an emergency spillway.
- F. The Flood Control District of Maricopa County and the Dam Safety Division have approved the Conceptual Drainage Report for the removal of the Litchfield Park Dam and its replacement with a detention facility. Additionally, it is recommended that the Mass Grading construction plans be approved.

5.0 REFERENCES

1. Flood Control District of Maricopa County, "Uniform Drainage Policies and Standards for Maricopa County, Arizona", February 25, 1987.
2. Flood Control District of Maricopa County, "Drainage Regulation for the Unincorporated Area of Maricopa County, Arizona", September 16, 1988.
3. City of Goodyear, "Storm Drainage Collection and Retention Requirements for Subdivisions and Site Plans", July 1984.
4. Maricopa County Department of Planning and Development, "White Tanks Agua Fria Technical Guide", January 1982.
5. Maricopa County Department of Planning and Development, "White Tanks - Agua Fria Policy & Development Guide", November 8, 1982.
6. U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, The Hydrologic Engineering Center, "HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package", September 1981.
7. Arizona Department of Transportation, "Hydrologic Design for Highway Drainage in Arizona", Phoenix, Arizona. December 1968.
8. U. S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, Technical Release 55, "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds", Washington, D.C., January 1975.
9. U. S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, in cooperation with University of Arizona Agricultural Experiment Station, "Soil Survey of Maricopa County, Arizona, Central Part", September 1977.
10. Chow Ven Te, "Handbook of Applied Hydrology", McGraw Hill, 1964.
11. Chow Ven Te, "Open Channel Hydraulics", McGraw Hill, 1959.
12. Arizona Water Commission, Supervision of Dam Safety, "Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Safety Program, Litchfield Park Detention Dam, Maricopa County Arizona, Inventory Number 00110", February 1980.
13. Dames & Moore, "Hydrologic Evaluation, Litchfield Park Dam, Maricopa County, Arizona", January 1986.
14. Boyle Engineering Corporation, "Flow Estimation to Camelback and Dysart Roads", April 7, 1988, revised May 17, 1988.
15. Wood & Associates, Inc. "Master Drainage Report for Litchfield Ridge", November 1988.

16. PRC Toups Corporation, "Hydrology for Special Study of Luke Air Force Base, Arizona", January 1979.
17. U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, "Draft Memo Regarding Dysart Drain", undated.
18. City of Phoenix, "Storm Drain Design Manual, Subdivision on Drainage Design". September 1985.
19. U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, "Hydraulic Design of Highway Culverts, Hydraulic Design Series No. 5", September, 1985.

APPENDIX

TABLES

1. PRECIPITATION DATA
2. CURVE NUMBERS
3. SUMMARY OF FLOWS
4. CULVERT CALCULATIONS

TABLE 1

PRECIPITATION DATA *

<u>10-YEAR 24-HOUR</u>	<u>50-YEAR 24-HOUR</u>	<u>100-YEAR 24-HOUR</u>
2.40"	3.32"	3.75"

* From Reference 7.

TABLE 2
CURVE NUMBERS

LAND USE	SOIL TYPE				
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	
Farm Land	61	70	77	80	*
Desert	63	77	85	88	*
Single-Family Residential	--	82	87	90	+
Multi-Family Residential	--	86	89	91	+
Commercial	89	92	94	95	*
Industrial	81	88	91	93	*
Rural Farm Housing	54	70	80	85	*
Luke AFB (runway w/much graded area)	77	86	91	94	*
Golf Course & Park	49	69	79	84	*
Prison	--	87	92	94	
School	--	82	87	90	

* from TR-55 (Ref. 8)

+ from City of Phoenix Storm Drain Design Manual (Ref. 18)

TABLE 3

SUMMARY OF FLOWS

	<u>10-YEAR 24-HOUR</u>	<u>50-YEAR 24-HOUR</u>	<u>100-YEAR 24-HOUR</u>
Existing Condition (with Dam)	60 cfs	84 cfs	92 cfs
Proposed Condition (with Detention Facility)	43 cfs	78 cfs	88 cfs

TABLE 4

CULVERT CALCULATIONS *

<u>ELEVATION</u>	<u>HEADWATER (feet)</u>	<u>Q* (cfs)</u>
1059	0	0
1060	1.0'	7
1060.5	1.5'	14
1061	2.0'	20
1061.5	2.5'	30
1062	3.0'	41
1064	5.0'	77
1066	7.0'	102

* 42" RGRCP outlet pipe with headwalls.

