

# HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN

## DESIGN CONCEPT REPORT

PREPARED FOR:



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**Contract No: FCD 2004 C054**

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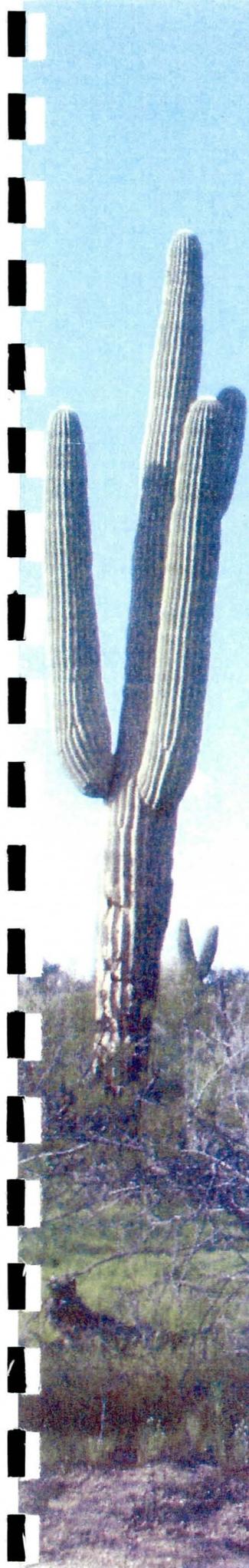
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## 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### 1.1 Project Background

The Flood Control District of Maricopa County (District) contracted Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc. (Wood/Patel) to update the Spook Hill Area Drainage Master Plan (ADMP); FCD Contract #99-43 dated September 2002 with a supplemental document. At the completion of the ADMP, the District learned that the basin area located at the northwest corner of McDowell Road and 88<sup>th</sup> Street was being subdivided by a developer and subsequently has had single family homes constructed on the site. A new location for this basin was identified at the northeast corner of Culver Street and Hawes Road. The supplement was prepared to document the relocation of a flood control storage basin that was planned at the northeast corner of McDowell Road and 88<sup>th</sup> Street to the northeast corner of Culver Street and Hawes Road.

Also, since the completion of the ADMP, a new detention basin has been constructed along McDowell Road near 90<sup>th</sup> Street. The basin was constructed as a part of the Madrid subdivision located along the south side of McDowell Road. The District requested that this analysis utilize the detention basin constructed with the Madrid subdivision. This basin has been referred to as the "Madrid detention basin" in this report.

The total area of Spook Hill study was approximately 35 square miles. This study concentrates on a local area that is bounded to the west by Hawes Road, to the east by 90<sup>th</sup> Street, to the south by Culver Street, and to the north by McDowell Road.

The purpose of this report is to refine the hydrology, hydraulics, basin layout and landscaping for the proposed basin located at Culver Street and Hawes Road (Culver – Hawes basin). This document contains preliminary information and conceptual designs developed within the ADMP supplement as well as the final preferred alternative. Design plans were also prepared for the preferred alternative to the 15% level.

The successful completion of this project required the active participation of multiple agencies. These include the District, the City of Mesa (City), and the Maricopa County Department of Transportation (MCDOT). The consultant and the District have held

regular monthly meetings. A public meeting was held on August 18, 2005 where display boards were presented of the preferred alternative. A meeting was also held with the HOA for the Madrid subdivision to discuss potential modifications to the existing basin within the Madrid subdivision for this project.

## **1.2 Development of Alternatives**

As part of the ADMP update, Wood/Patel was initially contracted to investigate three alternatives. Upon beginning the alternative analysis, it was determined that additional alternatives should be modeled. In total, six alternatives were evaluated and then presented to the District.

Five of the alternatives utilized the Madrid detention basin. Five of the alternatives utilized storm drains along McDowell and Hawes Road. One of the alternatives utilized a storm drain along Culver Street with no storm drains proposed along McDowell Road. All the alternatives utilized the proposed basin as an off-line basin.

## **1.3 Hydrologic Modeling**

Several existing condition and future condition models were developed with the ADMP. To be consistent with the intent of ADMP recommendations, this study utilized the future conditions 100-year, 24-hour model developed in the ADMP. The model was modified to reflect the new basin location based on current District methodology.

## **1.4 Evaluation of Alternatives**

Upon completion of the analysis of the six alternatives, the team evaluated the six alternatives to determine a preferred alternative. Criteria used in the evaluation process included items such as: capital cost, benefited area, public acceptance, implementability, aesthetics and conformance with the original ADMP plan.

The team determined that alternative two did not satisfy the criteria of conforming with the intent of the ADMP's plan for the area. This alternative also presented difficulties with implementation due to the modifications that would be required within the Madrid subdivision to capture flows to be conveyed along Culver Street to the proposed basin site. Alternative three also did not provide a level of flood protection equivalent to the

ADMP and therefore was eliminated. Alternative four was eliminated due to lack of Section 404 conformance. The team felt that alternative four would not satisfy Section 404 requirements for the wash that flows through the Madrid subdivision with the elimination of flows from the Madrid basin that drain into the subdivision. Alternative five was eliminated due to cost considerations. Alternative six was eliminated due to cost considerations and aesthetics. The area available for the basin site is fixed, therefore, the increase in basin size required to implement alternative six would reduce the ability to vary the shape of the basin.

### **1.5 Preferred Alternative**

Upon completion of the analysis of the six alternatives, the team determined that alternative one was the preferred alternative. The team felt that alternative one was the closest to meeting all the criteria used in evaluating the alternatives.

The preferred alternative includes the following elements: an online detention basin at McDowell Road and 90<sup>th</sup> Street, a storm drain within McDowell Road from 90<sup>th</sup> Street to Hawes Road, a storm drain within Hawes Road from McDowell Road to Culver Street, and an off-line detention basin at Hawes Road and Culver Street. The plan elements are identified on the Preferred Alternative exhibit (Plate 10) and in plan and profile at the end of this report. The preliminary opinion of probable cost for the preferred alternative is \$3,879,800. This cost includes the land acquisition for the Culver-Hawes basins location. Refer to Table 4.

### **1.6 Conclusions and Recommendations**

The preferred drainage system alternative is alternative one and is depicted on Plate 10.

Information was limited for this study as to the vertical location for the utility conflicts identified on the 15% design plans. It is recommended that potholing and designating be done during the design phase of this project to determine a more accurate vertical location of the utilities. Due to the steep slopes along the proposed storm drain alignments, it is believed that the potential utility conflicts could be minimized by increasing the amount of cover over the pipe. The pipe slope could then be lessened downstream of the utility conflict to reduce the pipe cover back to more typical depths.

As mentioned previously, due to steep slopes along the potential alignments and the desire to keep the velocities in the range of 15 ft/sec, CMP was utilized as the primary pipe material for the conceptual design. If the District chooses to utilize Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RGRCP) or other pipe material for the final design, revisions will be required to the design parameters as well as the pipe profiles and the cost estimate. More specifically, for the McDowell Road alignment, the modifications may include the use of drop structures at 200 foot intervals in order to keep the velocities within reasonable limits. RGRCP may be feasible along the Hawes Road alignment. Slopes along Hawes Road tend to be less than along McDowell Road (< 2.0%) and therefore the velocities are reduced.

## 2.0 STUDY AREA

### 2.1 Location

The total area of Spook Hill study was approximately 35 square miles. This study concentrates on a local area that is bounded to the west by Hawes Road, to the east by 90<sup>th</sup> Street, to the south by Culver Street, and to the north by McDowell Road. Plate 1 shows the project location.

### 2.2 Characteristics

The contributing watershed is mostly comprised of undeveloped and sparsely developed natural desert with slopes of approximately 2.0 percent toward the south and west. The offsite watershed contributing to the Madrid detention basin at the upstream end of the project study area is approximately 0.67 square miles.

### 2.3 Utilities

The City of Mesa provided both water and sewer service quarter section maps for the study area. A significant portion of the homes within the study area are on septic systems, therefore, only three potential sewer conflicts were identified. Two are located along McDowell Road at the eastern edge of the Thunder Mountain subdivision at the 88<sup>th</sup> Street alignment. Both sewers end within the McDowell Road right-of-way. One of the sewers enters McDowell Road from the north side and the other enters from the south side of McDowell Road. The other potential sewer conflict is located at the proposed outfall location of the Madrid detention basin. This sewer ends at the northern edge of McDowell Road. The sewer flows east and then south in the Madrid subdivision. Limited information identifying the vertical location of the three sewers was available for this study. Therefore, it is recommended that potholing be done during the design phase to properly locate the sewer. Due to the steep slopes within the study area, it is believed that potential conflicts could be avoided with the three crossings. It is also unclear at this time what the ultimate intent is for these three sewer systems. Further investigations are recommended to determine if these systems will ever be used.

Several waterline crossings were identified along McDowell Road and Hawes Road as potential conflicts. Four crossings were identified at the Waterbury Road alignment along McDowell Road. Three crossings were identified along Hawes Road. Two at

Willetta Street alignment and one at the Culver Street alignment were identified along Hawes Road.

There are two potential storm drain conflicts along McDowell Road. One occurs at the Madrid detention basin. The contributing area to the inlet for this storm drain appears to have been cut-off by the construction of the basin; therefore, the storm drain may not need to be maintained. If the storm drain needs to be maintained for 404 purposes, accommodations will need to be made in the final design. The other storm drain conflict occurs along McDowell Road east of the 86<sup>th</sup> Street entrance to the Thunder Mountain subdivision.

Several potential dry utility conflicts were also identified along McDowell Road. The utilities identified include television and telephone lines.

#### **2.4 Jurisdictional Delineation**

The firm of CMG Engineering, Inc. was contracted by the District to identify the regulatory washes within the project boundary of the ADMP and this study, entitled *Jurisdictional Boundary Delineation for the Spook Hill ADMP*, was completed on July 9, 2001. The study identified two US Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Section 404 washes that would be impacted by the activities proposed within this update. The system proposed within this update will maintain low flows to these washes. Refer to Plate 2 for the jurisdictional delineation.

#### **2.5 FEMA FIRM Panel**

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel 04013C2210 E (Maricopa County), dated July 19, 2001, identifies the study area as Zone "X" (shaded). Refer to Plate 3 for the FEMA FIRM Panel.

Zone "X" (shaded) is defined by FEMA as follows:

*Areas of 500-year flood; areas of 100-year flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 100-year flood.*

### 3.0 PREVIOUS STUDIES

This section briefly describes studies and reports that contain information pertinent to this project.

#### 3.1 Spook Hill Area Drainage Master Study

In the mid 1980s the District contracted with Parsons, Brinkerhoff, Quade, & Douglass (PBQD) to prepare an Area Drainage Master Study (ADMS) to identify flooding problems in the watershed and propose solutions for possible implementation. However, the proposed alternative was never implemented, the area continued to develop, and the drainage issues remained.

#### 3.2 Spook Hill ADMP

The *Spook Hill Area Drainage Master Plan (ADMP) Update* completed by Wood/Patel in September, 2002, expanded the existing Spook Hill ADMS completed in July 1987 by quantifying the extent of flooding problems, incorporated existing drainage structures into the model, developed alternative solutions to flooding problems for the contributing watershed and determined the feasibility of removing the jurisdictional status of the Buckhorn-Mesa Structures. It is important to note that this study utilized a vertical datum of NAVD 1988.

#### 3.3 Spook Hill ADMP Supplement

Wood/Patel prepared a supplemental document to update the ADMP dated October 2005, for the relocation of a proposed detention structure originally located at the northeast corner of McDowell Road and 88<sup>th</sup> Street. The new basin location is at the northeast corner of Hawes Road and Culver Street.

#### 3.4 Revised Drainage Report for Madrid

JMI & Associates, Inc. updated the drainage report for Madrid in June, 2004. The update to the report included the addition of the detention basin at the intersection of McDowell Road and 90<sup>th</sup> Street. The report contained stage-storage rating curves for the basin that were incorporated into HEC-1 modeling developed with this study.

### **3.5 Existing Conditions Sediment Yield**

Sediment deposition was analyzed based on JE Fuller's report, *Spook Hill Area Drainage Master Plan Update Existing Conditions Sedimentation Analysis*, dated March 29, 2000. This report provided sediment yield estimates on a per year basis and also for various design storm events. These sediment yield estimates were incorporated into the modeling of the Madrid detention basin to account for sediment deposition from the natural watershed. The watershed contributing to the basin is approximately 0.67 square miles (HEC-1 ID 370). A 100-year storm event produces on average 0.82 ac-ft/sq. mile of sediment. Therefore, a 1.0 ac-ft reduction accounts for two potential 100-year storm events occurring within the same year if the basin is maintained annually.

### **3.6 Storm Drain Material Analysis**

An analysis and data compilation prepared for the City of Mesa to aid in their decision regarding the use of a modified Corrugated Metal Pipe for the storm drain analysis and cost estimates. Report and data compilation was completed by Wood/Patel, April 2000.

## 4.0 DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVES

### 4.1 Constraints to the Drainage System Alternatives

Each alternative studied for the supplement to the ADMP was limited by the same boundary constraints. The boundary constraints included flows developed in the ADMP for proposed storm drain systems downstream of the Hermosa Vista - Hawes system. One system begins at the intersection of McDowell Road and Hawes Road. This system drains to the west along McDowell Road to the Spook Hill Flood Retarding Structure (F.R.S.). The design flow for this system as reported in the ADMP is 783 cfs. The other storm drain system originates along Hawes Road. This system continues along Hawes Road to Hermosa Vista Road where it drains west to the Spook Hill F.R.S. The design flow for this system as reported in the ADMP is 165 cfs.

Sediment deposition into the Madrid detention basin was also taken into account for each alternative modeled. The overall storage volume of the Madrid detention basin was reduced by 1.0 acre-foot of volume to account for sediment. This was a conservative volume reduction. The watershed contributing to the basin is approximately 0.67 square miles (HEC-1 ID 370). A 100-year storm event produces on average 0.82 ac-ft/sq. mile of sediment. Therefore, a 1.0 ac-ft reduction accounts for two potential 100-year storm events occurring within the same year if the basin is maintained annually.

### 4.2 Design Parameters

In all the alternatives studied, the Culver - Hawes basin was designed as an off-line basin. A junction structure is proposed on the proposed 78" pipe on Hawes Road adjacent to the basin with a splitter structure to allow a pre-determined design bypass flow. Refer to Sheet P-3 in Appendix A for a depiction of the basin and splitter structure. Once the design bypass flow rate is exceeded, the splitter structure will allow flow to enter the basin. A detailed design and analysis of the splitter structure will be required at the final design level to ensure proper functioning.

Minimum side slopes of 6:1 are used inside the basin and adjacent to right-of-ways and minimum fill embankment slopes of 4:1 is used outside of the basin. In order to maximize storage volume and minimize land requirements for the basin, it is designed with a minimal slope bottom. The basin is dewatered via gravity flow to a low-flow pipe

outlet. The low-flow pipe outfalls into a proposed storm drain in Hawes Road and will dewater the basin within 36 hours.

A 12-foot wide path is provided at the top of the basin to accommodate a maintenance access road around the basin. Provisions have also been made for access to the basin bottom via an access ramp.

The detention basin is designed to limit the embankment fill to ensure that basin is classified as a "non-jurisdictional dam". In accordance with the Arizona Department of Water Resources (ADWR) regulations, embankment fills of six feet or less are classified as non-jurisdictional dams regardless of storage capacity. Embankment fills of less than 25 feet are classified as non-jurisdictional if the storage capacity is less than 50 acre-feet. If the storage volume is less than 15 acre-feet, regardless of embankment height, the basin is classified as non-jurisdictional. The dam height for purposes of ADWR dam classification is the vertical difference between the lowest point on the downstream toe (at natural ground) and the emergency spillway crest.

The design of the detention basin also incorporates aesthetic considerations such as terracing and re-vegetation. Multi-use considerations were not considered for this basin site.

Storm drains were designed for the 100-year discharge. Due to the steep slopes along the storm drain alignments and the desire to keep the velocities in the range of 15 ft/sec, CMP was utilized as the primary pipe material for the conceptual design. In order to alleviate any concerns as to its durability, the invert of the CMP will be paved with 3" of 5000psi concrete (reinforced with welded wire fabric which is welded to the CMP itself) and the pipe will be slurry backfilled to 1' above the crown of the pipe. A minimum of 3-feet of cover was used over the storm drains to allow for full pavement structural section over the top of the pipe. It should be noted that the use of CMP pipe material is consistent with the recommendations from the ADMP.

The District may, however, choose to utilize Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RGRCP) or other pipe material for the final design based on the design standards applicable at the time of

final design as well as input from the partnering community. This will require revisions to the design parameters as well as the pipe profiles and the cost estimate.

Although the costs for a pipe installation of this type are higher than a standard CMP installation, they are still lower than the cost of RGRCP. This is largely due to the fact that the higher roughness factor of CMP allows the designer to eliminate the drop structures at 200 foot intervals required along the storm drain alignment if RGRCP is used (these drop structures would be required with RGRCP in order to keep the velocities within reasonable limits).

#### 4.3 Development of Alternatives

Wood/Patel was initially contracted to investigate three alternatives as part of the ADMP supplement. Upon, beginning the alternative analysis, it was determined that additional alternatives should be modeled. In total, six alternatives were evaluated and then presented to the District. Tables 2A and 2B provide design summary data for each of the alternatives analyzed and Table 3 provides a summary of costs for each alternative. The following information has been provided as a summary of each alternative that was studied.

##### *Alternative One*

Alternative one (Plate 4) utilizes the Madrid detention basin. A minor flow of 40 cfs is released through the existing outlet structure into the Madrid subdivision to meet the Section 404 requirements for the wash. The remainder of the flow produced by the stage-storage routing of the Madrid detention basin is taken west along McDowell Road within a proposed 72" storm drain. At Hawes Road, the system turns south and continues south within a 78" storm drain system along Hawes Road to the proposed Culver - Hawes basin.

##### *Alternative Two*

Alternative two (Plate 5) utilizes the Madrid detention basin and releases the entire reduced flow produced by the stage-storage routing into the Madrid subdivision. The flow is then collected within the Madrid subdivision in the vicinity of 87<sup>th</sup> Street and Culver Street. The flow is directed west within 2-66" storm drains to the Culver - Hawes basin site.

#### *Alternative Three*

Alternative three (Plate 6) utilizes the Madrid detention basin. Alternative three allows 108 cfs to be released into the Madrid subdivision. The remaining flow produced by the stage-storage routing through the Madrid detention basin is taken west within a 66" storm drain along McDowell Road. At Hawes Road, the system turns south and continues south along Hawes Road in a 72" storm drain to the proposed Culver - Hawes basin.

#### *Alternative Four*

Alternative four (Plate 7) utilizes the Madrid detention basin. The outflow produced by the stage-storage routing from the basin is taken west along McDowell Road within a 78" storm drain. At Hawes Road, the system turns south and continues south along Hawes Road in an 84" storm drain to the proposed Culver - Hawes basin.

#### *Alternative Five*

Alternative five (Plate 8) does not utilize the Madrid detention basin. The entire flow that reaches the basin site is routed west along McDowell Road in 2-78" storm drains. The flow continues south along Hawes Road in 2-84" storm drains to the proposed basin site. This model is intended to determine the overall effect utilizing the Madrid detention basin has on the volume requirements for the proposed Culver - Hawes basin.

#### *Alternative Six*

Alternative six (Plate 9) utilizes the Madrid detention basin. A minor flow of 40 cfs is released through the Madrid subdivision to meet the Section 404 requirements. The remainder of the flow produced by the stage-storage routing of the Madrid detention basin is taken west along McDowell Road within a 72" storm drain. At Hawes Road, the system turns south and continues south along Hawes Road in a 78" storm drain to the proposed Culver - Hawes basin. In an attempt to provide cost savings to the Hermosa Vista-Hawes Road storm drain system downstream of the basin, this alternative maximizes the size of the Culver - Hawes basin.

### **4.4 Hydrologic Modeling**

Several existing condition and future condition models were developed with the ADMP.

*Existing Conditions*

100-year/24-hour, 100-year/6-hour and 10-year/6-hour, with sub-basins and points of concentration defined for the 100-year frequency.

*Future Conditions*

100-year/24-hour, 100-year/6-hour, 100-year/2-hour, 10-year/6-hour, with sub-basins and points of concentration defined for the 100-year frequency.

To be consistent with the intent or recommendations of the ADMP, this study utilized the future conditions 100-year, 24-hour model developed in the ADMP. The model was modified to reflect the new basin location based on current District methodology. Refer to Table 1 for a summary of the peak flows for each alternative.

## 5.0 PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE SELECTION

Upon completion of the analysis of the six alternatives, the team evaluated the six alternatives to determine a preferred alternative. Refer to Plate 10 for the preferred alternative. Criteria used in the evaluation process included items such as: capitol cost, benefited area, public acceptance, implementability, aesthetics and conformance with the original ADMP plan.