Flows are based on inlet control square edge with headwall (Ref. 19)

HEC-1 ANALYSIS

- 1. EXISTING CONDITION (WITH DAM)**
- 2. PROPOSED CONDITION (WITH DETENTION FACILITY)**

HEC-1 ANALYSIS 1

EXISTING CONDITION (WITH DAM)

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
FEBRUARY 1981
REVISED 24 NOV 81

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER
609 SECOND STREET
DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616
(916) 440-3295 OR (FTS) 448-3295

TUE, JUN 13 1989 TIME 16:42:08

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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1G5, HEC1D3, AND HEC1K4.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE.
THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. SEE SEPTEMBER 1981 INPUT
DESCRIPTION FOR NEW DEFINITIONS.

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1	ID	LITCHFIELD PARK DAM (MURPHY'S DAM)									
2	ID	EXISTING HYDROLOGY									
3	ID	10-YEAR, 50-YEAR, 100-YEAR 24-HOUR STORMS									
4	ID	COE & VAN LOD CONSULTING ENGINEERS INC.		MAY 1989		JK4					
	DIAGRAM										
5	IT	10				300					
5	IO	4	0								
7	JR	PREC	0.64	0.89	1.00						
8	KK	SUBA									
9	KM	RUNOFF FOR SUB BASIN A									
10	IN	30									
11	PB	3.75									
12	PC	0.00	0.020	0.041	0.062	0.084	0.107	0.130	0.155	0.181	0.208
13	PC	0.237	0.267	0.299	0.333	0.369	0.408	0.451	0.498	0.550	0.609
14	PC	0.678	0.766	0.882	1.062	2.487	2.757	2.897	2.996	3.074	3.143
15	PC	3.202	3.254	3.330	3.343	3.382	3.418	3.452	3.484	3.514	3.542
16	PC	3.570	3.596	3.620	3.644	3.666	3.689	3.710	3.730	3.750	3.750
17	BA	6.43									
18	LS	74									
19	UD	2.3									
20	KK	DIV1									
21	KM	DIVERSION AT WADELL RD. & REEMS RD.									
22	DT	D1									
23	DI	0	100	300	500	1000	2000	3000	4000		
24	DQ	0	100	200	300	320	350	375	400		
25	KK	R01									
26	KM	ROUTE DIV1 TO STATION1									
27	RK	17000	0.004	0.035	TRAP			50	20		
28	KK	SUBB									
29	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUBBASIN B									
30	BA	11.33									
31	LS	74									
32	UD	3.5									
33	KK	C01									
34	KM	COMBINE R01 & SUBB									
35	HC	2									
36	KK	DIV2									
37	KM	DIVERSION AT OLIVE & REEMS									
38	DT	D2									
39	DI	0	100	300	500	1000	2000	4000	8000		
40	DQ	0	100	200	300	500	1000	2000	4000		
41	KK	R02									
42	KM	ROUTE DIV2 TO STATION 2									
43	RK	5000	0.004	0.035	TRAP			50	20		

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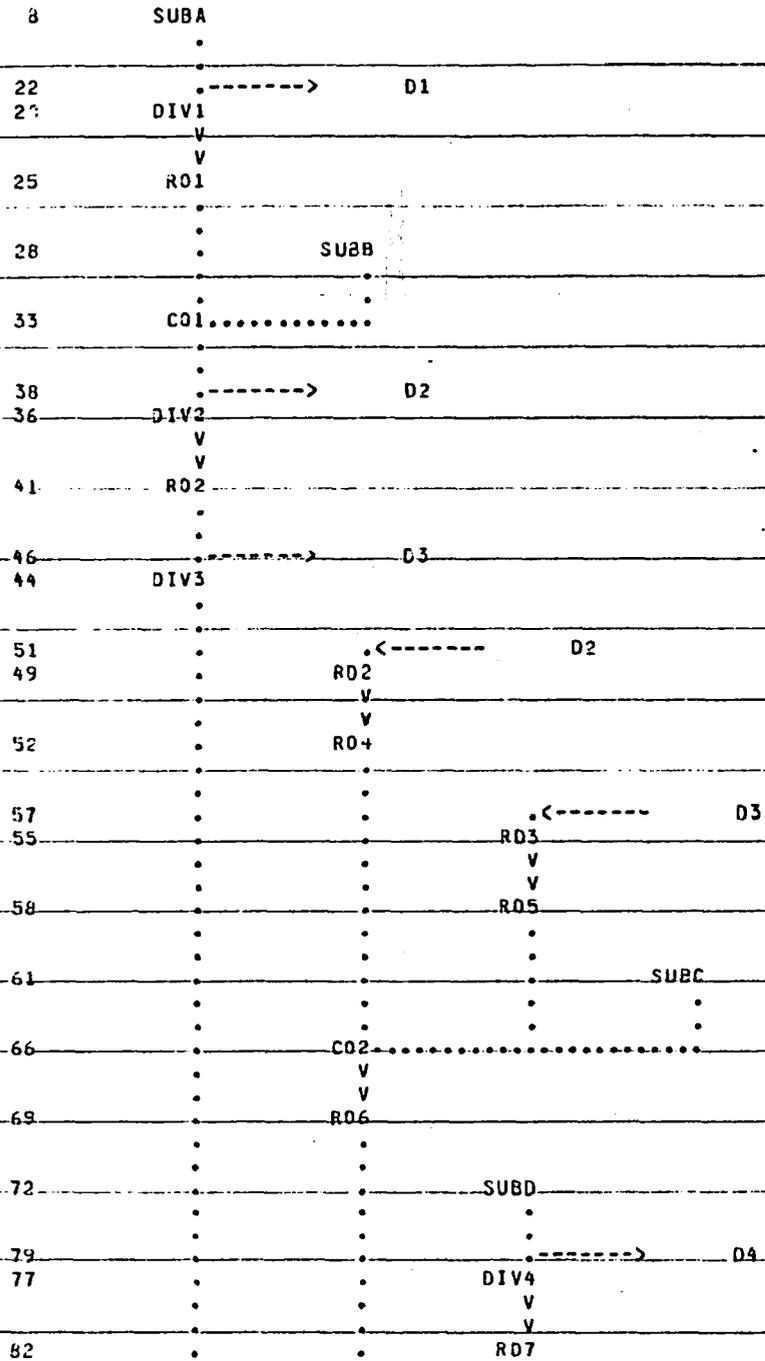
126	KK	R017							
127	KM	ROUTE RET1 TO STATION 17							
129	RK	45.10	0.004	0.035	TRAP	20	4		
129	KK	SUBN							
130	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUBBASIN N							
131	BA	1.20							
132	LS			79					
133	UD	0.3							
134	KK	C012							
135	KM	COMBINE R017 & SUBN							
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137	ZZ								

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SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT LINE NO. (V) ROUTING (.) CONNECTOR (--->) DIVERSION (---<) RETURN OF DIVERTED FLOW



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DIV5

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106

RD6

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109

R016

112

SUBM

117

C011.....

V

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120

RET1

V

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R017

129

SUBN

134

C012.....

(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

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PEAK FLOW AND STAGE (END-OF-PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, AREA IN SQUARE MILES
 TIME TO PEAK IN HOURS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN		RATIOS APPLIED TO PRECIPITATION		
					RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3
					0.64	0.89	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBA	6.43	1	FLOW	384.	859.	1160.
				TIME	14.67	14.50	14.50
DIVERSION TO	D1	6.43	1	FLOW	242.	314.	323.
				TIME	14.67	14.50	14.50
HYDROGRAPH AT	DIV1	6.43	1	FLOW	142.	545.	777.
				TIME	14.67	14.50	14.50
ROUTED TO	RD1	6.43	1	FLOW	121.	490.	724.
				TIME	16.33	15.50	15.33
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBB	11.33	1	FLOW	507.	1111.	1419.
				TIME	16.17	15.83	15.83
2 COMBINED AT	CD1	17.76	1	FLOW	626.	1595.	2123.
				TIME	16.33	15.67	15.67
DIVERSION TO	D2	17.76	1	FLOW	350.	798.	1061.
				TIME	16.33	15.67	15.67
HYDROGRAPH AT	DIV2	17.76	1	FLOW	275.	798.	1061.
				TIME	16.33	15.67	15.67
ROUTED TO	RD2	17.76	1	FLOW	275.	793.	1058.
				TIME	16.50	16.00	15.93
DIVERSION TO	D3	17.76	1	FLOW	231.	288.	300.
				TIME	16.50	16.00	15.33
HYDROGRAPH AT	DIV3	17.76	1	FLOW	44.	506.	758.
				TIME	16.50	16.00	15.83
HYDROGRAPH AT	RD2	0.00	1	FLOW	350.	798.	1061.
				TIME	16.50	16.00	15.83
ROUTED TO	RD4	0.00	1	FLOW	348.	780.	1045.
				TIME	17.00	16.17	16.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	RD3	0.00	1	FLOW	231.	288.	300.
				TIME	17.00	16.17	16.00
ROUTED TO	RD5	0.00	1	FLOW	230.	297.	300.
				TIME	16.83	16.17	16.50
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBC	3.29	1	FLOW	185.	426.	551.
				TIME	14.50	14.33	14.33
3 COMBINED AT	CD2	3.29	1	FLOW	684.	1336.	1705.
				TIME	16.67	16.00	15.67
ROUTED TO	RD6	3.29	1	FLOW	681.	1334.	1703.
				TIME	17.00	16.17	15.83
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBD	1.00	1	FLOW	70.	163.	211.