The team determined that alternative two, although it was clearly the least cost option, did not satisfy the criteria of conforming with the intent of the ADMP's plan for the area. This alternative also presented difficulties with implementation due to the modifications that would be required within the Madrid subdivision to capture flows to be conveyed along Culver Street to the proposed basin site. Alternative three also did not supply a level of flood protection equivalent to the ADMP and therefore was eliminated. Alternative four was eliminated due to conformance. The team felt that alternative four would not satisfy Section 404 requirements for the wash that flows through the Madrid subdivision with the elimination of flows from the Madrid detention basin that drain into the subdivision. Alternative five was eliminated due to cost considerations. Alternative six was eliminated due to cost considerations and aesthetics. The size of the basin site is fixed, therefore, the increase in basin size required to implement alternative six would reduce the ability to vary the shape of the basin.

Upon completion of the analysis of the six alternatives, the team determined that alternative one was the preferred alternative. The team felt that alternative one was the closest to meeting all the criteria used in evaluating the alternatives. The alternative is described further in detail in Section 6.0 – Preliminary Design Plans.

## 6.0 PRELIMINARY DESIGN PLANS

The ADMP supplement documented the alternatives studied for the relocation of the detention basin originally planned at the northeast corner of 88<sup>th</sup> Street and McDowell Road to the northeast corner of Culver Street and Hawes Road. This report provides a more detailed summary of the hydrology, hydraulics, landscape plans, and costs associated with the relocation of the basin. This report also provides 15% plans for the preferred alternative. A hydrologic summary is given in Appendix B. A hydraulic analysis for the storm drain is provided in Appendix C. A detailed cost estimate is provided on Table 4.

### 6.1 System Description of the Preferred Alternative

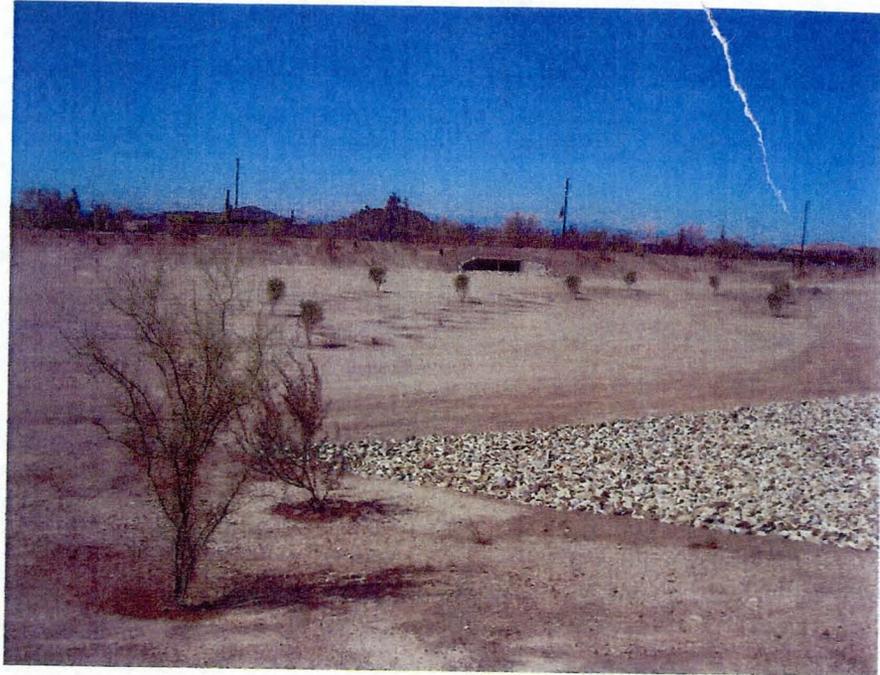
The preferred alternative includes the following elements: an online detention basin at McDowell Road and 90<sup>th</sup> Street (Madrid Detention Basin), a 72" storm drain within McDowell Road from 90<sup>th</sup> Street to Hawes Road, a 78" storm drain within Hawes Road from McDowell Road to Culver Street, and an off-line detention basin at Hawes Road and Culver Street. The basin will outlet into the proposed storm drain in the Hawes / Hermosa Vista alignment per the ADMP. The plan elements are identified on the Preferred Alternative exhibit (Plate 10) and in plan and profile at the end of this report. The purpose of this section of the report is to discuss, in further detail, the planned improvements, project costs, and special issues to be considered during final design. Each section includes a description of a particular project element, and discussions of 404 permit impacts, right-of-way requirements, and potential utility conflicts.

### 6.2 Madrid Detention Basin and Outlet

The Madrid detention basin is located within an unincorporated portion Maricopa County at the northwest corner of the intersection of McDowell Road and 90<sup>th</sup> Street. The existing basin attenuates the peak discharge from the offsite watershed (sub-basin 370 on Plate 11 as identified in the future conditions model) before it enters the proposed McDowell Road storm drain.

The existing on-line basin has a footprint of approximately 6.5 acres, a total storage volume of 33.7 acre-feet, and is located on a 9.4 acre parcel. To create a redistribution of outlet flows per the preferred alternative, modifications are proposed to the existing

culvert outlet. The existing outlet structure will need to be modified to limit flows through it to the initial Section 404 low flows required for the downstream wash and flows in excess of the 100-year, 24-hour design event. An inlet structure will be required to allow flows to enter the proposed McDowell Road storm drain.



*Madrid Detention Basin*

Due to the basin functioning as an on-line structure, sediment deposition needs to be accounted for in the design. An agreement needs to also be worked out regarding the maintenance requirements for the basin.

No utility conflicts are anticipated within the basin area.

During this study, the District learned that flows from the offsite watershed that were modeled to reach the Madrid detention basin are not properly reaching it. Residents in the area reported that the basin appeared to be receiving only minor flows during rainfall events. Therefore, some additional survey work was done at the upstream end of the basin to better understand what is occurring. It was determined flows from the major wash that enters the basin from east of 90<sup>th</sup> Street are being diverted south along 90<sup>th</sup> Street rather than crossing 90<sup>th</sup> Street and flowing into the basin. 90<sup>th</sup> Street is maintained by MCDOT.



*90th Street wash crossing north of Madrid Detention Basin*

Therefore, three to six months prior to the construction of the Hermosa Vista – Hawes Road Basin and Storm Drain project, MCDOT will modify 90<sup>th</sup> Street in the area of the wash crossing to create a dip section (low flow crossing) that directs runoff to the Madrid detention basin. The modification to 90<sup>th</sup> Street may also include grading between the Madrid detention basin and 90<sup>th</sup> Street by MCDOT.

### **6.3 McDowell/Hawes Road Storm Drains**

Located in Maricopa County, the proposed storm drain extends along McDowell Road from approximately 90<sup>th</sup> Street to Hawes Road and within Hawes Road from McDowell Road to Culver Street.

The storm drain will convey stormwater from the Madrid detention basin to the Culver – Hawes basin. The proposed system consists of a buried storm drain pipe. The 100-year, 24-hour discharge in the storm drain is approximately 335 cfs along McDowell Rd. and 328 cfs along Hawes Road. The storm drain sizes vary from 72” along McDowell Road to 78” along Hawes Road. Currently a 90 degree bend is shown at the McDowell / Hawes Road intersection for the storm drain. The final design would incorporate two 45 degree bends to improve the hydraulic efficiency.

Entire improvements are anticipated to be accomplished within the existing right-of-way.

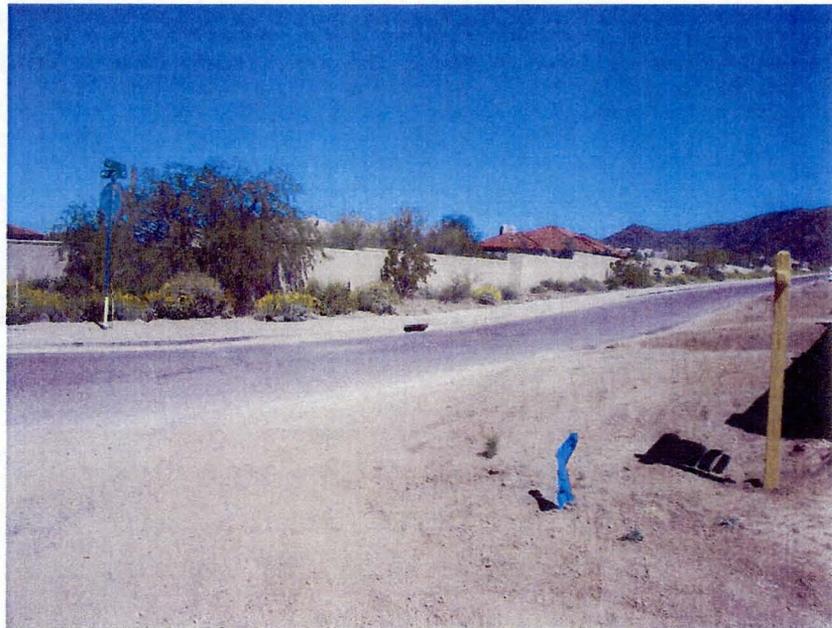
The pipe installation will impact one wash which has been identified by the Corps as regulatory waters. The wash is supplied by a culvert that crosses McDowell Road east of the 86<sup>th</sup> Street entrance to the Thunder Mountain subdivision. A low or vegetative flow will be maintained to the downstream wash following construction (this flow is based on the size of the existing downstream wash and may be equivalent to the bank full flow). A diversion structure will need to be constructed to maintain these flows. The remainder of the flow will be conveyed within the proposed 72" storm drain to the proposed Culver – Hawes basin.

There is one additional culvert conflict along McDowell Road. It occurs at the Madrid detention basin. The contributing area to the inlet for this culvert appears to have been cut-off by the construction of the basin; therefore, the culvert may not need to be maintained. If the culvert needs to be maintained for 404 purposes, accommodations will need to be made in the final design.

In addition to the culvert conflicts, there are water, sewer, gas, telephone, power, and cable TV lines present along the alignment. A total of four waterline crossings occur along McDowell Road and three along Hawes Road.

There are three potential sewer line conflicts. Two are located along McDowell Road at the eastern edge of the Thunder Mountain subdivision at the 88<sup>th</sup> Street alignment. Both sewers end within the McDowell Road right-of-way. One of the sewers enters McDowell Road from the north side and the other enters from the south side of McDowell Road. The other potential sewer conflict is located at the proposed outfall location of the Madrid detention basin. This sewer ends at the northern edge of McDowell Road. The sewer flows east and then south into the Madrid subdivision. Limited information identifying the vertical location of the three sewers was available for this study. Therefore, it is recommended that potholing be done during the design phase to properly locate the sewer. Due to the steep slopes within the study area, it is believed that potential conflicts could be avoided with the three crossings. It is also unclear at this time what the ultimate intent is for these three sewer systems. Further investigations are recommended to determine if these systems will ever be used.

The ADMP HEC-1 model identifies the downstream boundary of sub-basin 395 as 88<sup>th</sup> Street. Flows that reach this sub-basin boundary were modeled to continue through the Thunder Mountain subdivision to an existing channel along the southern boundary of the subdivision adjacent to McDowell Road. It was determined during this study that flows that reach 88<sup>th</sup> Street do not continue as modeled in the hydrologic model through the Thunder Mountain subdivision. Instead, a major portion of the flows would be intercepted by 88<sup>th</sup> Street and routed south to McDowell Road where it would then continue south and west. Wood/Patel was requested to develop design options to capture the runoff and direct it to the Thunder mountain subdivision channel to follow the intent of the ADMP.



*88<sup>th</sup> Street and McDowell Road intersection*

Wood/Patel developed three options to redirect flows into the channel. Due to steep longitudinal slopes along 88<sup>th</sup> Street, it was determined that the addition of curb openings along 88<sup>th</sup> Street to allow more runoff to flow through the subdivision would not provide a significant benefit. Therefore, it was determined that the design solution should be focused immediately north of McDowell Road along 88<sup>th</sup> Street at the inlet to the existing channel. Option 1 consists of regrading 88<sup>th</sup> Street north of the McDowell Road intersection and installing a depressed curb opening along the west side of the street. The pavement would be warped in the area of the depressed curb to direct runoff towards it. Option 2 utilizes a grated inlet (similar to a cattle guard) across the road. Flows are collected through the grate and then outlet into the existing channel. Both options would require

regrading of 88<sup>th</sup> Street to create a high point that would limit runoff from flowing directly out on to McDowell Road. Option 3 consists of a collection channel along the east side of 88<sup>th</sup> Street that would outlet to a culvert under 88<sup>th</sup> Street and ultimately to the existing Thunder Mountain channel. The collection channel may require the acquisition of right-of-way from existing homes along 88<sup>th</sup> Street and a guardrail adjacent to 88<sup>th</sup> Street. At the time of the completion of this study a preferred option was not chosen. A final recommendation will need to be made as part of the Hermosa Vista – Hawes Road basin and storm drain design project. It is important to note that the preferred alternative cost summary includes the cost of option 3. Refer to Appendix C for the three options and Appendix D for the preliminary cost estimates for each option.

#### **6.4 Culver – Hawes Basin**

The proposed off-line basin has a footprint of 8.6 acres, a peak storage volume of 25 acre-feet, and is located on a 9.6 acre parcel. The diversion of stormwater into the basin is accomplished via an underground splitter structure and an at-grade side-weir which allow more frequent (smaller) flows to pass by unimpeded but diverts less frequent (larger) flows into the basin for temporary storage. The bypass flow is estimated to be 70 cfs and the peak diversion into the basin during the 100-year, 24-hour event is 265 cfs. A 78" storm drain is proposed for the diversion of flows into the basin.

A preliminary geotechnical investigation (Reference 8) of the basin site did not identify bedrock at the proposed basin depths. Therefore the excavation costs are based on no bedrock excavation.

The existing wash that enters the basin along the northern edge has been designated as a Section 404 regulatory wash by the Corps. The jurisdictional delineation ends within the basin area. The basin will be graded to maintain the wash in a manner similar to its existing flow pattern into the basin. The proposed natural design of the basin may be utilized as potential mitigation measures for 404 disturbances.

No utility conflicts are anticipated within the basin area.



*Proposed Culver – Hawes Basin site*

#### **6.5 Probable Cost of Construction**

The preliminary opinion of probable cost for the preferred alternative is summarized in Table 4. The preliminary opinion of probable cost for the preferred alternative is \$3,879,800. This cost includes the cost for the acquisition of the Culver-Hawes basin site.

## 7.0 LANDSCAPE AESTHETICS

The District has a Landscape Aesthetics policy for developing their facilities, where feasible, in such a manner that they are aesthetically responsive to or compatible with the character of the existing site and the surrounding area. To meet this objective, among others, the Spook Hill ADMP provides a characterization of the existing corridor, which includes a description of the natural and physical environment that identifies (among other items) the regional and local setting, geology, and ecological and visual resources of the area. Furthermore, the plan identifies environmental and aesthetic considerations, as well as Landscape Design Themes & Aesthetic Design Guidelines to minimize the impacts and enhance the development of the proposed flood control facilities within the Spook Hill ADMP study area.

In order to develop the Culver - Hawes basin to be compatible with the character of its site and surroundings, further assessment of the natural and physical environment of the basin site was conducted. This understanding of the topography, ecology and vegetation, and visual resources and landscape character of the site was then used in the development of the design for the basin. Specifically, the consideration of these resources has assisted in the design of the: basin configuration, elements to control site lines and views, shape of landforms (grading design), density and layout of proposed plant material and landscape revegetation.

### 7.1 Landscape Characteristics

This section summarizes the assessments, considerations and recommendations that were followed to address the resources in the conceptual design of the basin.

#### Topography

The site naturally slopes from the northeast corner to the southwest corner with roughly 26 feet of fall across the site, producing an average slope of 2.7 percent across the entire site with slopes ranging from 1 percent to 4 percent. Large flat areas are dissected by several washes of varying sizes, often braided, which run across the site (Plate 12). These drainages have created a topographic pattern that is generally angular in character with relatively sharp transitions. The site has been characterized into three landform areas based on these topographic and drainage patterns as follows (Plate 13):

*Open Flats* – Open flat topography with both clearly defined dissected washes and shallow wide washes with sandy bottoms

*Central Washes* – Heavily dissected area with numerous braided washes and undulating topography

*Northeastern Drainages* – Gently falling grade with rolling topography and undulating wash corridors

The basin concept has been designed to emulate the existing undulating and angular character of the site's topography and landform by developing a contour-grading plan for the basin that transitions out of and mimics these existing landform patterns where possible (Plates 14.1 and 14.2).

#### Ecology

The ecology of the site is classified as Sonoran Desert Biome, Arizona Upland Subdivision, Sonoran Palo Verde Mixed Cacti, Mixed Shrub Community – Xeroriparian Desert Habitat (Plate 15). In general, these areas may provide suitable habitat for noted species including cactus ferruginous pygmy-owl, lesser long-nosed bat, Sonoran desert tortoise, and American peregrine falcon. Prominent species observed on the site have included Gambel's quail, desert cottontail, and hummingbird.

The ecology of the site will be maintained, to the degree possible, through preservation and reestablishment of this existing vegetation found on the site in similar densities and patterns.

Circulation of wildlife is also an important consideration in protecting wildlife both during construction as well as once construction is completed. A four stranded smooth wire fence will allow wildlife to pass to and from the site. Also, major excavations (trenches) during construction that present hazards to wildlife will be monitored and/or covered during construction.

## Vegetation

Several mature trees (primarily palo verde and ironwood), shrubs (bursage and creosote), and cacti (cholla cacti, barrel cacti, and saguaro) make up the dominant vegetation and are dispersed fairly evenly across the site. Interwoven into this foundation are a variety of other species native to the Sonoran Desert. Groupings of cholla occupy large portions of the flat areas of the site, while large and small shrubs are evenly distributed throughout. The northeast corner is relatively open and absent of large species. Several mature saguaros are found across the entire site but primarily concentrated across the center of the site. A small stand of relatively young saguaros is located near the southwest corner of the site. Figure 6 illustrates areas delineated by dominant species the locations of saguaro and large trees. Less dominant vegetation found throughout the site includes jojoba, desert milkweed, ragweed, brittlebush, wolfberry, mariola, desert lupine, and beavertail prickly pear.

The District is proposing to revegetate the Culver - Hawes basin site as shown on the conceptual landscape plan (Plates 16.1, 16.2, and 16.3). Existing vegetation will be preserved where possible. Areas of the site that are disturbed by construction of the basin will be revegetated through the use of hydroseed, tallpot plantings, container material, and/or other similar methods. Additionally, plant material located within disturbance areas that can be successfully and economically salvaged will be reused on the site to help maintain the site's character. It is anticipated that cacti such as cholla and saguaro will be the primary plants salvaged from the site. Plantings will be designed to emulate the existing vegetation in density, location, pattern, and type to the greatest degree possible.

## Irrigation

At this time, an automatic irrigation system is not proposed as part of the project. However, a form of irrigation will be provided in order to establish plant material on site. Potential methods being considered for temporary irrigation include the use of DriWater canisters installed at the time the vegetation is planted, watering trucks, and/or a temporary irrigation system.

## City of Mesa Uplands Requirements

The site is located within the jurisdiction of Maricopa County. All pertinent zoning and ordinance requirements will be followed. As discussed, the District is committed to developing the basin site in a manner that is consistent with the natural Sonoran Desert and the surrounding character of the site. The design will follow the guidelines identified in the City of Mesa Desert Uplands Development Standards in that the project is designed to minimize disturbance and encourage preservation of the natural character and aesthetic value of the site. This will be achieved through (1) the use of native plant material consistent with the Upper Sonoran Desert community and in accordance with the Preferred and Acceptable Desert Uplands Plant Lists provided in the ordinance, and (2) grading the site to reflect the natural landforms of the surrounding area including varied slopes and berming in and around the basin as opposed to typical retention basins designed with landforms having consistent and straight side slopes.

## 7.2 Visual Resources and Landscape Character Assessment

### Landscape Setting

The Culver - Hawes basin site is located in Maricopa County within the Sonoran Desert Landscape Character Type, Mountain Lands Subtype, and Natural Bajada Landscape Unit (Natural and Suburban Bajada Landscape Units surrounding) in an area transitioning to the Tonto Landscape Character Type (Plate 17). The Natural Bajada Landscape Unit is comprised of the characteristics of the Bajada Physical Division and those of the Natural Cultural Setting. Similarly, the Suburban Bajada Landscape Unit is comprised of the characteristics of the Bajada Physical Division and those of the Suburban Cultural Setting (FCDMC, Preliminary Existing Landscape Character Assessment Report, 2003). This area in which the site is located is characterized by slightly sloping landforms that exhibit braided networks of washes and arroyos with saguaro, palo verde, and mixed cacti vegetation. Cultural modifications in the immediate site vicinity include dispersed rural and suburban residences.