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DIVERSION TO D4 1.00 1 FLOW 35. 91. 103.
TIME 13.83 13.67 13.67

HYDROGRAPH AT DIV4 1.00 1 FLOW 35. 81. 108.
TIME 13.83 13.67 13.67

ROUTED TO R07 1.00 1 FLOW 20. 52. 70.
TIME 21.00 18.83 18.33

HYDROGRAPH AT SUBE 2.34 1 FLOW 146. 337. 436.
TIME 14.17 14.00 14.00

3 COMBINED AT C03 6.63 1 FLOW 748. 1508. 1340.
TIME 16.83 16.00 15.67

DIVERSION TO D5 6.63 1 FLOW 748. 1000. 1100.
TIME 16.83 14.33 13.83

HYDROGRAPH AT DIV5 6.63 1 FLOW 0. 508. 940.
TIME 0.17 16.00 15.67

ROUTED TO R08 6.63 1 FLOW 0. 484. 902.
TIME 0.17 17.00 16.50

DIVERSION TO D6 6.63 1 FLOW 0. 50. 60.
TIME 0.17 15.67 15.00

HYDROGRAPH AT DIV6 6.63 1 FLOW 0. 424. 842.
TIME 0.17 17.00 16.50

HYDROGRAPH AT R06 0.00 1 FLOW 0. 60. 60.
TIME 0.17 17.00 16.50

ROUTED TO R016 0.00 1 FLOW 0. 50. 60.
TIME 0.17 17.50 18.17

HYDROGRAPH AT SUBH 1.23 1 FLOW 319. 603. 737.
TIME 12.50 12.50 12.50

2 COMBINED AT C011 1.23 1 FLOW 319. 603. 737.
TIME 12.50 12.50 12.50

ROUTED TO RET1 1.23 1 FLOW 60. 84. 92.
TIME 14.33 20.83 21.33

** PEAK STAGES IN FEET **

1 STAGE 1065.32 1066.72 1067.32
TIME 14.33 20.83 21.17

ROUTED TO R017 1.23 1 FLOW 60. 84. 92.
TIME 14.67 21.00 21.50

HYDROGRAPH AT SUBN 1.20 1 FLOW 388. 754. 942.
TIME 12.17 12.17 12.17

2 COMBINED AT C012 2.43 1 FLOW 390. 779. 965.
TIME 12.17 12.17 12.17

Output of HEC-1
Flow (cfs) vs Time (hr)

HEC-1 ANALYSIS 2

PROPOSED CONDITION (WITH DETENTION FACILITY)

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
FEBRUARY 1981
REVISED 04 NOV 81

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER
639 SECOND STREET
DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616
(916) 440-3285 OR (FTS) 448-3285

TUE, JUN 13 1989 TIME 16:42:55

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X   X   XXXXXXX   XXXXX   X
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X   X   X       X       X
X   X   X       X   X   X
X   X   XXXXXXX   XXXXX   XXX
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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1D3, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE.
THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RH-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. SEE SEPTEMBER 1981 INPUT
DESCRIPTION FOR NEW DEFINITIONS.

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1	ID	LITCHFIELD PARK DETENTION FACILITY									
2	ID	TO REPLACE LITCHFIELD PARK DAM (MURPHY'S DAM)									
3	ID	PROPOSED HYDROLOGY									
4	ID	10-YEAR, 50-YEAR, 100-YEAR 24-HOUR STORMS									
5	ID	COE & VAN LOO CONSULTING ENGINEERS INC. JUNE 1989 JKM									
		*DIAGRAM									
6	IT	10				300					
7	IO	4	0								
8	JR	PREC	0.64	0.89	1.00						
9	KK	SUBA									
10	KM	RUNOFF FOR SUB BASIN A									
11	IN	30									
12	PP	3.75									
13	PC	.000	.020	.041	.062	.084	.107	.130	.155	.191	.208
14	PC	.237	.267	.299	.333	.369	.408	.451	.498	.550	.599
15	PC	.678	.756	.882	1.062	2.487	2.757	2.827	2.996	3.074	3.143
15	PC	3.202	3.254	3.300	3.343	3.392	3.418	3.452	3.484	3.514	3.542
17	PC	3.570	3.596	3.620	3.644	3.666	3.689	3.710	3.730	3.750	3.750
19	BA	6.43									
19	LS		74								
23	UD	2.3									
21	KK	DIV1									
22	KM	DIVERSION AT WADELL RD. & REEMS RD.									
23	DT	D1									
24	DI	0	100	300	500	1000	2000	3000	4000		
25	DQ	0	130	200	300	320	350	375	400		
26	KK	R01									
27	KM	ROUTE DIV1 TO STATION1									
28	RK	17000	0.274	0.035		TRAP	50	20			
29	KK	SUBB									
30	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUBBASIN B									
31	BA	11.33									
32	LS		74								
33	UD	3.5									
34	KK	C01									
35	KM	COMBINE R01 & SUBB									
36	HC	2									
37	KK	DIV2									
39	KM	DIVERSION AT OLIVE & REEMS									
39	DT	D2									
40	DI	0	100	300	500	1000	2000	4000	8000		
41	DQ	0	100	200	300	500	1000	2000	4000		
42	KK	R02									
43	KM	ROUTE DIV2 TO STATION 2									
44	RK	5000	0.404	0.035		TRAP	50	20			

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

45 KK DIV3
 46 KM DIVERSION AT NORTHERN & REEMS
 47 DT D3
 48 DI 0 100 300 500 1000 2000 4000 8000
 49 DQ 0 100 250 270 300 300 300 300