### Prominent Views

For the purposes of this study, several existing key views have been identified (Plate 18). These include: (1) views from the intersection of Culver Street and Hawes Road looking north/northeast toward Usery Mountain; (2) views onto the site from residents along

Culver Street looking north across the site; (3) views from residents along Hawes Road looking northwest across the site; and (4) multiple viewpoints across the site looking north/northwest towards the transition zone between the Sonoran Desert Landscape Character Type in the middle ground to the Tonto Landscape Character Type in the background. Additionally, development proposed to the north and east of the site creates the potential for future views looking south and east onto and across the site.

Designing the basin to emulate the landform (topography) and vegetative patterns and densities found on the site and the adjacent parcels will help to maintain the visual character of the site. The grading design has been developed to preserve and enhance the key views into and across the site. Landform and vegetation have also been used to screen undesirable elements such as rooftops and structures and frame focal points such as distant views like that of Usery Mountain (Plates 19 and 20).

#### Multi-Use Opportunities

The Culver - Hawes basin site is currently undeveloped and appears to have no multi-use functions. The conceptual basin design does not propose a multi-use component at this time, however, there is the potential for the City of Mesa to utilize the proposed maintenance roads for trails and develop seating nodes along the upper portions of the basin.

#### Cultural Environment

A Class I cultural resource study based on results of an archaeological inventory and site records review from various federal, state, and local agencies was conducted as a part of the Spook Hill ADMP. The study identifies several Hohokam archaeological sites and numerous historic sites located in the Spook Hill study area; however, the cultural resources identified in the ADMP are not associated with the Culver - Hawes basin site, and therefore consideration of cultural resources was not addressed in detail in this study. The completion of a Class III intensive cultural resource survey is recommended in the Spook Hill ADMP for those sites that are relatively undisturbed, such as the Culver - Hawes basin site. If cultural resources were encountered during construction, work would stop at that location and the District would contact the respective agencies to arrange for the proper assessment or treatment of those resources.

## 8.0 FINAL DESIGN – ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The recommended drainage system alternative is alternative one. The recommended alternative includes the following elements: an existing online detention basin at McDowell Road and 90<sup>th</sup> Street (Madrid Detention Basin), a 72” storm drain within McDowell Road from 90<sup>th</sup> Street to Hawes Road, a 78” storm drain within Hawes Road from McDowell Road to Culver Street, and an off-line detention basin at Hawes Road and Culver Street.

Information was limited for this study as to the vertical location for the utility conflicts identified on the 15% design plans. It is recommended that potholing be done during the design phase of this project to determine a more accurate vertical location of the utilities. Due to the steep slopes along the proposed alignments, it is believed that the potential utility conflicts could be minimized by increasing the amount of cover over the pipe. The pipe slope could then be lessened downstream of the utility conflict to reduce the pipe cover back to more typical depths.

As mentioned previously, due to steep slopes along the potential alignments and the desire to keep the velocities in the range of 15 ft/sec, CMP was utilized as the primary pipe material for the conceptual design. If the District chooses to utilize Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RGRCP) or other pipe material for the final design, revisions will be required to the design parameters as well as the pipe profiles and the cost estimate. For the McDowell Road alignment, the modifications may include the use of drop structures at 200 foot intervals in order to keep the velocities within reasonable limits. RGRCP may be feasible along the Hawes Road alignment. Slopes along Hawes Road tend to be less than along McDowell Road (< 2.0%) and therefore the velocities are reduced.

## 9.0 REFERENCES

1. Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc., *Spook Hill Area Drainage Master Plan*, September 2002.
2. JE Fuller/Hydrology & Geomorphology, Inc., *Spook Hill Area Drainage Master Plan Update Existing Conditions Sedimentation Analysis*, dated March 29, 2000.
3. JMI & Associates, Inc., *Revised Drainage Report for Madrid*, June, 2004.
4. JMI & Associates, Inc., *Revised Paving and Grading Plans at Madrid Mesa, Arizona*, May 20, 2004.
5. FEMA, *Flood Insurance Study, Maricopa County and Incorporated Areas, Arizona*, 2001.
6. Flood Control District of Maricopa County, *Drainage Design Manual for Maricopa County, Arizona; Volume I – Hydrology*, Revised January 1995.
7. Flood Control District of Maricopa County, *Drainage Design Manual for Maricopa County, Arizona; Volume II – Hydraulics*, January 1996.
8. Kleinfelder, Inc., *Geotechnical Report Hermosa Vista Basin NEC Hawes Road and Culver Street Maricopa County, Arizona Contract FCD 2003C012 Assignment No. 5*, June 17, 2005.
9. Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc., *Spook Hill ADMP Supplement*, August, 2005.

**TABLE 1**

**HEC-1 Modeling Results Summary**

**Table 1  
HEC-1 Modeling Results Summary**

Major concentration point/Location	Hydrograph Name	HEC-1 Model Names							Comments	
		REC_FC24.DAT	OPTION1.DAT	OPTION2.DAT	OPTION3.DAT	OPTION4.DAT	OPTION5.DAT	OPTION6.DAT		FINAL.DAT
Model number		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Flow to west from the basin	D370	175	335	0	266	374	817	335	335	McDowell Pipe
<b>Flow to southwest from the basin</b>	S370	N/A	39	500	108	0	0	39	39	
<b>Flow to west along McDowell at Hawes</b>	B390W	783	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	
Flow to south along Hawes at McDowell	C370	N/A	328	101	261	367	773	328	330	Hawes Pipe
Flow to Culver/Hawes basin along Culver Rd.	C38B3b	N/A	N/A	522	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Culver Pipe
<b>Flow to west at NWC of Hermosa &amp; Hawes</b>	C38B3c	165	143	141	142	143	145	94	154	
<b>Detention Basin Data</b>										
Madrid Basin flood depth (ft)		N/A	7	7	7	7	N/A	7	7	
Madrid Basin peak volume (ac-ft)		N/A	17	17	17	17	N/A	17	17	
Culver/Hawes Basin area (acres)		N/A	7.5	7.9	7.5	7.5	9.1	9.5	7.5	
Culver/Hawes Basin peak volume (ac-ft)		N/A	25	26	25	25	30	32	25	
<b>Model Explanation</b>										
0 REC_FC24.DAT = Spook Hill ADMP Update recommended HEC-1 model for the future conditions of the 100-year 24-hour storm;										
1 OPTION1.DAT = HEC-1 model of the 100-year 24-hour storm for alternative number 1;										
2 OPTION2.DAT = HEC-1 model of the 100-year 24-hour storm for alternative number 2;										
3 OPTION3.DAT = HEC-1 model of the 100-year 24-hour storm for alternative number 3;										
4 OPTION4.DAT = HEC-1 model of the 100-year 24-hour storm for alternative number 4;										
5 OPTION5.DAT = HEC-1 model of the 100-year 24-hour storm for alternative number 5;										
6 OPTION6.DAT = Same as alternative number 1 with bypass flow to Culver/Hawes Basin reduced to 50 cfs from 100 cfs.										
7 FINAL.DAT = HEC-1 model of the 100-year 24-hour storm for the preferred alternative.										
<b>Other Storm Events*</b>										
	Return Period (Year)	24-Hr Rainfall (in)	Basin Inflow (cfs)	Basin Outflow (cfs)	Flood Vol (Ac-Ft)					
	1	1.1	0	0	0					
	2	1.51	0	0	0					
	5	2.08	71	7	4					
	10	2.46	124	10	8					
	100	3.81	265	22	25					
	* - Rainfall change only									

**TABLE 2**

**Drainage Element Preliminary Geometric Data**

**Table 2A**  
**Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Basin Alternatives**

Basin Option Name	Design WSEL (ft)	Flood Depth (ft)	Dike Condition	Basin Length (ft)	Basin Width (ft)	Basin Area (Acre)	Total Area* (Acre)	Storage Volume (Ac-Ft)	Cut Volume	
									(CY)	(Ac-Ft)
1	8	8	Yes	572	572	5.8	7.5	25	56,000	35
2	8	8	Yes	587	587	6.1	7.9	26	61,000	38
3	8	8	Yes	572	572	5.8	7.5	25	56,000	35
4	8	8	Yes	572	572	5.8	7.5	25	56,000	35
5	8	8	Yes	630	630	7.0	9.1	30	73,000	45
6	8	8	Yes	644	644	7.3	9.5	32	77,000	48

\* -- Total area includes about 30% additional land for K & G purpose.

**Table 2B**  
**Pipe Design Element Summary (CMP)**

Element and Option	Design Flow (cfs)	Diameter (in)	Slope (ft/ft)	Length (ft)	Unit Price per foot	Total Cost
1B	328	78	0.015	1400	\$210	\$294,000
2B	101	54	0.015	1400	\$140	\$196,000
2C	522	2-66	0.02	5000	\$170	\$850,000
3A	266	66	0.02	3300	\$170	\$561,000
3B	261	72	0.015	1400	\$190	\$266,000
4A	374	78	0.02	3300	\$210	\$693,000
4B	367	84	0.015	1400	\$240	\$336,000
5A	817	2-78	0.02	6600	\$210	\$1,386,000
5B	773	2-84	0.015	2800	\$240	\$672,000
6A	335	72	0.02	3300	\$190	\$627,000
6B	328	78	0.015	1400	\$210	\$294,000

**TABLE 3**

**Cost Summary Table**

Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Storm Drain and Basin Drainage Improvements

October 19, 2005

Flood Control District of Maricopa County

W/P # 042284.01

FCD 2004 C045

**TABLE 3 COST SUMMARY (CMP)**

**(Estimate of Probable Cost Based on Concept Analysis,  
Certain Common Items to All Alternatives Are Excluded from This Estimate)**

<b>ALTERNATIVE</b>	<b>MAJOR ELEMENTS</b>	<b>LAND REQUIREMENT (acre)</b>	<b>TOTAL WITH LAND</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>
1	\$2,576,000	7.5	\$3,491,494	
2	\$2,669,000	7.9	\$3,584,041	
3	\$2,438,000	7.5	\$3,353,408	
4	\$2,735,000	7.5	\$3,650,146	
5	\$4,397,000	9.1	\$5,311,585	
6	\$2,762,000	9.5	\$3,676,588	

**TABLE 4**

**Probable Cost for Preferred Alternative**

## Table 4 - Probable Cost for Preferred Alternative

Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Storm Drain and Basin Drainage Improvements  
 Flood Control District of Maricopa County  
 FCD 2004 C045

October 19, 2005  
 W/P # 042284.01

## MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
	Madrid Detention Basin Outlet				
1	Modification	\$50,000	EA	1	\$50,000
2	72" CMP Pipe	\$190	LF	3,550	\$674,500
3	72" Inlet Headwall	\$5,000	EA	1	\$5,000
4	78" CMP Pipe	\$210	LF	900	\$189,000
5	Export	\$2.50	CY	9,485	\$23,713
6	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	13	\$78,000
7	48" RCP Conflict Structure	\$5,000	EA	1	\$5,000
	Hermosa Vista Hawes Road Basin				
8	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000
9	48" CMP Pipe	\$135	LF	660	\$89,100
10	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	56,000	\$336,000
11	78" Outlet Headwall	\$6,000	EA	1	\$6,000
12	Outlet Rip rap	\$65	CY	90	\$5,850
13	Low Flow Channel Rip rap	\$65	CY	150	\$9,750
14	Basin Operations and Maintenance Road	\$1	SF	24400	\$24,400
15	18" Bleed-off Pipe	\$45	LF	330	\$14,850
16	Utility Relocations (W,G,T,C)	\$6,000	EA	14	\$84,000
17	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	326,700	\$163,350
18	88th Street Collection System	\$123,000	LS	1	\$123,000
	SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS				\$2,031,513
	<u>CONTINGENCIES:</u>				
	Construction			25%	\$507,878
	Engineering			7%	\$177,757
	Construction Admin.			6%	\$152,363
	TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS				\$2,869,511

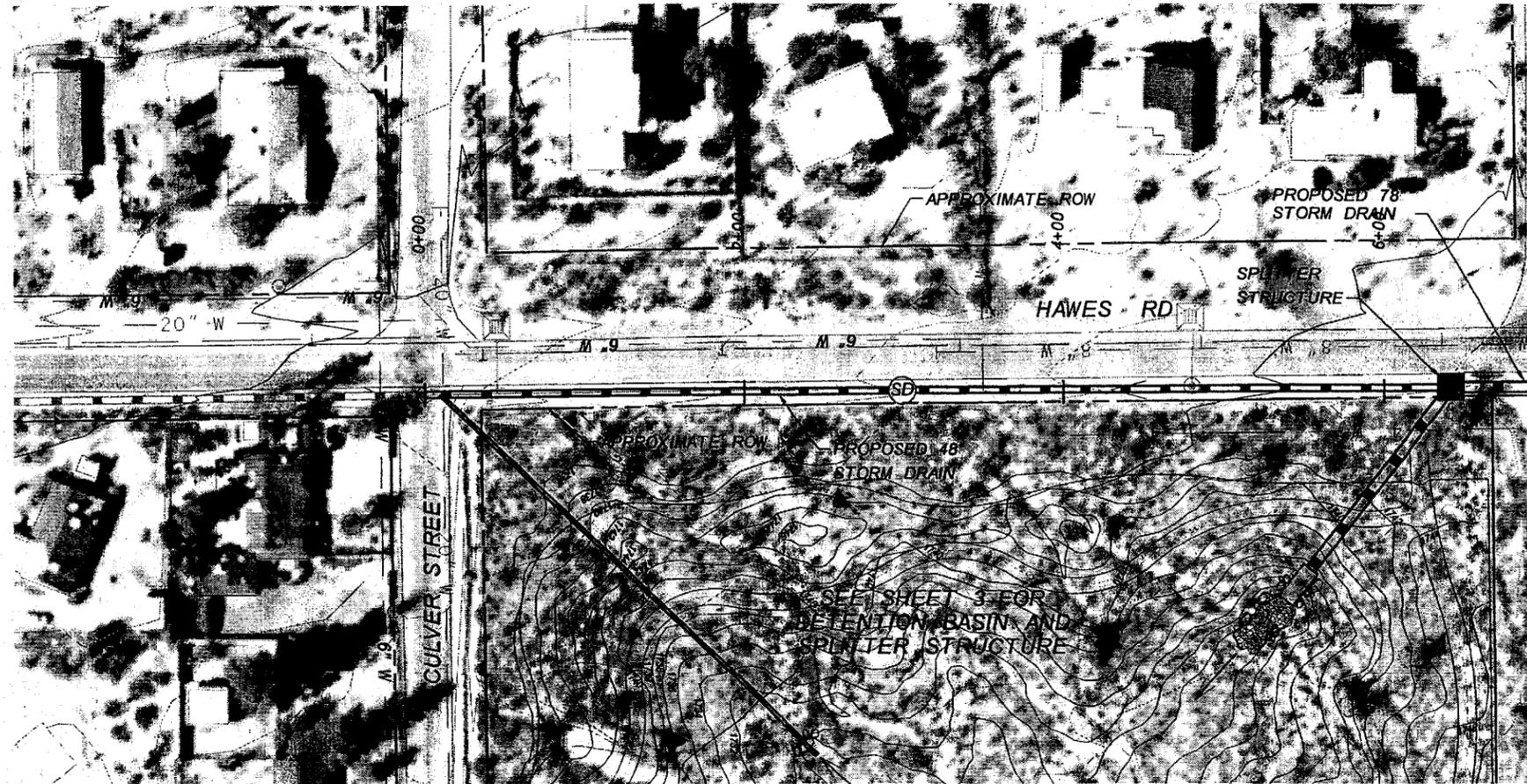
1. Construction Contingencies @ 25% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

LAND ACQUISITION:

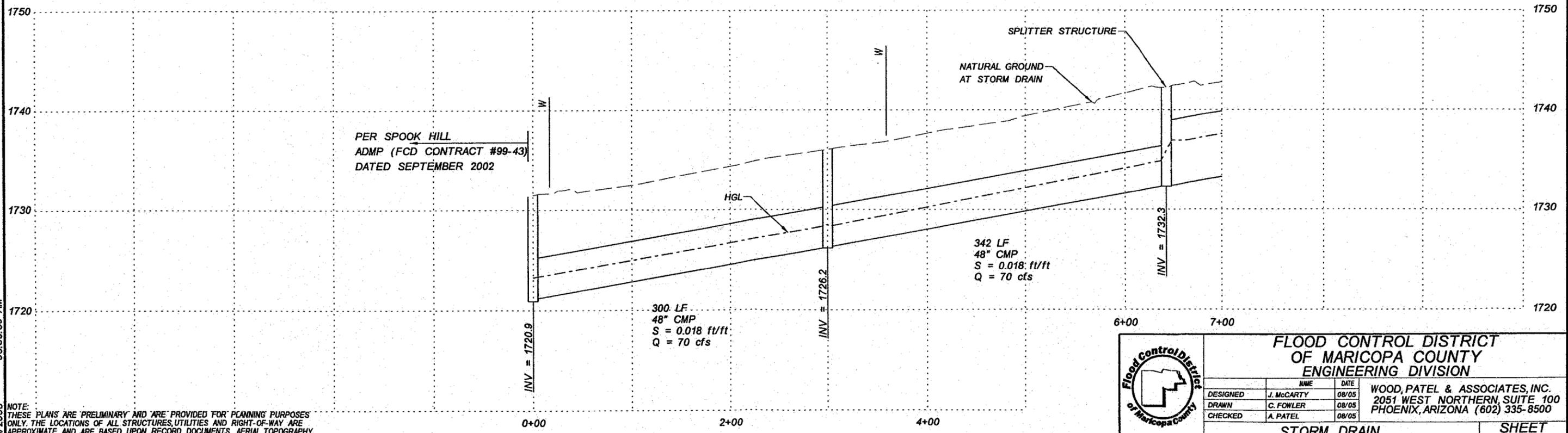
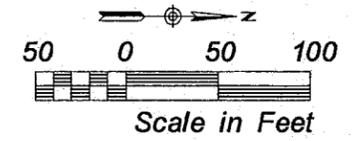
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	1	\$915,000
2	88th Street ROW	\$95,300	AC	0.20	\$95,300
	TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION				\$1,010,300
	TOTAL				\$3,879,811

1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

**APPENDIX A**  
**15% Design Plans**



MATCHLINE SEE SHEET P-2



PER SPOOK HILL  
ADMP (FCD CONTRACT #99-43)  
DATED SEPTEMBER 2002

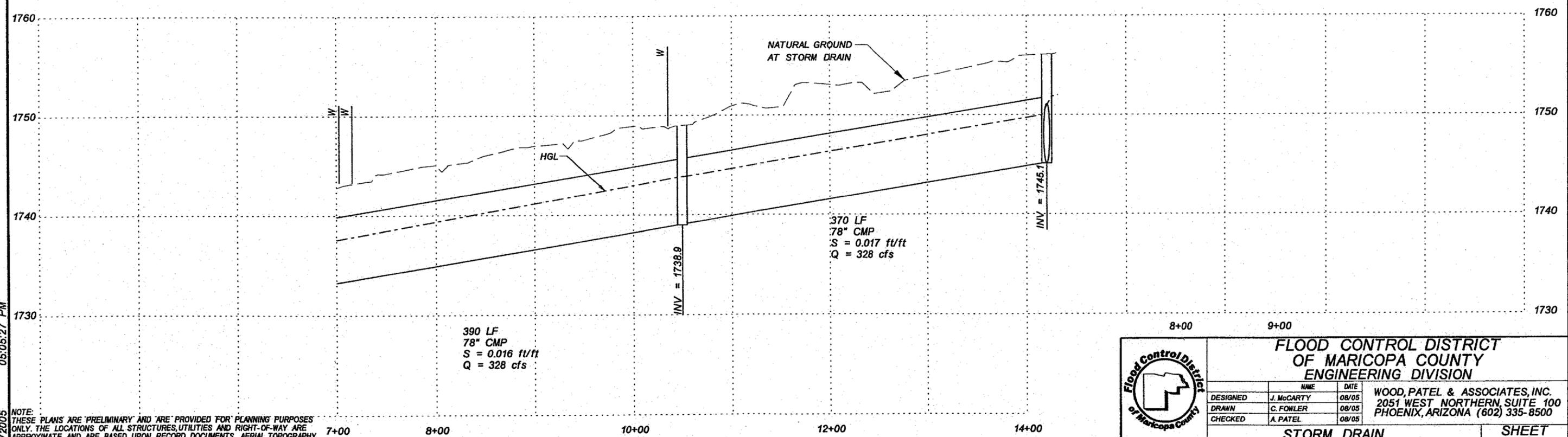
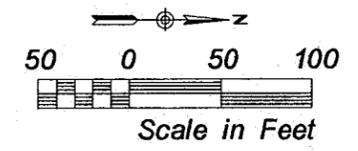
300 LF  
48" CMP  
S = 0.018 ft/ft  
Q = 70 cfs

342 LF  
48" CMP  
S = 0.018 ft/ft  
Q = 70 cfs

08/26/2005 08:36:59 AM

NOTE:  
THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES, UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS. AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.  
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	<b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>		
	NAME	DATE	WOOD, PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500
	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY 08/05	
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER 08/05	
CHECKED	A. PATEL 08/05		
STORM DRAIN			SHEET
HAWES ROAD ALIGNMENT			DWG. P-1



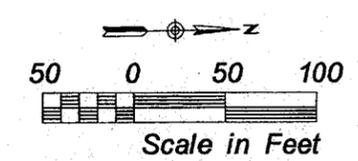
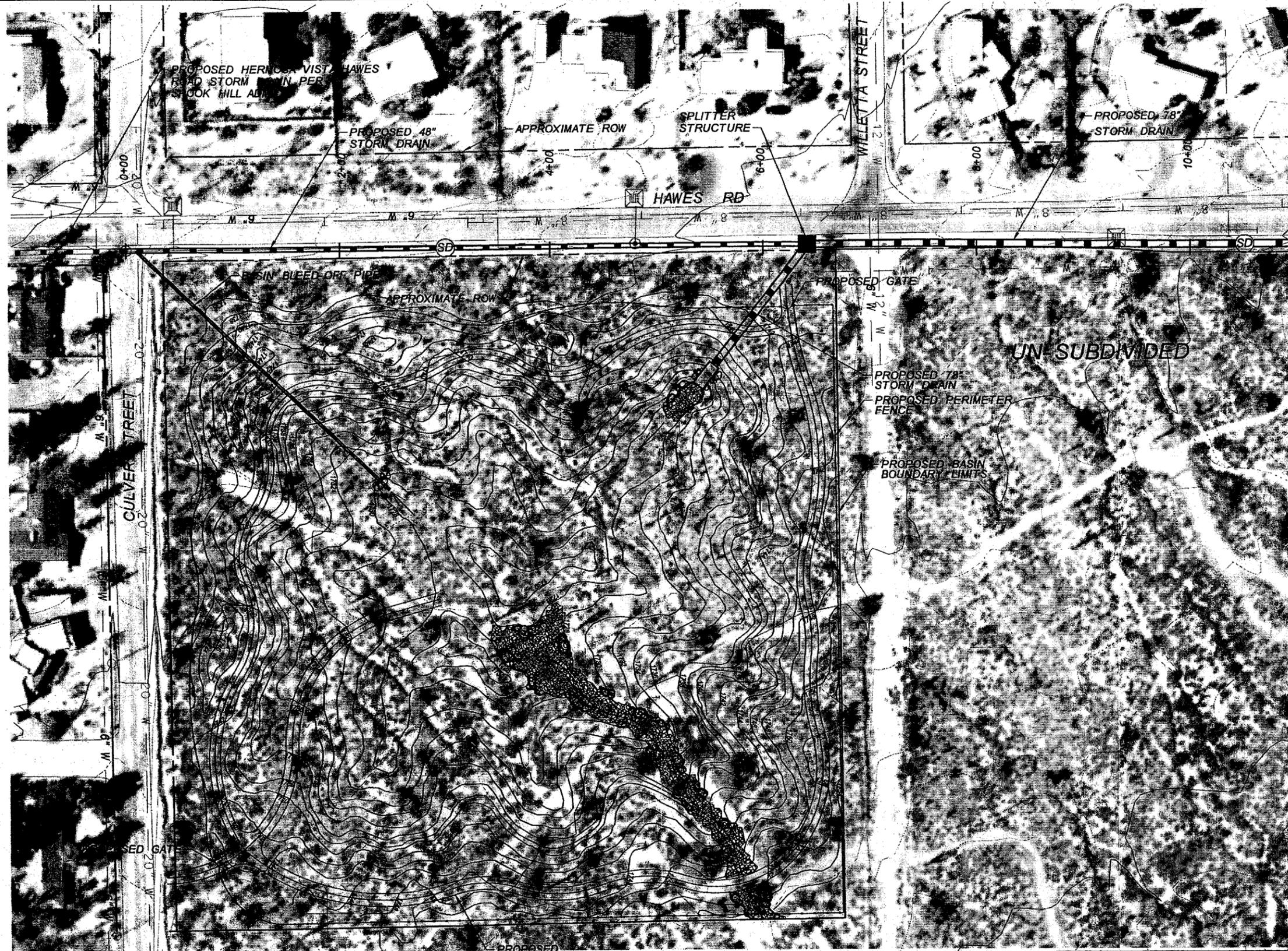
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NOTE: THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES, UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS. AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.  
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<b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>		
DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	08/05
DRAWN	C. FOWLER	08/05
CHECKED	A. PATEL	08/05
<b>STORM DRAIN HAWES ROAD ALIGNMENT</b>		<b>SHEET DWG. P-2</b>

WOOD, PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC.  
 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100  
 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500



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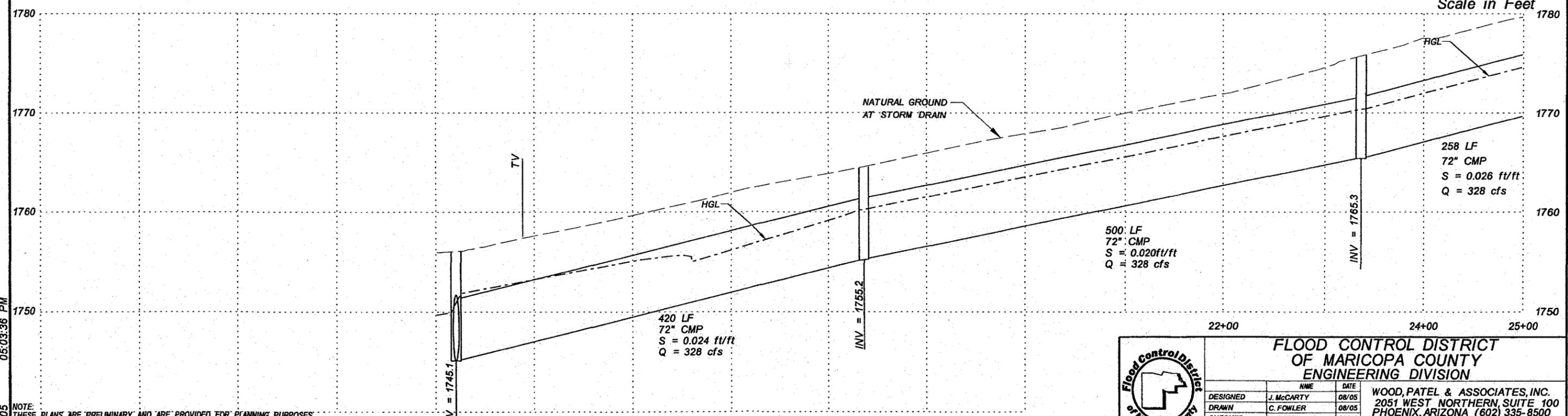
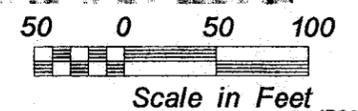
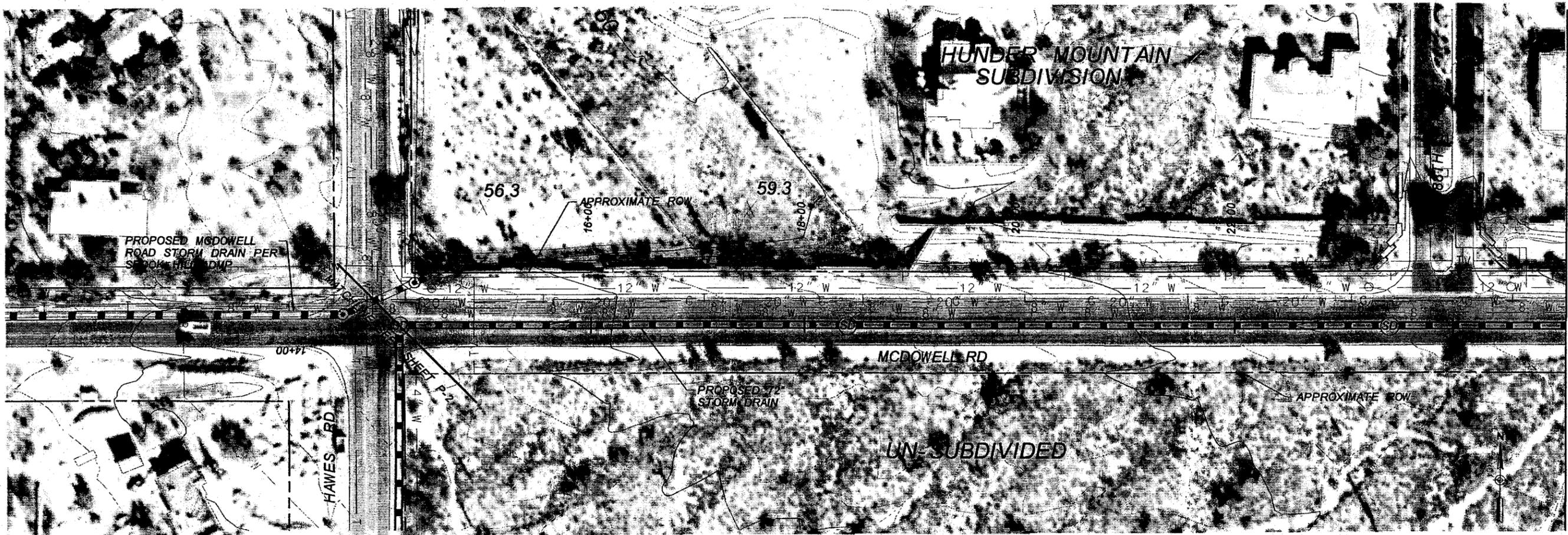
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 THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES, UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS. AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.

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<b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			<b>WOOD, PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500
DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	07/05	
DRAWN	C. FOWLER	07/05	
CHECKED	A. PATEL	07/05	
<b>BASIN PLAN</b>			<b>SHEET</b>
<b>HAWES ROAD ALIGNMENT</b>			<b>DWG. P-3</b>

MATCHLINE SEE SHEET P-5

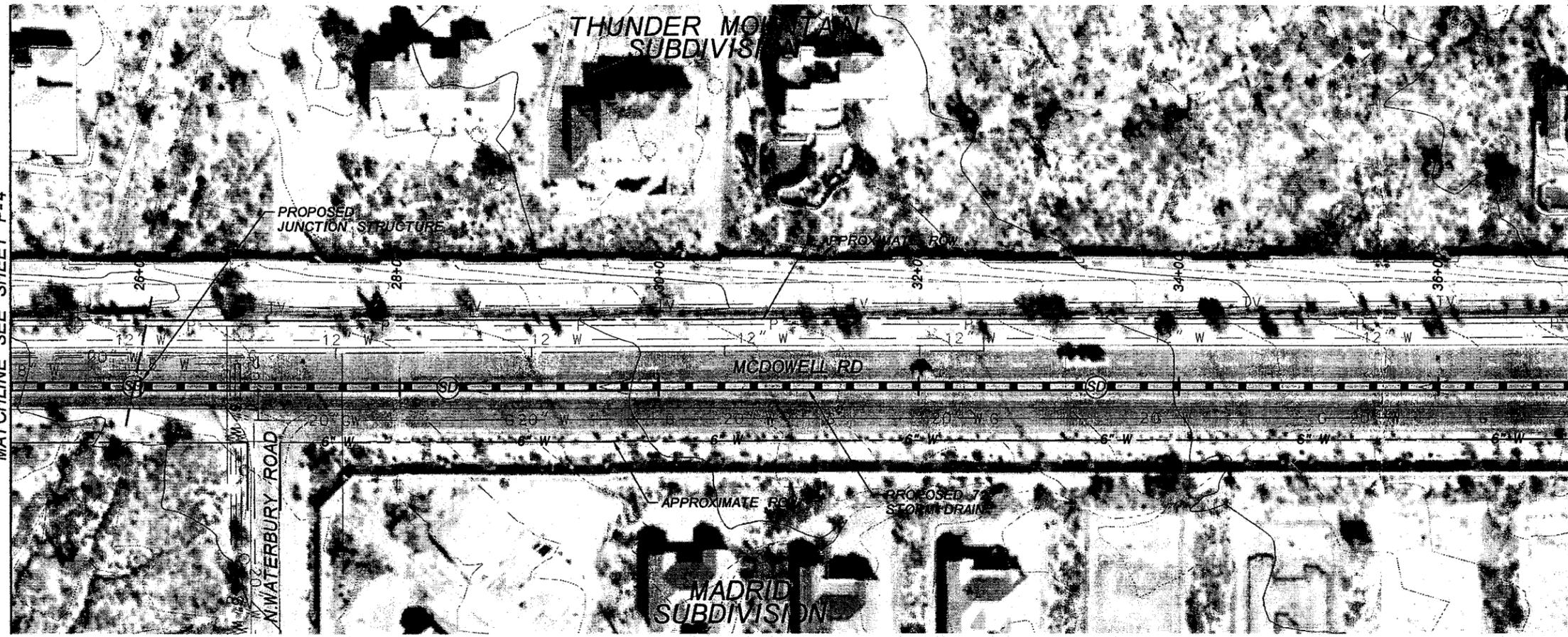


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NOTE: THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS, AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.  
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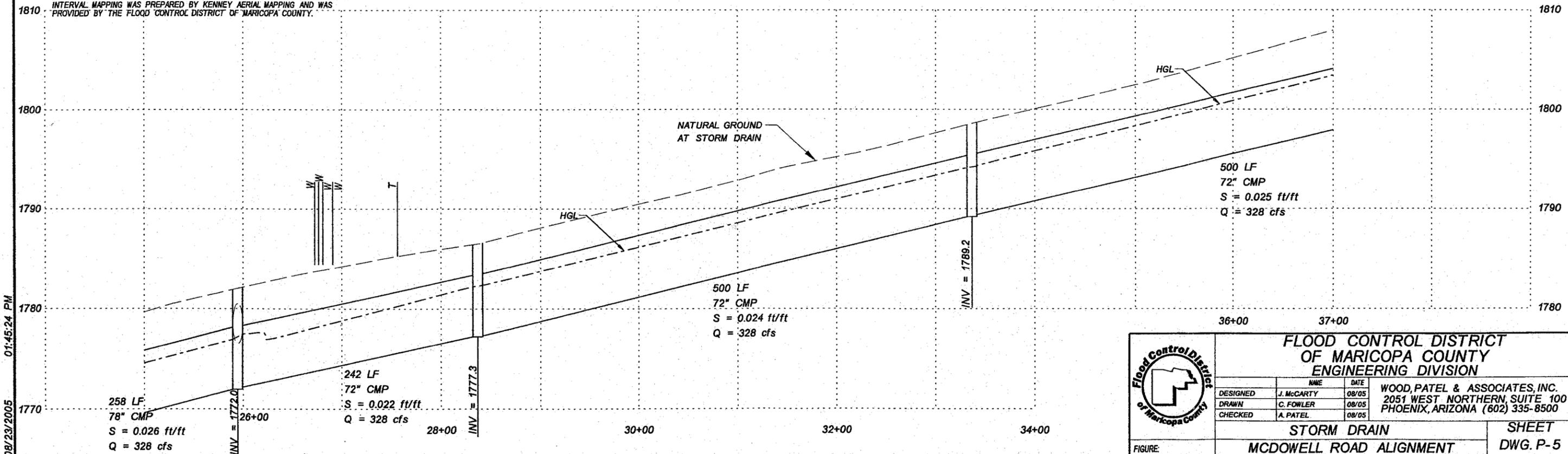
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION		
DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	08/05
DRAWN	C. FOWLER	08/05
CHECKED	A. PATEL	08/05
WOOD, PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 WEST NORTHERN SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500		
STORM DRAIN MCDOWELL ROAD ALIGNMENT		SHEET DWG. P-4



MATCHLINE SEE SHEET P-4

MATCHLINE SEE SHEET P-6

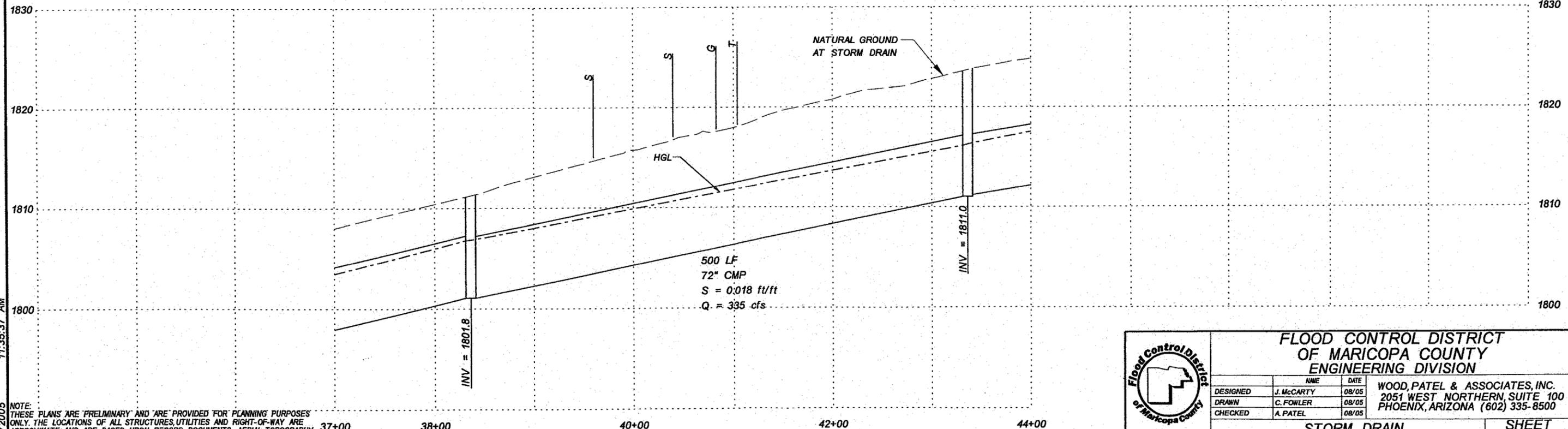
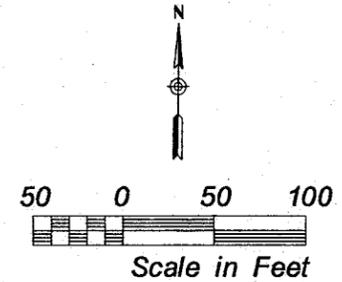
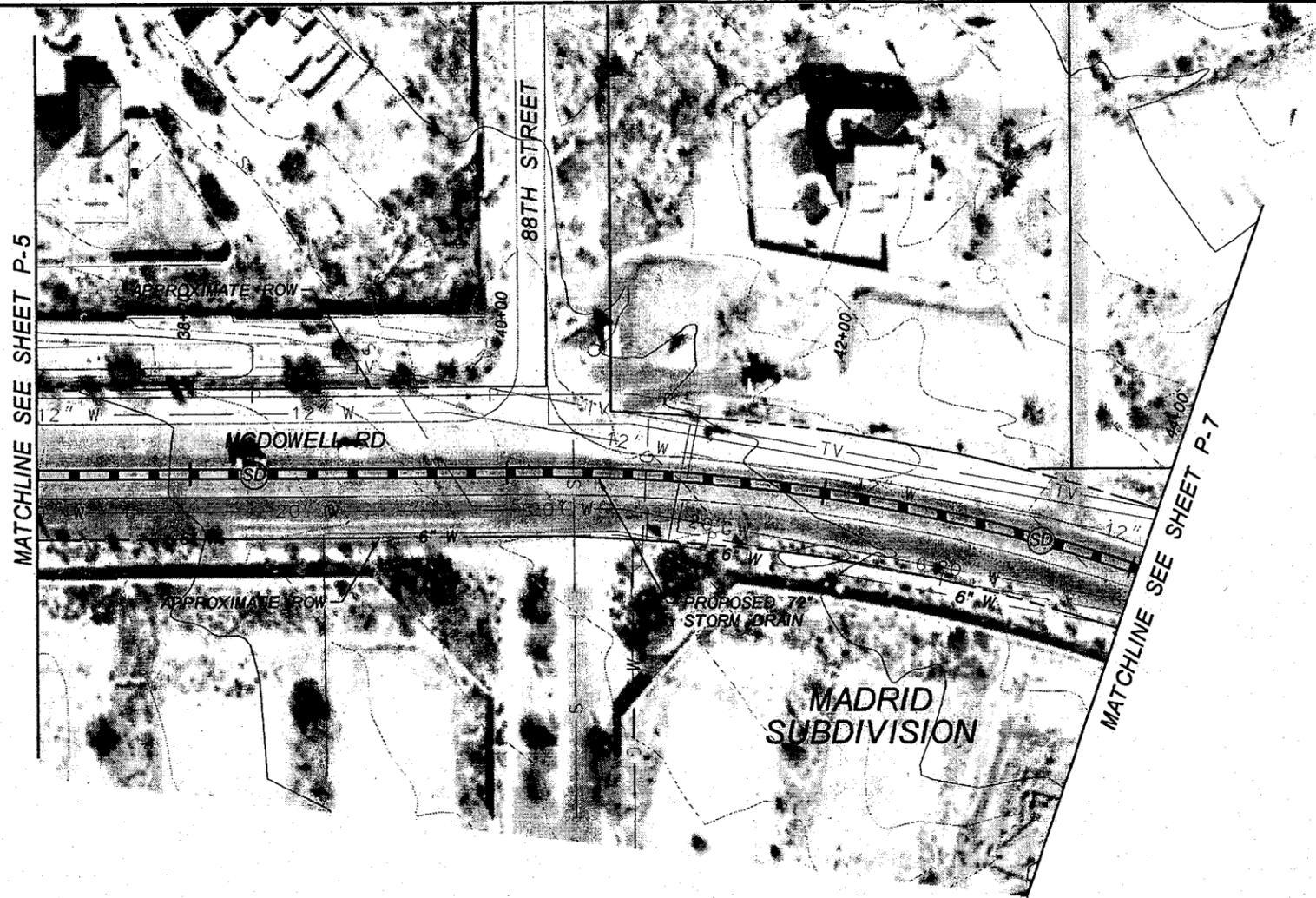
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 THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES, UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS. AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.