50 KK RD2
 51 KM RETRIEVE D2
 52 DR D2

53 KK R04
 54 KM ROUTE RD2 TO STATION 4
 55 RK 13000 0.0025 0.035 TRAP 5 6

56 KK RD3
 57 KM RETRIEVE D3
 58 DR D3

59 KK R05
 60 KM ROUTE RD3 TO STATION 5
 61 RK 8000 0.002 0.035 TRAP 10 3

62 KK SUBC
 63 KM RUNOFF FROM SUBBASIN C
 64 BA 3.29
 65 LS 73
 66 UD 2.2

67 KK C02
 68 KM COMBINE R04, R05, & SUBC
 69 HC 3

70 KK R06
 71 KM ROUTE C02 TO STATION 6
 72 PK 9000 0.001 0.020 TRAP 20 2

73 KK SUBD
 74 KM RUNOFF FROM SUBBASIN D
 75 BA 1.00
 76 LS 73
 77 UD 1.6

78 KK DIV4
 79 KM DIVERSION AT PEORIA & LITCHFIELD
 80 DT D4
 81 DI 0 100 200 400 1000 2000
 82 DQ 0 50 100 150 200 250

83 KK R07
 84 KM ROUTE DIV4 TO STATION 7
 85 RK 15000 0.004 0.050 TRAP 500 100

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

127	KK	R017							
128	KM	ROUTE RET1 TO STATION 17							
129	RK	45.10 0.004 0.335	TRAP	20	4				

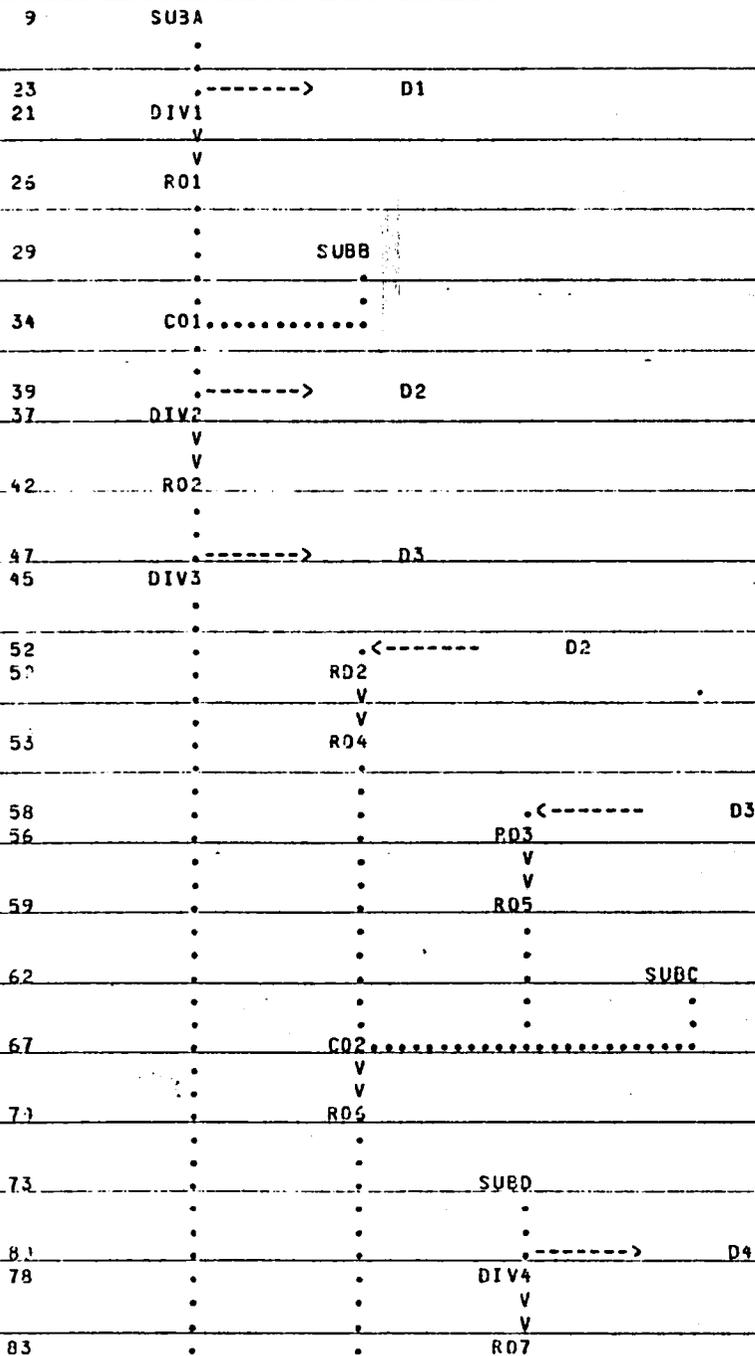
130	KK	SUBN							
131	KM	RUNOFF FROM SUBBASIN N							
132	DA	1.20							
133	LS		79						
134	UD	0.3							

135	KK	C012							
136	KM	COMBINE R017 & SUBN							
137	HC	2							
138	ZZ								

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SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT LINE NO. (V) ROUTING (.) CONNECTOR (--->) DIVERSION (<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED FLOW



Vertical text on the right margin, possibly a page number or reference code, including '1000' and '1001'.

80	.	.	SLU
91	.	C03.....	
96	.	----->	D5
94	.	DIV5	
	.	V	
	.	V	
99	.	R08	
104	.	----->	D6
102	.	DIV6	
109	.	----->	D6
107	.	RD6	
	.	V	
	.	V	
119	.	R016	
113	.		SUBM
118	.	C011.....	
	.	V	
	.	V	
121	.	RET1	
	.	V	
	.	V	
127	.	R017	
130	.		SUBN
135	.	C012.....	