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	<b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>		
	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	08/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	08/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	08/05
<b>WOOD, PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500			
<b>STORM DRAIN</b>		<b>SHEET</b>	
<b>MCDOWELL ROAD ALIGNMENT</b>		<b>DWG. P-5</b>	

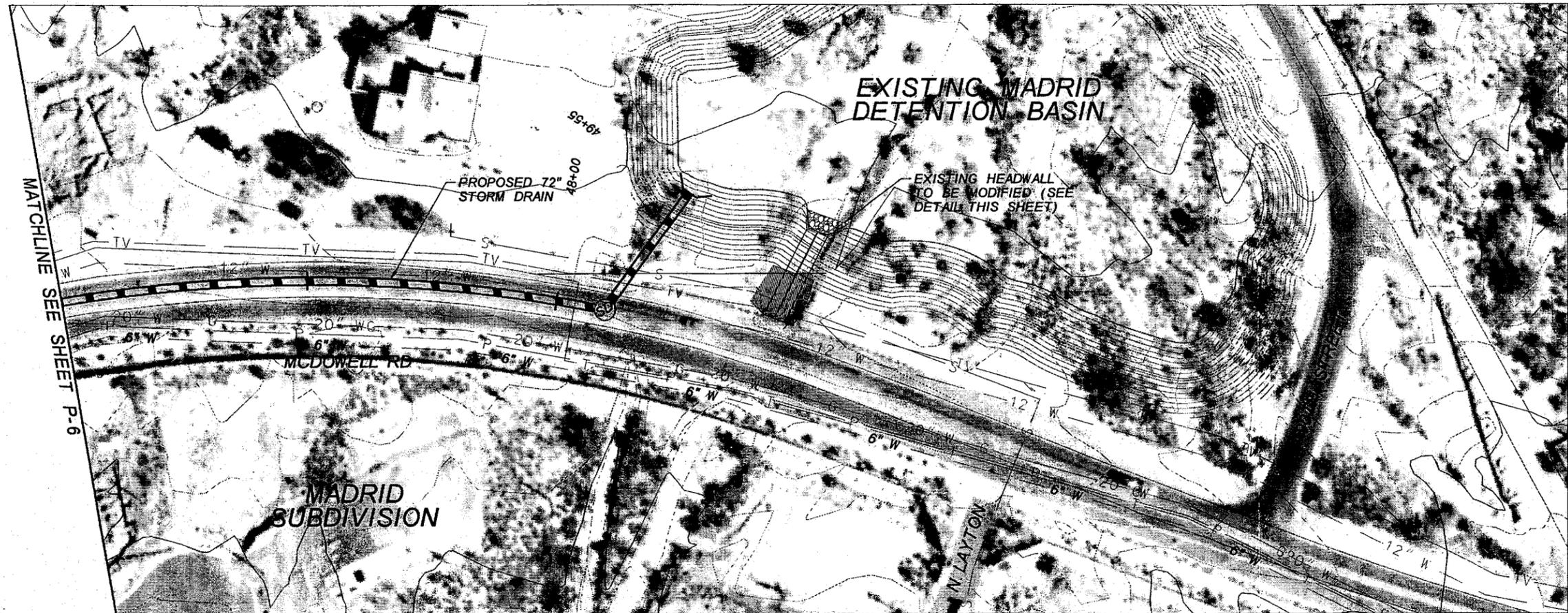


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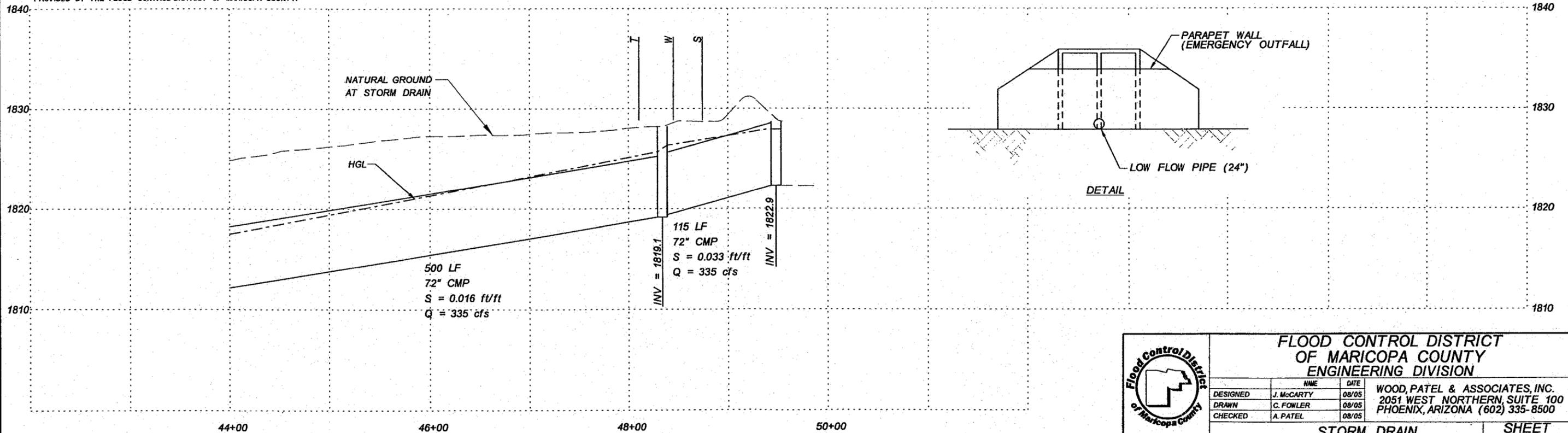
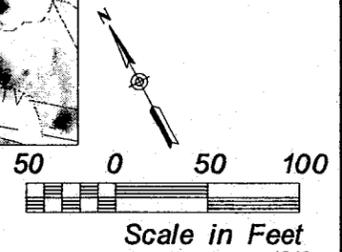
NOTE:  
 THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES, UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS, AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.  
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<b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>		
	NAME	DATE
DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	08/05
DRAWN	C. FOWLER	08/05
CHECKED	A. PATEL	08/05
WOOD, PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500		
<b>STORM DRAIN</b>		<b>SHEET</b>
<b>MCDOWELL ROAD ALIGNMENT</b>		<b>DWG. P-6</b>



NOTE:  
 THESE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY AND ARE PROVIDED FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THE LOCATIONS OF ALL STRUCTURES, UTILITIES AND RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED UPON RECORD DOCUMENTS. AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PRODUCED AT A SCALE OF 1 INCH = 200 FEET WITH A 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVAL. MAPPING WAS PREPARED BY KENNEY AERIAL MAPPING AND WAS PROVIDED BY THE FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY.



08/26/2005 10:20:58 AM

	<b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>		
	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	08/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	08/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	08/05
WOOD, PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500			
STORM DRAIN		SHEET	
MCDOWELL ROAD ALIGNMENT		DWG. P-7	

**APPENDIX B**

**Hydrologic Analysis for Preferred Alternative**

```

*****
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
* JUN 1998 *
* VERSION 4.1 *
* RUN DATE 25OCT05 TIME 09:27:53 *
*****

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*****
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER *
* 609 SECOND STREET *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 *
* (916) 756-1104 *
*****

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X X XXXXXXX XXXXX X
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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE. THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE, SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS-WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY, DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

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1 ID Spook Hill ADMP Update
2 ID Future Condition Preferred Model with Spook Hill FRS Storage Routing
3 ID Return Period = 100 Years, Rainfall Duration = 24 Hours
4 ID Original File Name: REC_EC24.DAT, Wood/Patel, April 2002, SZ
5 ID Hermosa Vista Hawes Road Basin Alternative Analysis
6 ID Final Option Model Name: FINAL.DAT, Wood/Patel, April 2005, SZ
7 ID STAGE STORAGE AND ELEVATION INFORMATION BASED ON NAVD 1988 VERTICAL DATUM
*
* Major Changes:
* Subbasin 380B3 is Divided into 3 Smaller Subbasins;
* Flow from basin through 24" pipe going to "380B1"(approx. 40 cfs);
* "C390" Divert less than 783 cfs to west;
* "C38B3C" is less than 165 cfs;
* Madrid Basin diversion to west by 72" pipe;
* Madrid Basin has 1.0 Ac-Ft Sediment Storage.
*
8 ID METHODOLOGY
9 ID THE US CORPS OF ENGINEERS FLOW HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE HEC-1 DATED JUNE 1998 V4.1
10 ID SCS TYPE II RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION
11 ID CLARK UNIT HYDROGRAPH
12 ID GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION EQUATION USED FOR CALCULATING LOSSES
13 ID NORMAL DEPTH STORAGE CHANNEL ROUTING
*
*DIAGRAM
14 IT 2 2000
15 IO 5
16 IN 15
17 JD 3.81 0.01
18 PC .000 .002 .005 .008 .011 .014 .017 .020 .023 .026
19 PC .029 .032 .035 .038 .041 .044 .048 .052 .056 .060
20 PC .064 .068 .072 .076 .080 .085 .090 .095 .100 .105
21 PC .110 .115 .120 .126 .133 .140 .147 .155 .163 .172
22 PC .181 .191 .203 .218 .236 .257 .283 .387 .663 .707
23 PC .735 .758 .776 .791 .804 .815 .825 .834 .842 .849
24 PC .856 .863 .869 .875 .881 .887 .893 .898 .903 .908
25 PC .913 .918 .922 .926 .930 .934 .938 .942 .946 .950
26 PC .953 .956 .959 .962 .965 .968 .971 .974 .977 .980
27 PC .983 .986 .989 .992 .995 .998 1.000
28 JD 3.787 1.00
29 JD 3.677 5.80
30 JD 3.574 10.66
31 JD 3.539 13.70
32 JD 3.467 20.00
33 JD 3.315 50.00
*
* DDM ***** Updated *****
34 KK 10
35 KM SUB-BASIN 10
36 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN
37 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .996
38 KM L = 2.00 Kb = .044 Adj. Slope = 165.0
39 BA .690
40 LG .350 .310 7.600 .090 16.000
41 UC .421 .305

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\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

108 KK S40  
 109 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 110 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 14 CFS  
 111 RS 1 STOR 0  
 112 SV 0 .01 39.1 60  
 113 SQ 0 0.5 14.0 40  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

114 KK C40  
 115 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 116 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 4

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

117 KK 60  
 118 KM SUB-BASIN 60  
 119 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 120 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .989  
 121 KM L = 4.19 Kb = .038 Adj. Slope = 209.6  
 122 BA 1.751  
 123 LG .320 .340 5.800 .190 10.000  
 124 UC .592 .472  
 125 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 126 UA 100

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

127 KK D60  
 128 KM 100-YEAR 2-HOUR ONSITE RETENTION BASIN  
 129 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 4.60 acre-feet  
 130 DT BS60 4.6  
 131 DI 0 10000  
 132 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

133 KK RT60  
 134 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 135 DR BS60  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

136 KK SB60  
 137 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 138 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 2 CFS  
 139 RS 1 STOR 0  
 140 SV 0 .01 4.6 10  
 141 SQ 0 0.5 2.0 10  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

142 KK C60  
 143 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 144 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

145 KK S60  
 146 KM APACHE JUNCTION FRS AS-BUILT PLANS 12/19/88  
 147 KM OUTLET PIPE=30"RCP; L=136.6'; INLET INV.=1783.5; OUTLET INV.=1783  
 148 KM EMERGENCY SPILLWAY ELEV.=1799.77'; PRINCIPLE SPILLWAY ELEV.=1793.5'  
 149 KM STORAGE VOLUME BELOW PRINCIPLE SPILLWAY FOR SEDIMENT = 100 ACRE-FEET  
 150 RS 1 STOR 0  
 151 SV 0 46.80 73.71 130.0 170.70 322.23 584.06 812.88 1121.9  
 152 SQ 0.0 0.01 0.02 26.30 91.20 102.42 347.66 1650.0 7700.0  
 153 SE 794.09 795.15 795.65 796.65 797.29 799.29 801.92 803.87 806.15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 5

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

154 KK R60  
 155 KM ROUTE FLOW THROUGH BULLDOG FLOODWAY FROM APACHE JUNCTION FRS  
 156 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 157 RC .016 .016 .016 2850 .012  
 158 RX 0 1 2 2.1 5.6 5.7 6 7  
 159 RY 4.5 3.5 3.5 0 0 3.5 3.5 4.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

160 KK RR60  
 161 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM BULLDOG FLOODWAY TO SUB-BASIN 80  
 162 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 163 RC .016 .016 .016 3500 .005  
 164 RX 0 1 2 2.1 7.1 7.2 8 9  
 165 RY 4.5 3.5 3.5 0 0 3.5 3.5 4.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

166 KK 80  
 167 KM SUB-BASIN 80  
 168 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 169 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .991  
 170 KM L = 2.69 Kb = .039 Adj. Slope = 229.8

171 BA 1.493  
 172 LG .320 .300 5.600 .220 7.000  
 173 UC .429 .254  
 174 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 175 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

176 KK D80  
 177 KM 100-YEAR 2-HOUR ONSITE RETENTION BASIN  
 178 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 18.9 acre-feet  
 179 DT BS80 18.9  
 180 DI 0 10000  
 181 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

182 KK RT80  
 183 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 184 DR BS80  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

185 KK S80  
 186 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 187 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 7 CFS  
 188 RS 1 STOR 0  
 189 SV 0 .01 18.9 30  
 190 SQ 0 1.0 7.0 20  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 6

1  
 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

191 KK C90  
 192 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 193 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

194 KK CC80  
 195 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR FLOW FROM APACHE JUNCTION FRS & SUB-BASIN 80  
 196 HC 2 1.493  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

197 KK R80  
 198 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 80 TO SUB-BASIN 100  
 199 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 200 RC .025 .016 .025 1200 .003  
 201 RX 0 2 6 6.1 41.1 41.2 56.2 58.2  
 202 RY 5.5 4.5 4.5 0 0 4.5 4.5 5.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

203 KK 100  
 204 KM SUB-BASIN 100  
 205 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 206 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997  
 207 KM L = 1.94 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 108.0  
 208 BA .488  
 209 IG .300 .250 5.100 .280 9.000  
 210 UC .517 .455  
 211 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 212 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

213 KK D100  
 214 KM 100-YEAR 2-HOUR ONSITE RETENTION BASIN  
 215 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 10.0 acre-feet  
 216 DT BS100 10.0  
 217 DI 0 10000  
 218 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

219 KK RT100  
 220 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 221 DR BS100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

222 KK S100  
 223 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 224 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 4 CFS  
 225 RS 1 STOR 0  
 226 SV 0 .01 10.0 20  
 227 SQ 0 1.0 4.0 10  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 7

1  
 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

228 KK C100  
 229 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 80 & 100  
 230 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

231 KK R100  
 232 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 100 TO SUB-BASIN 120  
 233 RS 1 FLOW -1

234 RC .016 .016 .016 940 .004  
 235 RX 0 1 2 2.1 52.1 53 54  
 236 RY 4.5 4.5 4.5 0 0 4.5 4.5 4.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

237 KK 120  
 238 KM SUB-BASIN 120  
 239 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 240 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .987  
 241 KM L = 3.07 Kb = .037 Adj. Slope = 239.0  
 242 BA 2.197  
 243 LG .330 .280 6.800 .130 12.000  
 244 UC .429 .227  
 245 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 246 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

247 KK D120  
 248 KM 100-YEAR 2-HOUR ONSITE RETENTION BASIN  
 249 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 5.7 acre-feet  
 250 DT BS120 5.7  
 251 DI 0 10000  
 252 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

253 KK RT120  
 254 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 255 DR BS120  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

256 KK S120  
 257 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 258 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 2 CFS  
 259 RS 1 STOR 0  
 260 SV 0 .01 5.7 15  
 261 SQ 0 1.0 2.0 10  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

262 KK C120  
 263 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 100 & 120  
 264 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

265 KK R120  
 266 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 120 TO SIGNAL BUTTE FRS  
 267 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 268 RC .025 .016 .025 2100 .005  
 269 RX 0 6 10 10.1 60.1 60.2 74.2 80.2  
 270 RY 8 5 5 0 0 5 5 8  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

271 KK 140  
 272 KM SUB-BASIN 140  
 273 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 274 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .996  
 275 KM L = 1.61 Kb = .044 Adj. Slope = 149.0  
 276 BA .598  
 277 LG .310 .280 4.200 .440 5.000  
 278 UC .421 .278  
 279 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 280 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

281 KK D140  
 282 KM 100-YEAR 2-HOUR ONSITE RETENTION BASIN  
 283 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 5.9 acre-feet  
 284 DT BS140 5.9  
 285 DI 0 10000  
 286 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

287 KK RT140  
 288 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 289 DR BS140  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

290 KK S140  
 291 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 292 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 2 CFS  
 293 RS 1 STOR 0  
 294 SV 0 .01 5.9 15  
 295 SQ 0 1.0 2.0 10  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

296 KK C140  
 297 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 298 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

299 KK 150  
300 KM SUB-BASIN 150  
301 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
302 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
303 KM L = 1.50 Kb = .047 Adj. Slope = 314.6  
304 BA .407  
305 LG .350 .360 5.100 .260 7.000  
306 UC .296 .221  
307 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
308 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

309 KK R150  
310 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 150 TO R152  
311 RS 2 FLOW -1  
312 RC .045 .04 .045 3100 .032  
313 RX 0 1 2 23 33 54 55 56  
314 RY 7 7 7 0 0 7 7 7  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

315 KK R152  
316 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM R152 TO SUB-BASIN 160  
317 RS 3 FLOW -1  
318 RC .045 .03 .045 5900 .019  
319 RX 0 1 2 8 33 39 40 41  
320 RY 2 2 2 0 0 2 2 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

321 KK 160  
322 KM SUB-BASIN 160  
323 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
324 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
325 KM L = 2.10 Kb = .047 Adj. Slope = 129.0  
326 BA .365  
327 LG .340 .330 4.150 .440 1.000  
328 UC .587 .659  
329 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
330 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

331 KK D160  
332 KM 100-YEAR 2-HOUR ONSITE RETENTION BASIN  
333 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 1.2 acre-feet  
334 DT BS160 1.2  
335 DI 0 10000  
336 DQ 0 10000  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

337 KK RT160  
338 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
339 DR BS160  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

340 KK S160  
341 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
342 KM BLEEDOFF FLOW = 1 CFS  
343 RS 1 STOR 0  
344 SV 0 .01 1.2 10  
345 SQ 0 0.5 1.0 10  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

346 KK C160  
347 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
348 HC 3  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

349 KK 180  
350 KM SUB-BASIN 180  
351 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
352 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .994  
353 KM L = 2.42 Kb = .041 Adj. Slope = 140.0  
354 BA 1.014  
355 LG .350 .350 4.150 .430 .000  
356 UC .571 .400  
357 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
358 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

359 KK C180  
360 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SIGNAL BUTTE FRS  
361 HC 3  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

362 KK 210

363 KM SUB-BASIN 210  
 364 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 365 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .995  
 366 KM L = 1.84 Kb = .043 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 367 BA .792  
 368 LG .350 .360 6.800 .130 4.000  
 369 UC .313 .189  
 370 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 371 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

372 KK R210  
 373 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 210 TO SUB-BASIN 220  
 374 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 375 RC .045 .03 .045 5100 .022  
 376 RX 0 1 2 14 34 46 47 48  
 377 RY 4 4 4 0 0 4 4 4  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

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 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

378 KK 240  
 379 KM SUB-BASIN 240  
 380 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 381 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .992  
 382 KM L = 3.50 Kb = .039 Adj. Slope = 298.6  
 383 BA 1.408  
 384 LG .350 .370 5.300 .230 2.000  
 385 UC .467 .356  
 386 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 387 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

388 KK C240  
 389 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SUB-BASIN 240 & 220  
 390 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

391 KK S240  
 392 KM WEIR GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS @ PASS MTN. DIVERSION.  
 393 KM WEIR STORAGE DATA OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 394 RS 1 STOR 0  
 395 SA 1.38 14.2 36.5  
 396 SE 1.7 5 11  
 397 SS 5 42 3 1.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

398 KK R240  
 399 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 240 TO SUB-BASIN 220  
 400 KM PASS MOUNTAIN DIVERSION  
 401 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 402 RC .035 .025 .035 1800 .005  
 403 RX 0 15 30 39 69 81 96 111  
 404 RY 3.6 3.3 3 0 0 3 3 4  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

405 KK 220  
 406 KM SUB-BASIN 220  
 407 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 408 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997  
 409 KM L = 1.92 Kb = .046 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 410 BA .473  
 411 LG .350 .350 7.000 .120 5.000  
 412 UC .333 .282  
 413 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 414 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

415 KK C220  
 416 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SUB-BASIN 240 & 220  
 417 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 12

1  
 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

418 KK SW220  
 419 KM WEIR GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS @ PASS MTN. DIVERSION.  
 420 KM WEIR STORAGE DATA OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 421 RS 1 STOR 0  
 422 SA .78 4.1 13.7  
 423 SE 1 3 10  
 424 SS 3 65 3 1.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

425 KK R220  
 426 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 220 TO SUB-BASIN 200  
 427 KM PASS MOUNTAIN DIVERSION  
 428 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 429 RC .035 .025 .035 1250 .005  
 430 RX 0 50 100 109 139 148 178 184  
 431 RY 5 4 3 0 0 3 3 5

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

432 KK 190  
 433 KM SUB-BASIN 190  
 434 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 435 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .994  
 436 KM L = 1.91 Kb = .042 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 437 BA .918  
 438 LG .350 .390 5.800 .190 8.000  
 439 UC .321 .185  
 440 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 441 UA 100

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

442 KK R190  
 443 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 190 TO SUB-BASIN 200  
 444 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 445 RC .045 .03 .045 4740 .03  
 446 RX 0 1 2 17 37 52 53 54  
 447 RY 5 5 5 0 0 5 5 5

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

448 KK R192  
 449 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 190 TO SUB-BASIN 200  
 450 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 451 RC .045 .035 .045 2200 .018  
 452 RX 0 1 50 59 79 88 137 138  
 453 RY 4.5 3 3 0 0 3 3 4.5

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

454 KK 200  
 455 KM SUB-BASIN 200  
 456 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 457 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997  
 458 KM L = 1.58 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 305.6  
 459 BA .530  
 460 LG .350 .390 5.700 .200 10.000  
 461 UC .300 .201

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

462 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 463 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

464 KK C200  
 465 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SUB-BASIN 220 & 200  
 466 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

467 KK SW200  
 468 KM WEIR GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS @ PASS MTN. DIVERSION.  
 469 KM WEIR STORAGE DATA OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 470 RS 1 STOR 0  
 471 SA 2.56 3.1 9.4  
 472 SE 0 3 10  
 473 SS 3 112 3 1.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

474 KK R200  
 475 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 200 TO SIGNAL BUTTE FRS through storage  
 476 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 477 RC .035 .025 .035 650 .005  
 478 RX 0 1 2 17 117 132 133 134  
 479 RY 5 5 5 0 0 5 5 5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

480 KK SS200  
 481 KM WEIR GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS @ PASS MTN. DIVERSION.  
 482 KM WEIR STORAGE DATA OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 483 RS 1 STOR 0  
 484 SA 8 9.2 9.2  
 485 SE 0 7 10  
 486 SS 7 251 3 1.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

487 KK RR200  
 488 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 200 TO SIGNAL BUTTE FRS  
 489 RS 4 FLOW -1  
 490 RC .035 .025 .035 3150 .005  
 491 RX 0 1 2 17 117 132 133 134  
 492 RY 5 5 5 0 0 5 5 5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

493 KK CC180  
 494 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SIGNAL BUTTE FRS  
 495 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

496 KK S180  
 497 KM SIGNAL BUTTE FRS DATED 1/28/85  
 498 KM OUTLET PIPE=36"RCP; L= 147'; INLET INV.=1690; OUTLET INV.=1687  
 499 KM EMERGENCY SPILLWAY ELEV.=1712.4; PRINCIPLE SPILLWAY ELEV.=1701  
 500 KM STORAGE VOLUME BELOW PRINCIPLE SPILLWAY FOR SEDIMENT = 247 ACRE-FEET

501 RS 1 STOR 0  
 502 SV 0.0 172.10 244.35 482.24 871.30 1101.52 1294.09 1418.10 1578.77 1980.33  
 HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

503 SQ 0.0 10.20 10.55 121.80 138.40 145.90 151.40 154.67 390.00 1950.0  
 504 SE 698.23 702.23 703.23 706.23 710.23 712.23 713.73 714.63 715.73 718.23  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

505 KK R180  
 506 KM Routing length updated using Signal Butte Floodway plans dated March 1983  
 507 KM Routing length increased 100' from 1500' to 1600' 12/12/00  
 508 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY FOR SIGNAL BUTTE FRS OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS.  
 509 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SIGNAL BUTTE FRS TO SUB-BASIN 260  
 510 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 511 RC .035 .025 .035 1600 .003  
 512 RX 0 1 2 22.6 38.6 59.2 60 61  
 513 RY 9.3 9.3 9.3 0 0 9.3 9.3 9.3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

514 KK 260  
 515 KM SUB-BASIN 260  
 516 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 517 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 518 KM L = .81 Kb = .046 Adj. Slope = 68.0  
 519 BA .263  
 520 LG .280 .210 6.600 .160 11.000  
 521 UC .350 .209  
 522 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 523 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

524 KK C260  
 525 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR OUTFLOW OF SIGNAL BUTTE FRS & SUB-BASIN 260  
 526 HC 2 .263  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

527 KK R260  
 528 KM Routing length updated using Signal Butte Floodway plans dated March 1983  
 529 KM Routing length unchanged 12/12/00  
 530 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY FOR SIGNAL BUTTE FRS OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS.  
 531 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 260 TO SUB-BASIN 280  
 532 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 533 RC .035 .025 .035 2300 .003  
 534 RX 0 1 2 23.4 43.4 64.8 65 66  
 535 RY 9.7 9.7 9.7 0 0 9.7 9.7 9.7  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

536 KK 280  
 537 KM SUB-BASIN 280  
 538 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 539 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 540 KM L = .77 Kb = .048 Adj. Slope = 84.0  
 541 BA .319  
 542 LG .300 .250 5.300 .290 15.000  
 543 UC .329 .168  
 544 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 545 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

546 KK C280  
 547 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SUB-BASIN 260 & SUB-BASIN 280  
 548 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

549 KK R280  
 550 KM Routing length updated using Signal Butte Floodway plans dated March 1983  
 551 KM Routing length decreased 400' from 2500' to 2100' 12/12/00  
 552 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY FOR SIGNAL BUTTE FRS OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS.  
 553 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 280 TO SUB-BASIN 300  
 554 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 555 RC .035 .025 .035 2100 .003  
 556 RX 0 1 2 23.4 43.4 64.8 65 66  
 557 RY 9.7 9.7 9.7 0 0 9.7 9.7 9.7  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

558 KK 300  
 559 KM SUB-BASIN 300  
 560 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 561 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 562 KM L = .78 Kb = .049 Adj. Slope = 103.0  
 563 BA .289  
 564 LG .300 .250 4.200 .520 16.000  
 565 UC .321 .174  
 566 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 567 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

568 KK C300  
 569 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF SUB-BASIN 280 & 300

570 HC 2  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

571 KK R300  
 572 KM Routing length updated using Signal Butte Floodway plans dated March 1983  
 573 KM Routing length increased 300' from 2200' to 2500' 12/12/00  
 574 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY FOR SIGNAL BUTTE FRS OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS.  
 575 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 300 TO START OF FLOODWAY CONCRETE CHANNEL  
 576 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 577 RC .035 .025 .035 2500 .003  
 578 RX 0 1 2 23.4 55.4 76.8 77 78  
 579 RY 9.7 9.7 9.7 0 0 9.7 9.7 9.7  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

580 KK 305A  
 581 KM SUB-BASIN 305A  
 582 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 583 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 584 KM L = .98 Kb = .048 Adj. Slope = 82.0  
 585 BA .316  
 586 LG .340 .320 4.600 .350 12.000  
 587 UC .400 .254

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

588 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 589 UA 100

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

590 KK C305  
 591 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF SUB-BASIN 300 AND 305A  
 592 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

593 KK R305  
 594 KM Routing length updated using Signal Butte Floodway plans dated March 1983  
 595 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY FOR SPOOK HILL FRS OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILT PLANS.  
 596 KM CONTINUE TO ROUTE FLOW WITHIN CONCRETE CHANNEL TO SPOOK HILL FRS  
 597 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 598 RC .016 .016 .016 4000 .0146  
 599 RX 0 1 2 2.1 16.1 16.2 17 18  
 600 RY 7.5 7.5 7.5 0 0 7.5 7.5 7.5  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

601 KK 320B1  
 602 KM SUB-BASIN 320B1  
 603 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 604 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997  
 605 KM L = 1.13 Kb = .046 Adj. Slope = 106.0  
 606 BA .454  
 607 LG .300 .260 4.800 .310 17.000  
 608 UC .375 .215  
 609 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 610 UA 100  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

611 KK D320B1  
 612 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 613 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN THREE SUBDIVISIONS  
 614 KM SIERRA HEIGHTS FALCON RIDGE & MARBLE CREEK  
 615 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 9.3 acre-feet  
 616 DT B320B1 9.30  
 617 DI 0 10000  
 618 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

619 KK T320B1  
 620 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 621 DR B320B1  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

622 KK S320B1  
 623 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 624 KM 9.30 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=4.cfs  
 625 RS 1 STOR 0  
 626 SV 0 .01 9.3 15.0  
 627 SQ 0 0.5 4.0 50.0  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

628 KK C320B1  
 629 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 630 HC 3  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

631 KK 350  
 632 KM SUB-BASIN 350  
 633 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 634 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .994  
 635 KM L = 2.22 Kb = .041 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 636 BA .997  
 637 LG .350 .350 4.550 .340 4.000  
 638 UC .363 .227  
 639 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 640 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

641 KK D350  
 642 KM DIVERT FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 350. FOR MODELING PURPOSES THE SPLIT FLOW WILL  
 643 KM BE ROUTED BETWEEN SUB-BASINS 355 & 310. THE MAIN FLOW WILL ROUTED TO 310  
 644 DT SF350  
 645 DI 0 5000  
 646 DQ 0 2500  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

647 KK R350  
 648 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING  
 649 KM ROUTING OF MAIN FLOW FROM DIVERSION OF SUB-BASIN 350 TO SUB-BASIN 310  
 650 RS 7 FLOW -1  
 651 RC .045 .035 .045 5150 .025  
 652 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 653 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

654 KK 310  
 655 KM SUB-BASIN 310  
 656 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 657 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997  
 658 KM L = 2.70 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 283.5  
 659 BA .538  
 660 LG .350 .350 3.910 .480 .000  
 661 UC .483 .520  
 662 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 663 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

664 KK C310  
 665 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF SUB-BASINS 350 & 310  
 666 HC 2 1.04  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

667 KK R310  
 668 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 669 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 310 TO 320B  
 670 RS 10 FLOW -1  
 671 RC .045 .035 .045 8550 .022  
 672 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 673 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

674 KK 305B  
 675 KM SUB-BASIN 305B  
 676 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 677 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 678 KM L = 1.70 Kb = .047 Adj. Slope = 124.0  
 679 BA .386  
 680 LG .350 .350 4.500 .350 .000  
 681 UC .492 .443  
 682 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 683 UA 100  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

684 KK R305B  