(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

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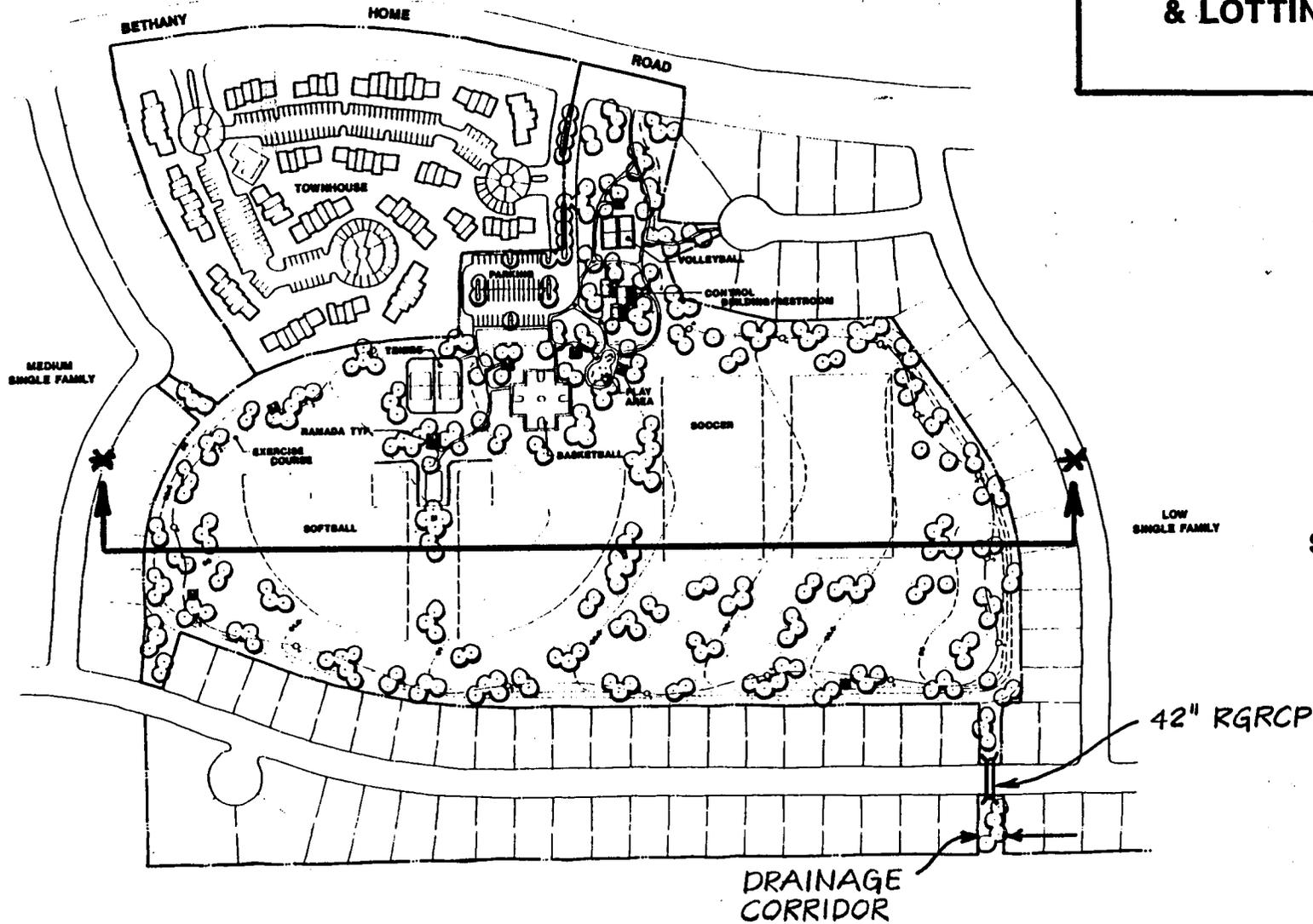
				TIME	13.83	13.67	13.67
DIVERSION TO	D4	1.00	1	FLOW	35.	81.	133.
				TIME	13.83	13.67	13.67
HYDROGRAPH AT	DIV4	1.00	1	FLOW	35.	81.	138.
				TIME	13.83	13.67	13.67
ROUTED TO	R07	1.00	1	FLOW	20.	52.	70.
				TIME	21.00	18.83	19.33
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBT	2.34	1	FLOW	146.	337.	436.
				TIME	14.17	14.00	14.00
3 COMBINED AT	C03	6.63	1	FLOW	748.	1508.	1940.
				TIME	16.83	16.00	15.67
DIVERSION TO	D5	6.63	1	FLOW	748.	1000.	1500.
				TIME	16.83	14.33	13.83
HYDROGRAPH AT	DIV5	6.63	1	FLOW	0.	508.	940.
				TIME	0.17	16.00	15.67
ROUTED TO	R08	6.63	1	FLOW	0.	494.	902.
				TIME	0.17	17.00	15.50
DIVERSION TO	D6	6.63	1	FLOW	0.	60.	60.
				TIME	0.17	15.67	15.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	DIV6	6.63	1	FLOW	0.	424.	842.
				TIME	0.17	17.00	16.50
HYDROGRAPH AT	R06	3.00	1	FLOW	0.	60.	60.
				TIME	0.17	17.00	15.50
ROUTED TO	R016	3.00	1	FLOW	0.	60.	60.
				TIME	0.17	17.50	18.17
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBM	1.23	1	FLOW	343.	633.	769.
				TIME	12.50	12.50	12.50
2 COMBINED AT	C011	1.23	1	FLOW	343.	633.	769.
				TIME	12.50	12.50	12.50
ROUTED TO	RET1	1.23	1	FLOW	43.	78.	88.
				TIME	15.33	21.00	21.67
** PEAK STAGES IN FEET **							
			1	STAGE	1062.13	1064.09	1064.92
				TIME	15.33	21.00	21.67
ROUTED TO	R017	1.23	1	FLOW	43.	78.	88.
				TIME	15.50	21.17	21.83
HYDROGRAPH AT	SUBN	1.23	1	FLOW	388.	764.	942.
				TIME	12.17	12.17	12.17
2 COMBINED AT	C012	2.45	1	FLOW	389.	771.	955.
				TIME	12.17	12.17	12.17