 685 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 686 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 305B TO SUB-BASIN 320B2.  
 687 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 688 RC .045 .035 .045 1700 .016  
 689 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 690 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

691 KK 320B2  
 692 KM SUB-BASIN 320B2  
 693 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 694 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 695 KM L = 1.08 Kb = .050 Adj. Slope = 120.0  
 696 BA .220  
 697 LG .300 .270 4.500 .380 9.000  
 698 UC .375 .314  
 699 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 700 UA 100  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

701 KK D320B2  
 702 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 703 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN THREE SUBDIVISIONS  
 704 KM SIERRA HEIGHTS FALCON RIDGE & MARBLE CREEK  
 705 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 3.32acre-feet  
 706 DT B320B2 3.32  
 707 DI 0 10000  
 708 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

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 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

709 KK T320B2  
 710 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 711 DR B320B2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

712 KK S320B2  
 713 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 714 KM 3.32 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=1.2cfs  
 715 RS 1 STOR 0  
 716 SV 0 .01 3.3 5.0  
 717 SQ 0 0.5 1.2 15.0  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

718 KK C320B2  
 719 KM Combine R305B, R310 and 320B2  
 720 HC 4  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

721 KK R320B2  
 722 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 723 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 320B2 TO SUB-BASIN 340B.  
 724 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 725 RC .045 .035 .045 1000 .016  
 726 RK 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 727 RY 5 2 2 0 0 2 2 5  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

728 KK 340B  
 729 KM SUB-BASIN 340B  
 730 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 731 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 732 KM L = .85 Kb = .049 Adj. Slope = 238.5  
 733 BA .290  
 734 LG .280 .250 4.000 .560 23.000  
 735 UC .242 .136  
 736 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 737 UA 100  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

738 KK D340B  
 739 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 740 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN THREE SUBDIVISIONS  
 741 KM GRANDVIEW ESTATES BOULDER MOUNTAIN & 33% OF MESA HIGHLANDS  
 742 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 15.6 acre-feet  
 743 DT BS340B 15.6  
 744 DI 0 10000  
 745 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

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 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

746 KK RT340B  
 747 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 748 DR BS340B  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

749 KK S340B  
 750 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 751 KM 15.6 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600= 5.2cfs  
 752 RS 1 STOR 0  
 753 SV 0 .01 15.6 20  
 754 SQ 0 1.0 5.2 50  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

755 KK C340B  
 756 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 757 HC 3  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

758 KK DD340B  
 759 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO OFFLINE DETENTION BASIN LOCATED WITHIN SUB-BASINS 340B.  
 760 DT BS340  
 761 DI 0 200 1000 2000 5000

762 DQ 0 0 800 1800 4800  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

763 KK RT340  
764 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION  
765 DR BS340  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

766 KK SS340B  
767 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO OFFLINE BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
768 KM 55 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600 = 19cfs  
769 RS 1 STOR 0  
770 SV 0 .01 55 60  
771 SQ 0 3.0 50 100  
\*

772 KK CD340B  
773 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
774 HC 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

775 KK RT350  
776 KM RETRIEVE SPLIT FLOW FROM DIVERSION OF SUB-BASIN 350  
777 DR SF350  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 21

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

778 KK RR350  
779 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
780 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SPLIT OF SUB-BASIN 350 TO 355  
781 RS 7 FLOW -1  
782 RC .045 .035 .045 6050 .025  
783 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
784 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

785 KK 355  
786 KM SUB-BASIN 355  
787 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
788 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .996  
789 KM L = 3.00 Kb = .044 Adj. Slope = 284.0  
790 BA .676  
791 LG .340 .340 4.450 .370 4.000  
792 UC .488 .502  
793 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
794 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

795 KK C355  
796 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF SUB-BASIN 355 AND THE SPLIT FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 350  
797 HC 2 1.1745  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

798 KK D355  
799 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO OFFLINE BASIN  
800 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 18 acre-feet  
801 DT BS355  
802 DI 0 100 450 1000 2000 5000  
803 DQ 0 0 0 550 1550 4550  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

804 KK RT355  
805 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO OFFLINE BASIN  
806 DR BS355  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

807 KK S355  
808 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
809 KM 18.0 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600= 6.0CFS  
810 RS 1 STOR 0  
811 SV 0 .01 18.0 25.0  
812 SQ 0 2.0 40 50  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 22

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

813 KK CC355  
814 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
815 HC 2  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

816 KK R355  
817 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
818 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 355 TO SUB-BASIN 340B

819 RS 1 FLOW -1  
820 RC .045 .035 .045 4000 .025  
821 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
822 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

823 KK CC340B  
824 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
825 HC 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

826 KK R340B  
827 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
828 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 340B TO SUB-BASIN 340A2.  
829 RS 2 FLOW -1  
830 RC .045 .035 .045 1500 .027  
831 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
832 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

833 KK 340A2  
834 KM SUB-BASIN 340A2  
835 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
836 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
837 KM L = .48 Kb = .047 Adj. Slope = 297.9  
838 BA .037  
839 LG .230 .310 5.300 .250 55.000  
840 UC .158 .174  
841 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
842 UA 100  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

843 KK D340A2  
844 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
845 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 2.2 acre-feet  
846 DT B340A2 2.2  
847 DI 0 10000  
848 DQ 0 10000  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 23

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

849 KK T340A2  
850 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
851 DR B340A2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

852 KK S340A2  
853 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
854 KM 2.20 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600= 1.0cfs  
855 RS 1 STOR 0  
856 SV 0 .01 2.2 5.0  
857 SQ 0 0.5 1.0 10.0  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

858 KK C340A2  
859 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
860 HC 3  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

861 KK R340A2  
862 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
863 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 340A2 TO SUB-BASIN 320B.  
864 RS 5 FLOW -1  
865 RC .045 .035 .045 4500 .020  
866 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
867 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

868 KK CC320B  
869 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
870 HC 2  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

871 KK R320B  
872 KM Routing Flow from 320B1 to 320A  
873 KM Routing length updated using Signal Butte Floodway plans dated March 1983  
874 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY FOR SPOOK HILL FRS OBTAINED FROM AS-BUILTS PLANS.  
875 KM CONTINUE TO ROUTE FLOW WITHIN CONCRETE CHANNEL TO SPOOK HILL FRS  
876 RS 1 FLOW -1  
877 RC .016 .016 .016 1500 .0146  
878 RX 0 1 2 2.1 16.1 17 18  
879 RY 7.5 7.5 7.5 0 0 7.5 7.5 7.5  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

880 KK 320A

881 KM SUB-BASIN 320A  
 882 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 883 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 884 KM L = 1.07 Kb = .049 Adj. Slope = 93.0  
 885 BA .270  
 886 LG .280 .250 4.300 .490 25.000  
 HEC-1 INPUT

1

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
887	UC	.404	.301								
888	UA	0	5	16	30	65	77	84	90	94	97
889	UA	100									

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

890 KK D320A  
 891 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 892 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN THREE SUBDIVISIONS  
 893 KM GRANDVIEW ESTATES BOULDER MOUNTAIN & 33% OF MESA HIGHLANDS  
 894 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 11.8 acre-feet  
 895 DT BS320A 11.8  
 896 DI 0 10000  
 897 DQ 0 10000

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

898 KK RT320A  
 899 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 900 DR BS320A

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

901 KK S320A  
 902 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 903 KM 11.8 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600= 4.0cfs  
 904 RS 1 STOR 0  
 905 SV 0 .01 11.8 20  
 906 SQ 0 1.0 4.0 40.0

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

907 KK C320  
 908 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 909 HC 3

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

910 KK 340A1  
 911 KM SUB-BASIN 340A1  
 912 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 913 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .993  
 914 KM L = 1.80 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 117.0  
 915 BA 1.089  
 916 LG .250 .250 4.150 .560 24.000  
 917 UC .500 .261  
 918 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 919 UA 100

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

920 KK D340A1  
 921 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 922 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN THREE SUBDIVISIONS  
 923 KM GRANDVIEW ESTATES BOULDER MOUNTAIN & 33% OF MESA HIGHLANDS  
 924 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 91.9 acre-feet  
 925 DT B340A1 91.9  
 926 DI 0 10000

HEC-1 INPUT

1

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
927	DQ	0	10000								

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

928 KK T340A1  
 929 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 930 DR B340A1

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

931 KK S340A1  
 932 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 933 KM 91.9 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=30.9cfs  
 934 RS 1 STOR 0  
 935 SV 0 .01 91.9 120  
 936 SQ 0 3.0 20.9 300

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

937 KK C340A1  
 938 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 939 HC 2

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

940 KK C340  
 941 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 942 HC 2

\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

943 KK 360  
944 KM SUB-BASIN 360  
945 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
946 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .995  
947 KM L = 2.10 Kb = .044 Adj. Slope = 124.0  
948 BA .880  
949 LG .260 .250 4.100 .570 23.000  
950 UC .538 .362  
951 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
952 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

953 KK D360  
954 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
955 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN 33% OF MESA HIGHLANDS  
956 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 49.5 acre-feet  
957 DT BS360 49.5  
958 DI 0 10000  
959 DQ 0 10000  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

960 KK RT360  
961 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
962 DR BS360  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

963 KK S360  
964 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
965 KM 49.5 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=16.6 cfs  
966 RS 1 STOR 0  
967 SV 0 .01 49.5 70  
968 SQ 0 3.0 16.6 150  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

969 KK C360  
970 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
971 HC 3  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

972 KK 380A  
973 KM SUB-BASIN 380A  
974 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
975 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
976 KM L = .66 Kb = .076 Adj. Slope = 91.0  
977 BA .261  
978 LG .170 .250 4.100 .710 21.000  
979 UC .425 .221  
980 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
981 UA 100  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

982 KK C380A  
983 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
984 HC 2  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

985 KK 400A  
986 KM SUB-BASIN 400A  
987 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
988 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
989 KM L = .28 Kb = .094 Adj. Slope = 71.0  
990 BA .048  
991 LG .250 .290 4.000 .640 .000  
992 UC .317 .211  
993 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
994 UA 100  
\*  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 27

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

995 KK C400A  
996 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
997 HC 2  
\*

998 KK 370  
999 KM SUB-BASIN 370  
1000 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
1001 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .996  
1002 KM L = 1.90 Kb = .044 Adj. Slope = 203.5  
1003 BA .672  
1004 LG .340 .320 4.650 .330 8.000

1005 UC .404 .284  
 1006 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 1007 UA 100  
 \*

1008 KK S370  
 1009 KM Online Detention Basin at Madrid Subdivision  
 1010 KM Basin Bottom Elevation = 1822.9 ft  
 1011 KM Route through 24" pipe for 404 low flow and  
 1012 KM Route through 72" pipe to west along McDowell  
 1013 KM 2-8'x3' RCBC as emergency spillway  
 1014 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1015 SV 0 1.37 3.61 5.97 8.46 11.07 13.81 16.69 19.72  
 1016 SE 0.9 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0 8.0 9.0  
 1017 SQ 0.0 98 157 221 270 313 350 380 800  
 \*

1018 KK D370  
 1019 KM Split the out flow to pipe along McDowell Road and to Madrid subdivision  
 1020 DT B370W  
 1021 DI 0.0 98 157 221 270 313 350 380 800  
 1022 DQ 0 89 141 199 243 282 315 340 380  
 \*

1023 KK R370S  
 1024 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1025 KM ROUTING FLOW to SUB-BASINS 380B1  
 1026 RS 12 FLOW -1  
 1027 RC .045 .035 .045 8800 .023  
 1028 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1029 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1030 KK 380B1  
 1031 KM SUB-BASIN 380B1  
 1032 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1033 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 1034 KM L = 1.61 Kb = .047 Adj. Slope = 124.0  
 1035 BA .369  
 1036 LG .300 .250 4.200 .520 16.000  
 1037 UC .471 .414  
 1038 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1039 UA 100  
 \*

1040 KK D380B1  
 1041 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 1042 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN MESA HIGHLANDS  
 1043 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 10.5 acre-feet  
 1044 DT B380B1 10.5  
 1045 DI 0 10000  
 1046 DQ 0 10000  
 \*

1047 KK T380B1  
 1048 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 1049 DR B380B1  
 \*

1050 KK S380B1  
 1051 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1052 KM 10.5 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=3.5cfs  
 1053 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1054 SV 0 .01 10.5 20.0  
 1055 SQ 0 1.0 3.5 50.0  
 \*

1056 KK C380B1  
 1057 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 1058 HC 3  
 \*

1059 KK R380B1  
 1060 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1061 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 380B1 TO SUB-BASIN 400B1.  
 1062 RS 7 FLOW -1  
 1063 RC .045 .035 .045 2600 .023  
 1064 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1065 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1066 KK 400B1  
 1067 KM SUB-BASIN 400B1  
 1068 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1069 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 1070 KM L = .93 Kb = .057 Adj. Slope = 91.0  
 1071 BA .385  
 1072 LG .280 .250 4.100 .590 12.000  
 1073 UC .433 .238  
 1074 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97

1075 UA 100  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1076 KK D400B1  
 1077 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 1078 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASIN LOCATED WITHIN SAGUARO VISTA SUBDIVISION  
 1079 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 5.6 ACRE-FEET  
 1080 DT B400B1 5.6  
 1081 DI 0 10000  
 1082 DQ 0 10000  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1083 KK T400B1  
 1084 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 1085 DR B400B1  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1086 KK S400B1  
 1087 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1088 KM 5.6 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600 = 2 cfs  
 1089 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1090 SV 0 .01 5.6 10.0  
 1091 SQ 0 1 2 20.0  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1092 KK C400B1  
 1093 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 1094 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1095 KK CC400B  
 1096 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 1097 HC 3  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1098 KK 420A2  
 1099 KM SUB-BASIN 420A2  
 1100 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1101 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1102 KM L = .26 Kb = .064 Adj. Slope = 96.0  
 1103 BA .022  
 1104 LG .350 .350 4.150 .430 .000  
 1105 UC .208 .194  
 1106 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1107 UA 100  
 \*  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1108 KK C400A2  
 1109 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 1110 HC 2  
 \*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1111 KK 395  
 1112 KM SUB-BASIN 395  
 1113 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1114 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1115 KM L = 1.30 Kb = .051 Adj. Slope = 219.2  
 1116 BA .199  
 1117 LG .310 .260 4.900 .340 18.000  
 1118 UC .329 .334  
 1119 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1120 UA 100  
 \*

1121 KK R395  
 1122 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1123 KM ROUTING OF FLOW TO SUB-BASIN 390.  
 1124 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 1125 RC .045 .035 .045 2600 .023  
 1126 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1127 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1128 KK 385  
 1129 KM SUB-BASIN 385  
 1130 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1131 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997  
 1132 KM L = 2.30 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 303.0  
 1133 BA .527  
 1134 LG .340 .360 5.600 .220 13.000  
 1135 UC .383 .358  
 1136 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 1137 UA 100  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1138 KK 415B  
 1139 KM SUB-BASIN 415B  
 1140 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1141 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 1142 KM L = 1.59 Kb = .048 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1143 BA .329  
 1144 LG .320 .310 5.300 .260 19.000  
 1145 UC .308 .274  
 1146 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1147 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1148 KK C415B  
 1149 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF 415 DIVERSION.  
 1150 HC 2  
 \*

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1151 KK D415B  
 1152 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO OFFLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 1153 KM MAXIMUM STORAGE VOLUME FOR DIVERSION = 32 AC-FT @ 5' DEPTH.  
 1154 DT BS415B  
 1155 DI 0 150 5000  
 1156 DQ 0 0 4850  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1157 KK RT415B  
 1158 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO OFFLINE BASIN  
 1159 DR BS415B  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1160 KK S415B  
 1161 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO OFFLINE BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1162 KM 32 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600 = 11cfs  
 1163 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1164 SV 0 .01 32 40  
 1165 SQ 0 5 50 60  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1166 KK CC415B  
 1167 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF 415 DIVERSION.  
 1168 HC 2  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1169 KK R415B  
 1170 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1171 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM 415C TO 415B  
 1172 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 1173 RC .045 .03 .045 2590 .024  
 1174 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1175 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1176 KK 390  
 1177 KM SUB-BASIN 390  
 1178 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1179 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1180 KM L = .70 Kb = .050 Adj. Slope = 299.4  
 1181 BA .248  
 1182 LG .300 .250 4.700 .380 18.000  
 1183 UC .204 .106  
 1184 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1185 UA 100  
 \*

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PAGE 32

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1186 KK D390  
 1187 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 1188 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN THUNDER MOUNTAIN ESTATES  
 1189 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 3.5 acre-feet  
 1190 DT BS390 3.5  
 1191 DI 0 10000  
 1192 DQ 0 10000  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1193 KK RT390  
 1194 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 1195 DR BS390  
 \*

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1196 KK S390  
 1197 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1198 KM 3.5 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=1.2cfs  
 1199 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1200 SV 0 .01 3.5 6.0

1201 SQ 0 0.5 1.2 20.0  
\*

1202 KK C390  
1203 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION at NEC of McDowell and Hawes  
1204 HC 4  
\*

1205 KK D390S  
1206 KM DIVERT FLOW to West along McDowell  
1207 DT B390W  
1208 DI 0 700 2000  
1209 DQ 0 700 700  
\*

1210 KK T370W  
1211 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION of ONLINE BASIN  
1212 DR B370W  
\*

1213 KK R370W  
1214 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 370W TO Hawes along McDowell.  
1215 RS 5 FLOW -1  
1216 RC .045 .035 .045 3200 .023  
1217 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
1218 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
\*

1219 KK C370  
1220 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
1221 HC 2  
\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1222 KK R390S  
1223 KM Route Flow South to Subbasin 400B3.  
1224 RS 2 FLOW -1  
1225 RC .045 .045 .045 1000 .020  
1226 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
1227 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
\*

1228 KK 400B3  
1229 KM SUB-BASIN 400B3  
1230 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
1231 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
1232 KM L = .26 Kb = .064 Adj. Slope = 135.0  
1233 BA .024  
1234 LG .300 .250 4.500 .430 .000  
1235 UC .183 .161  
1236 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
1237 UA 100  
\*

1238 KK D400B3  
1239 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
1240 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASIN LOCATED WITHIN SAGUARO VISTA SUBDIVISION  
1241 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 1.6 ACRE-FEET  
1242 DT B400B3 1.6  
1243 DI 0 10000  
1244 DQ 0 10000  
\*

1245 KK T400B3  
1246 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
1247 DR B400B3  
\*

1248 KK S400B3  
1249 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
1250 KM 1.6 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600 = 1 cfs  
1251 RS 1 STOR 0  
1252 SV 0 .01 1.6 5.0  
1253 SQ 0 1 1 10.0  
\*

1254 KK C400B3  
1255 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
1256 HC 2  
\*

1257 KK C390S  
1258 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION of flow from north of the Basin  
1259 HC 2  
\*

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HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1260 KK 380B3  
1261 KM SUB-BASIN 380B3

1262 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1263 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1264 KM L = .69 Kb = .054 Adj. Slope = 138.0  
 1265 BA .123  
 1266 LG .300 .250 4.350 .480 16.000  
 1267 UC .279 .220  
 1268 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1269 UA 100  
 \*

1270 KK D380B3  
 1271 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 1272 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 4.0 acre-feet  
 1273 DT B380B3 4.0  
 1274 DI 0 10000  
 1275 DQ 0 10000  
 \*

1276 KK T380B3  
 1277 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 1278 DR B380B3  
 \*

1279 KK S380B3  
 1280 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1281 KM 4.0 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600= 2.cfs  
 1282 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1283 SV 0 .01 4.0 6.0  
 1284 SQ 0 0.5 2.0 20.0  
 \*

1285 KK C380B3  
 1286 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 1287 HC 2  
 \*

1288 KK D380B3  
 1289 KM Subbasin 380B3 is Divided into 3 Smaller Areas  
 1290 KM 38% to 380B3a, 35% to 380B3b, and 27% to 380B3c  
 1291 DT 380B3c  
 1292 DI 0 1000  
 1293 DQ 0 270  
 \*

1294 KK 380B3b  
 1295 KM Subbasin 380B3 is Divided into 3 Smaller Areas  
 1296 KM 38% to 380B3a, 35% to 380B3b, and 27% to 380B3c  
 1297 DT 380B3a  
 1298 DI 0 1000  
 1299 DQ 0 520  
 \*

HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1300 KK C380BB  
 1301 KM Total Basin Inflows from North and East Areas  
 1302 HC 2  
 \*

1303 KK D380B  
 1304 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO OFFLINE DETENTION BASIN LOCATED WITHIN SUB-BASINS  
 1305 KM 380B3b - Culver/Hawes basin  
 1306 DT B38B3b  
 1307 DI 0 70 5000  
 1308 DQ 0 0 4930  
 \*

1309 KK RT380B  
 1310 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION  
 1311 DR B38B3b  
 \*

1312 KK S380B  
 1313 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO OFFLINE BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1314 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1315 SV 0 2.5 5.1 11.0 18.7 28.0 32.0  
 1316 SE 0 1.0 2.0 4.0 6.0 8.0 9.0  
 1317 SQ 0 6.2 8.8 15.3 20.0 25 250  
 \*

1318 KK CC380B  
 1319 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION at outlet of Basin "S380B"  
 1320 HC 2  
 \*

1321 KK R38B3b  
 1322 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM BASIN TO SUB-BASIN 380B3c  
 1323 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 1324 RC .045 .035 .045 1300 .020  
 1325 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1326 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1327 KK T38B3a  
 1328 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION of 380B3a  
 1329 DR 380B3a  
 \*

1330 KK R38B3a  
 1331 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 380B3a TO SUB-BASIN 380B3c.  
 1332 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 1333 RC .045 .035 .045 1800 .020  
 1334 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1335 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1336 KK T38B3c  
 1337 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION of 380B3c  
 1338 DR 380B3c  
 \*

1339 KK C38B3c  
 1340 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION of 380B3c, 380B3a and flow from the Basin  
 1341 HC 3  
 \*

1342 KK R380B3  
 1343 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 380B3c TO SUB-BASIN 380B2.  
 1344 RS 4 FLOW -1  
 1345 RC .045 .035 .045 2500 .020  
 1346 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1347 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1348 KK 380B2  
 1349 KM SUB-BASIN 380B2  
 1350 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1351 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1352 KM L = .55 Kb = .055 Adj. Slope = 136.0  
 1353 BA .096  
 1354 LG .300 .250 3.950 .580 15.000  
 1355 UC .250 .187  
 1356 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1357 UA 100  
 \*

1358 KK C380B2  
 1359 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 1360 HC 2  
 \*

1361 KK R380B2  