*** NORMAL END OF HEC-1 ***

PLATES

- 1. OFF-SITE DRAINAGE MAP AND EXISTING HEC-1 SCHEMATIC**
- 2. CONCEPTUAL PARK AND LOTTING LAYOUT**
- 3. DETENTION FACILITY CROSS SECTION**

**LITCHFIELD PARK
DETENTION FACILITY,
CONCEPTUAL PARK
& LOTTING LAYOUT**



N.T.S.

SCALE: 1"=300'

* SEE CROSS SECTION (PLATE 3)

NOTE: LAND USE, STREET, AND PARK LAYOUT, ARE CONCEPTUAL

PLATE 2

COE & VAN LOO PHOENIX
CONSULTING ENGINEERING INC. ARIZONA

...TC... IEL... PA...
**DETENTION FACILITY
CROSS SECTION**

**SCALE: 1"=200' HORIZONTAL
1"=4' VERTICAL**

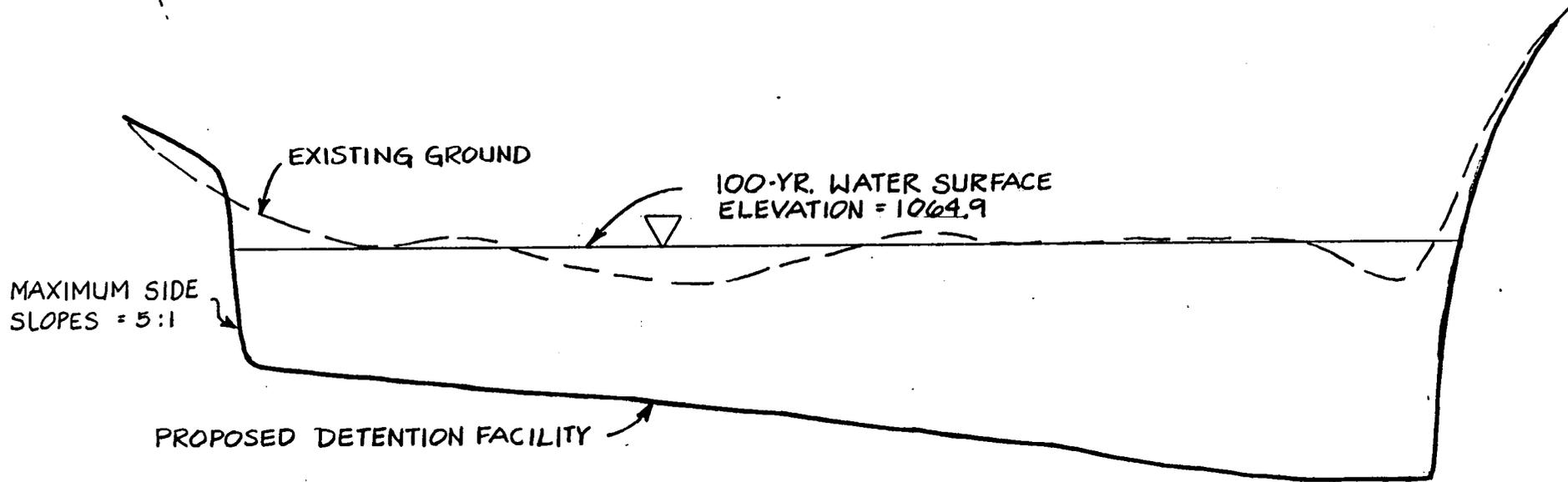


PLATE 3

**COE & VAN LOO PHOENIX
CONSULTING ENGINEERING INC. ARIZONA**