 1362 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1363 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 380B2 TO SUB-BASIN 400B2.  
 1364 RS 9 FLOW -1  
 1365 RC .045 .035 .045 4000 .018  
 1366 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1367 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1368 KK 400B2  
 1369 KM SUB-BASIN 400B2  
 1370 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1371 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1372 KM L = .93 Kb = .051 Adj. Slope = 118.0  
 1373 BA .194  
 1374 LG .300 .250 4.150 .530 .000  
 1375 UC .363 .288  
 1376 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1377 UA 100  
 \*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1378 KK C400B2  
 1379 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION  
 1380 HC 2  
 \*

1381 KK R400B2  
 1382 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1383 KM ROUTING OF FLOW FROM SUB-BASINS 400B2 TO SUB-BASIN 420A1.  
 1384 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 1385 RC .045 .035 .045 1800 .018  
 1386 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1387 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1388 KK 420A1  
 1389 KM SUB-BASIN 420A1  
 1390 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1391 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .997

1392 KM L = 1.20 Kb = .044 Adj. Slope = 108.0  
 1393 BA .566  
 1394 LG .300 .270 4.250 .480 17.000  
 1395 UC .387 .207  
 1396 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1397 UA 100  
 \*

1398 KK D420A1  
 1399 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 1400 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN GRAY FOX SUBDIVISION  
 1401 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 11.2 acre-feet  
 1402 DT B420A1 11.2  
 1403 DI 0 10000  
 1404 DQ 0 10000  
 \*

1405 KK T420A1  
 1406 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
 1407 DR B420A1  
 \*

1408 KK S420A1  
 1409 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1410 KM 11.2 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600= 4cfs  
 1411 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1412 SV 0 .01 11.2 20  
 1413 SQ 0 1.0 4.0 40  
 \*

1414 KK C420A  
 1415 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 1416 HC 4  
 \*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1417 KK T390W  
 1418 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION of C390 to west  
 1419 DR B390W  
 \*

1420 KK R390W  
 1421 KM Route Flow west to Subbasin 420B.  
 1422 RS 6 FLOW -1  
 1423 RC .045 .045 .045 5200 .020  
 1424 RX 0 1 40 46 56 62 102 103  
 1425 RY 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 3  
 \*

1426 KK 420B  
 1427 KM SUB-BASIN 420B  
 1428 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1429 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
 1430 KM L = 1.00 Kb = .049 Adj. Slope = 150.0  
 1431 BA .279  
 1432 LG .300 .250 3.910 .590 15.000  
 1433 UC .333 .226  
 1434 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1435 UA 100  
 \*

1436 KK C420B  
 1437 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
 1438 HC 2  
 \*

1439 KK 440  
 1440 KM SUB-BASIN 440  
 1441 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1442 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1443 KM L = .40 Kb = .039 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1444 BA .080  
 1445 LG .190 .380 6.400 .140 13.000  
 1446 UC .129 .077  
 1447 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 1448 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1449 KK R70  
 1450 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 440 TO C108  
 1451 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 1452 RC .05 .035 .05 2250 .08  
 1453 RX 1000 1025 1050 1070 1075 1095 1120 1145  
 1454 RY 30 22.9 15.7 10 10 15.7 22.9 30  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1455 KK 441  
 1456 KM SUB-BASIN 441

1457 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1458 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1459 KM L = .28 Kb = .069 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1460 BA .010  
 1461 LG .300 .250 5.600 .220 5.000  
 1462 UC .150 .225  
 1463 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1464 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1465 KK C108  
 1466 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 440 & 441  
 1467 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1468 KK D4  
 1469 KM SPLIT FLOW WITH TWO 42 INCH PIPES TO WEST AND SOUTH  
 1470 DT SPLIT  
 1471 DI 0 14 40 82 120 154 180  
 1472 DQ 0 7 20 41 60 77 90  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1473 KK R108  
 1474 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN C108 TO C67  
 1475 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 1476 RC .05 .035 .05 3200 .1  
 1477 RK 1000 1025 1050 1070 1075 1095 1120 1145  
 1478 RY 30 22.9 15.7 10 10 15.7 22.9 30  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1479 KK 442  
 1480 KM SUB-BASIN 442  
 1481 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1482 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1483 KM L = .83 Kb = .055 Adj. Slope = 274.2  
 1484 BA .100  
 1485 LG .300 .270 3.290 .770 5.000  
 1486 UC .258 .264  
 1487 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1488 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1489 KK C67  
 1490 KM COMBINE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 442 & DIV4  
 1491 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1492 KK D6  
 1493 KM OFFLINE BASIN WITH 25 FOOT WEIR SET AT 2.5 FEET ABOVE BOTTOM OF CHANNEL  
 1494 KM FLOW CONTINUES BEYOND BASIN THROUGH 2-30" PIPES  
 1495 DT BASIN4 3.3  
 1496 DI 0 10 32 44 79.9 132.5 198 272.9 356.8  
 1497 DQ 0 0 0 0 23.9 67.5 124 190.9 266.8  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1498 KK RTD6  
 1499 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO OFFLINE BASIN  
 1500 DR BASIN4  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1501 KK SD6  
 1502 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1503 KM 3.3 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=1.1cfs  
 1504 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1505 SV 0 .01 3.3  
 1506 SQ 0 0.2 1.1  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1507 KK CD6  
 1508 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR OFFLINE BASIN BLEEDOFF  
 1509 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1510 KK 443  
 1511 KM SUB-BASIN 443  
 1512 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1513 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1514 KM L = .71 Kb = .050 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1515 BA .080  
 1516 LG .250 .190 8.000 .080 10.000  
 1517 UC .196 .194  
 1518 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1519 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1520 KK D66  
 1521 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO 3 NATURAL WASHES WITH ONE 24" PIPE IN EACH WASH.  
 1522 KM EACH PIPE CAPACITY BASED ON 4 FEET OF HEAD  
 1523 DT WSH66  
 1524 DI 0 78 100 200  
 1525 DQ 0 78 78 78

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1526 KK R113  
 1527 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C113 TO C114  
 1528 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1529 RC .019 .019 .019 1300 .029  
 1530 RX 1000 1004 1008 1012 1018 1022 1026 1030  
 1531 RY 17 15.33 12.67 10 10 12.67 15.33 17  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1532 KK C114  
 1533 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASIN 67 AND C113  
 1534 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1535 KK 444  
 1536 KM SUB-BASIN 444  
 1537 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1538 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1539 KM L = .33 Kb = .034 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1540 BA .040  
 1541 LG .130 .350 4.450 .320 1.000  
 1542 UC .112 .084  
 1543 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 1544 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1545 KK R58  
 1546 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 444 TO C107  
 1547 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 1548 RC .05 .035 .05 2370 .0516  
 1549 RX 1000 1010 1020 1050 1055 1085 1095 1105  
 1550 RY 19 18 17 10 10 17 18 19  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1551 KK 445  
 1552 KM SUB-BASIN 445  
 1553 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1554 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1555 KM L = .82 Kb = .036 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1556 BA .190  
 1557 LG .170 .320 3.470 .590 3.000  
 1558 UC .192 .130  
 1559 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1560 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1561 KK C107  
 1562 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 444 & 445  
 1563 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1564 KK R107  
 1565 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C107 TO C109  
 1566 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 1567 RC .05 .035 .05 700 .0516  
 1568 RX 1000 1010 1020 1050 1055 1085 1095 1105  
 1569 RY 19 18 17 10 10 17 18 19  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1570 KK RTE2  
 1571 KM RETRIEVE DIVERTED FLOW FROM BASIN 1  
 1572 DR SPLIT  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1573 KK RSPPLIT  
 1574 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SPLIT TO C109  
 1575 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1576 RC .05 .035 .05 800 .05  
 1577 RX 1000 1025 1050 1070 1075 1095 1120 1145  
 1578 RY 30 22.9 15.7 10 10 15.7 22.9 30  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1579 KK 446  
 1580 KM SUB-BASIN 446  
 1581 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1582 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1583 KM L = .46 Kb = .061 Adj. Slope = 303.9  
 1584 BA .040  
 1585 LG .270 .250 4.500 .400 19.000  
 1586 UC .183 .189  
 1587 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1588 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1589 KK C109  
 1590 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM COMBINES C107 AND C108

1591 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1592 KK D5  
 1593 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO WASHES TOWARDS WEST  
 1594 KM DIVERSION THROUGH 36" PIPE WITH 3 FEET OF HEAD  
 1595 DT WSH404  
 1596 DI 0 40.7 71.2 121.6 190 276 379.4 500.6  
 1597 DQ 0 35 35 35 35 35 35 35  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1598 KK R109  
 1599 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C109 TO C110  
 1600 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1601 RC .019 .019 .019 3080 .05  
 1602 RX 1000 1005 1010 1015 1025 1030 1035 1040  
 1603 RY 13.75 12.5 11.25 10 10 11.25 12.5 13.75  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1604 KK 447  
 1605 KM SUB-BASIN 447  
 1606 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1607 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1608 KM L = .49 Kb = .056 Adj. Slope = 221.0  
 1609 BA .090  
 1610 LG .250 .270 3.350 .870 30.000  
 1611 UC .208 .145

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1612 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1613 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1614 KK RT404  
 1615 KM RETRIEVE DIVERTED FLOW FOR WASH 109  
 1616 DR WSH404  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1617 KK R404  
 1618 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C110 TO C110  
 1619 RS 6 FLOW -1  
 1620 RC .019 .019 .019 3540 .03  
 1621 RX 1000 1012 1016 1020 1025 1029 1033 1045  
 1622 RY 15 12 11 10 10 11 12 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1623 KK C110  
 1624 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASIN 447 AND R404  
 1625 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1626 KK R110  
 1627 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C110 TO C115  
 1628 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1629 RC .019 .019 .019 580 .0291  
 1630 RX 1000 1012 1016 1020 1035 1039 1043 1055  
 1631 RY 15 12 11 10 10 11 12 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1632 KK C115  
 1633 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM C114 AND C110  
 1634 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1635 KK R115  
 1636 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C115 TO Sub 453  
 1637 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1638 RC .019 .019 .019 2125 .029  
 1639 RX 1000 1012 1016 1020 1035 1039 1043 1055  
 1640 RY 15 12 11 10 10 11 12 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1641 KK 448  
 1642 KM SUB-BASIN 448  
 1643 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1644 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1645 KM L = .36 Kb = .042 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1646 BA .045  
 1647 LG .170 .310 4.200 .390 11.000  
 1648 UC .133 .102  
 1649 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1650 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1651 KK 449  
 1652 KM SUB-BASIN 449  
 1653 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1654 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1655 KM L = .40 Kb = .054 Adj. Slope = 315.0

1656 BA .050  
 1657 LG .260 .280 3.500 .640 6.000  
 1658 UC .167 .134  
 1659 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1660 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1661 KK C6364  
 1662 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 448 & 449  
 1663 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1664 KK R6364  
 1665 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C116 AND SUB-BASINS 448 AND 449  
 1666 RS 5 FLOW -1  
 1667 RC .05 .035 .05 4375 .0333  
 1668 RX 1000 1027 1053 1080 1090 1117 1143 1170  
 1669 RY 15 13.33 11.67 10 10 11.67 13.33 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1670 KK 450  
 1671 KM SUB-BASIN 450  
 1672 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1673 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1674 KM L = .85 Kb = .057 Adj. Slope = 210.5  
 1675 BA .070  
 1676 LG .340 .350 3.630 .570 4.000  
 1677 UC .296 .383  
 1678 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 1679 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1680 KK 451  
 1681 KM SUB-BASIN 451  
 1682 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1683 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1684 KM L = .57 Kb = .063 Adj. Slope = 175.0  
 1685 BA .025  
 1686 LG .340 .340 3.290 .750 3.000  
 1687 UC .271 .453  
 1688 UA 0 3 5 8 12 20 43 75 90 96  
 1689 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1690 KK C451  
 1691 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 450 & 451  
 1692 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1693 KK RT66  
 1694 KM RETRIEVE DIVERTED FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 66  
 1695 DR WSH66  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1696 KK 452  
 1697 KM SUB-BASIN 452  
 1698 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1699 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1700 KM L = .43 Kb = .055 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
 1701 BA .040  
 1702 LG .260 .280 3.700 .550 9.000  
 1703 UC .171 .166  
 1704 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1705 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1706 KK C6465  
 1707 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 443 AND 452  
 1708 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1709 KK R6566  
 1710 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM DIVERSIONS 65 AND 66 TO C116  
 1711 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 1712 RC .05 .035 .05 2435 .0282  
 1713 RX 1000 1045 1090 1150 1160 1220 1265 1310  
 1714 RY 25 23 20 10 10 20 23 25  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1715 KK C116  
 1716 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 450 & 451 AND R6364 & R6465  
 1717 HC 3  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1718 KK BASINS  
 1719 KM RESERVOIR WITHIN PARCEL 31 2-48 INCH PIPES AT OUTFALL  
 1720 KM BASIN 5 FEET DEEP  
 1721 RS 1 ELEV 0  
 1722 SV 0 4.5 9.9  
 1723 SQ 0 69 190  
 1724 SE 0 2.5 5

\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

1

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1725 KK R116  
 1726 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C116 TO C117  
 1727 RS 2 FLOW -1  
 1728 RC .05 .035 .05 1300 .0333  
 1729 RX 1000 1100 1200 1300 1320 1420 1520 1620  
 1730 RY 13 12 11 10 10 11 12 13  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1731 KK 453  
 1732 KM SUB-BASIN 453  
 1733 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1734 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 1735 KM L = .58 Kb = .058 Adj. Slope = 138.0  
 1736 BA .060  
 1737 LG .290 .300 3.290 .820 18.000  
 1738 UC .275 .284  
 1739 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1740 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1741 KK C117  
 1742 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASIN 453 AND R116  
 1743 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1744 KK C118  
 1745 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM R115 AND C117  
 1746 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1747 KK R118  
 1748 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C118 TO DIV7  
 1749 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1750 RC .019 .019 .019 1500 .024  
 1751 RX 1000 1012 1016 1020 1035 1039 1043 1055  
 1752 RY 15 12 11 10 10 11 12 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1753 KK D7  
 1754 KM OFFLINE BASIN AT NORTH MOUNTAIN RIDGE FLOWS ENTER BASIN OVER  
 1755 KM 30' WEIR SET AT 5.3' ABOVE THE CHANNEL BOTTOM, Vol = 3.6 A-F  
 1756 DT BASIN6 3.6  
 1757 DI 0 363 487 563 645 900  
 1758 DQ 0 2 10 15 25 260  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1759 KK RTD7  
 1760 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO OFFLINE BASIN  
 1761 DR BASIN6  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1762 KK SD7  
 1763 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
 1764 KM 3.6 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=1.2cfs  
 1765 RS 1 STOR 0  
 1766 SV 0 .01 3.6 4.0  
 1767 SQ 0 0.2 1.2 1.5  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1768 KK CD7  
 1769 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR OFFLINE BASIN BLEEDOFF  
 1770 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1771 KK 454  
 1772 KM SUB-BASIN 454  
 1773 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1774 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1775 KM L = 1.23 Kb = .051 Adj. Slope = 163.0  
 1776 BA .180  
 1777 LG .300 .310 3.780 .560 14.000  
 1778 UC .379 .395  
 1779 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1780 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1781 KK C454  
 1782 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASIN 454 AND CDIV7  
 1783 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1784 KK R454  
 1785 KM CHANNEL GEOMETRY OBTAINED FROM 2' CONTOUR MAPPING.  
 1786 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM C454 TO 415C



1848 DI 0 10000  
1849 DQ 0 10000  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1850 KK RT455  
1851 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
1852 DR BS455  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1853 KK S455  
1854 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
1855 KM 74.1 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=25cfs  
1856 RS 1 STOR 0  
1857 SV 0 .01 74.1 100.0  
1858 SQ 0 3.0 25 250.0  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1859 KK C455  
1860 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SUB-BASIN 455 AND DIVERTED BASIN STORAGE OF 455  
1861 HC 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1862 KK CC455  
1863 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION OF 420C, R415 AND C455  
1864 HC 3  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1865 KK S440  
1866 KM SPOOK HILL FRS PLANS DATED 6/15/77  
1867 KM OUTLET PIPE=7'x7.5'RCBC; L=70 INLET INV.=1566; OUTLET INV.=1566  
1868 KM EMERGENCY SPILLWAY ELEV.=1582; PRINCIPLE SPILLWAY ELEV.=1577.5  
1869 KM STORAGE VOLUME BELOW PRINCIPLE SPILLWAY FOR SEDIMENT = 271 ACRE-FEET  
1870 RS 1 STOR 0  
1871 SV 0.0 81 211.0 265.72 692.96 896.16 1120.0 1630.34 2230.9 3311.68  
1872 SQ 0.0 1.0 3.0 8.0 515.00 780.00 825.00 3184.7 7426.0 16007.3  
1873 SE 577.0 578.00 579.00 579.36 581.86 582.86 583.86 585.86 587.86 590.86  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 50

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1874 KK R455  
1875 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SPOOK HILL FRS TO SUB-BASIN 480  
1876 RS 15 FLOW -1  
1877 RC .035 .025 .035 7000 .0002  
1878 RX 0 1 2 28 58 84 85 86  
1879 RY 13.5 13.5 13.5 0 0 13.5 13.5 13.5  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1880 KK 480  
1881 KM SUB-BASIN 480  
1882 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
1883 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .996  
1884 KM L = 1.21 Kb = .042 Adj. Slope = 165.0  
1885 BA .731  
1886 LG .270 .270 3.580 .730 27.000  
1887 UC .325 .148  
1888 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
1889 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1890 KK D480  
1891 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO ONLINE DETENTION BASIN  
1892 KM DETENTION/RETENTION BASINS LOCATED WITHIN LAS SENDAS ADDENDUM III  
1893 KM FOR BASIN #: 18 & 26  
1894 KM MAXIMUM VOLUME DIVERSION = 16.5 acre-feet  
1895 DT BS480 16.5  
1896 DI 0 10000  
1897 DQ 0 10000  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1898 KK RT480  
1899 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO ONLINE BASIN  
1900 DR BS480  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1901 KK S480  
1902 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
1903 KM 16.5 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=5.5cfs  
1904 RS 1 STOR 0  
1905 SV 0 .01 16.5 30.0  
1906 SQ 0 3.0 5.6 50.0  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1907 KK C480  
1908 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR SPOOK HILL FRS  
1909 HC 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1910 KK CC480  
1911 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION AT SUBBASIN 480  
1912 HC 2 0.731  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1913 KK R480  
1914 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 480 TO SUBBASIN 462  
1915 RS 7 FLOW -1  
1916 RC .035 .025 .035 2800 .0002  
1917 RX 0 1 2 28 58 84 85 86  
1918 RY 13.5 13.5 13.5 0 0 13.5 13.5 13.5  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1919 KK 456  
1920 KM SUB-BASIN 456  
1921 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
1922 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .998  
1923 KM L = .94 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 315.0  
1924 BA .260  
1925 LG .300 .380 5.600 .200 12.000  
1926 UC .217 .139  
1927 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
1928 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1929 KK D1  
1930 KM DIVERT FLOW INTO OFFLINE DETENTION BASIN  
1931 KM WEIR FOR BASIN SET AT 4 FEET ABOVE CHANNEL BOTTOM  
1932 DT BASIN1 4.0  
1933 DI 0 11.1 127.9 234.4 577.7 789.9 1025.5 1280.9 1555.7  
1934 DQ 0 0 0 47.7 248 381.8 533.6 701.5 884  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1935 KK CD2  
1936 KM SPLIT OUT FLOW FOR WASHES THAT FLOW TO THE SOUTH FROM  
1937 KM WASHES THAT DRAIN TO THE WES, SOUTHERN WASHES FED BY 30" & 24" PIPE  
1938 DT WA30  
1939 DI 0 11.1 127.9 189.6 329.7 408 491.9 579.4 671.7  
1940 DQ 0 11.1 38.4 48.2 63 69.5 76 81 86  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1941 KK R456  
1942 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUB-BASIN 51 TO C101  
1943 RS 2 FLOW -1  
1944 RC .05 .035 .05 3800 .044  
1945 RX 1000 1010 1020 1036 1041 1057 1067 1077  
1946 RY 14.88 14.44 14 10 10 14 14.44 14.88  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1947 KK 457  
1948 KM SUB-BASIN 457  
1949 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
1950 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
1951 KM L = 1.01 Kb = .045 Adj. Slope = 308.8  
1952 BA .190  
1953 LG .270 .330 3.950 .460 6.000  
1954 UC .237 .195  
1955 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
1956 UA 100  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 52

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1957 KK C101  
1958 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASINS 50 AND 51  
1959 HC 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1960 KK D3  
1961 KM RESERVOIR AT THE EDGE OF THE PROPERTY FLOW FROM CHANNEL  
1962 KM DIVERTED INTO OFFLINE BASIN A 25' WEIR SET AT ELEVATION 1808 FT  
1963 DT BASIN2 5.0  
1964 DI 0 36 70 110 180 313.5 402 500.9  
1965 DQ 0 0 0 0 0 67.5 124 190.9  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1966 KK RTD3  
1967 KM RETRIEVE FLOW FROM DIVERSION INTO OFFLINE BASIN  
1968 DR BASIN2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1969 KK SD3  
1970 KM RETRIEVE FLOW INTO FICTICIOUS BASIN AND BLEED OFF WITHIN 36 HOURS.  
1971 KM 5.0 ACRE-FEETx43560/36x3600=1.7cfs  
1972 RS 1 STOR 0  
1973 SV 0 .01 5  
1974 SQ 0 0.7 1.7  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1975 KK CD3  
1976 KM HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION FOR OFFLINE BASIN BLEEDOFF  
1977 HC 2  
\* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1978 KK R101  
 1979 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUBBASIN C101 TO C103  
 1980 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 1981 RC .05 .035 .05 1450 .05  
 1982 RX 1000 1010 1020 1036 1041 1057 1067 1077  
 1983 RY 15 14.5 14 10 10 14 14.5 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

1984 KK 458  
 1985 KM SUB-BASIN 458  
 1986 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 1987 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF .999  
 1988 KM L = .76 Kb = .048 Adj. Slope = 299.0  
 1989 BA .190  
 1990 LG .290 .330 5.800 .190 6.000  
 1991 UC .204 .131  
 1992 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 1993 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 53

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1994 KK C103  
 1995 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS FROM SUB-BASIN 55 AND C101  
 1996 HC 2  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

1997 KK R103  
 1998 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM SUBBASIN C103 TO C106  
 1999 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 2000 RC .05 .035 .05 900 .03  
 2001 RX 1000 1010 1020 1030 1050 1060 1070 1080  
 2002 RY 13.16 12.83 12.5 10 10 12.5 12.83 13.16  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2003 KK RT30  
 2004 KM RETRIEVE DIVERTED FLOW FOR WASH BELOW 30 INCH PIPE  
 2005 DR WA30  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2006 KK R30  
 2007 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM WASH DIVERSION TO COMBINE C52  
 2008 RS 1 FLOW -1  
 2009 RC .05 .035 .05 1630 .05  
 2010 RX 1000 1010 1020 1036 1041 1057 1067 1077  
 2011 RY 15 14.5 14 10 10 14 14.5 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2012 KK RTB1  
 2013 KM RETRIEVE DIVERTED FLOW FROM BASIN 1  
 2014 DR BASIN1  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2015 KK B1  
 2016 KM ROUTE FLOW THROUGH OFFLINE DETENTION BASIN  
 2017 KM FLOW OUTLETS THROUGH A 30 INCH OUTLET PIPE  
 2018 RS 1 ELEV 0  
 2019 SV .7 1.4 2.3 2.7 4.0  
 2020 SQ 0 5 16 28 32.5 37  
 2021 SE 0 1 2 3 3.5 4  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2022 KK RB1  
 2023 KM ROUTE FLOW FROM BASIN DIVERSION TO COMBINE C52  
 2024 RS 3 FLOW -1  
 2025 RC .05 .035 .05 1720 .05  
 2026 RX 1000 1010 1020 1036 1041 1057 1067 1077  
 2027 RY 15 14.5 14 10 10 14 14.5 15  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2028 KK CDIV  
 2029 KM COMBINE FLOWS FROM WA30 AND BASIN 1  
 2030 HC 2 .12  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Updated \*\*\*\*\*

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 54

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

2031 KK 459  
 2032 KM SUB-BASIN 459  
 2033 KM 24-HOUR SCS TYPE II RAINFALL WAS USED TO FIND TC & R FOR THIS BASIN  
 2034 KM THIS BASIN USED RAINFALL REDUCTION FACTOR OF 1.000  
 2035 KM L = .35 Kb = .052 Adj. Slope = 251.6  
 2036 BA .030  
 2037 LG .220 .300 3.330 .710 8.000  
 2038 UC .162 .157  
 2039 UA 0 5 16 30 65 77 84 90 94 97  
 2040 UA 100  
 \* DDM \*\*\*\*\* Preserved \*\*\*\*\*

2041 KK C52  
 2042 KM COMBINE FLOWS FROM SUB-BASIN 52 WA30 AND BASIN 1

117	.	60		
	.	.		
130	.		----->	BS60
127	.	D60		
	.	.		
135	.		-----<	BS60
133	.	RT60		
	.	V		
	.	V		
136	.	SB60		
	.	.		
142	.	C60	-----	
	.	V		
	.	V		
145	.	S60		
	.	V		
	.	V		
154	.	R60		
	.	V		
	.	V		
160	.	RR60		
	.	.		
166	.	80		
	.	.		
179	.		----->	BS80
176	.	D80		
	.	.		
184	.		-----<	BS80
182	.	RT80		
	.	V		
	.	V		
185	.	S80		
	.	.		
191	.	C80	-----	
	.	.		
194	.	CC80	-----	
	.	V		
	.	V		
197	.	R80		
	.	.		
203	.	100		
	.	.		
216	.		----->	BS100
213	.	D100		
	.	.		
221	.		-----<	BS100
219	.	RT100		
	.	V		
	.	V		
222	.	S100		
	.	.		
228	.	C100	-----	
	.	V		
	.	V		
231	.	R100		
	.	.		
237	.	120		
	.	.		
250	.		----->	BS120
247	.	D120		
	.	.		
255	.		-----<	BS120
253	.	RT120		
	.	V		
	.	V		
256	.	S120		
	.	.		
262	.	C120	-----	
	.	V		
	.	V		
265	.	R120		
	.	.		
271	.	140		
	.	.		
284	.		----->	BS140
281	.	D140		



706  
701

D320B2 -----> B320B2

711  
709

-----< B320B2  
T320B2

712

V  
V  
S320B2

718

C320B2 -----

721

V  
V  
R320B2

728

340B

743  
738

D340B -----> BS340B

748  
746

-----< BS340B  
RT340B

749

V  
V  
S340B

755

C340B -----

760  
758

DD340B -----> BS340

765  
763

-----< BS340  
RT340

766

V  
V  
SS340B

772

CD340B -----

777  
775

-----< SF350  
RT350

778

V  
V  
RR350

785

355

795

C355 -----

801  
798

D355 -----> BS355

806  
804

-----< BS355  
RT355

807

V  
V  
S355

813

CC355 -----

816

V  
V  
R355

823

CC340B -----

826

V  
V  
R340B

833

340A2

846  
843

D340A2 -----> B340A2

851  
849

-----< B340A2  
T340A2

V

852	.	.	.	V	S340A2
858	.	C340A2	.....	.	.
		V			
861	.	R340A2			
868	.	CC320B	.....		
		V			
871	.	R320B			
880	.	320A			
895	.		----->	BS320A	
890	.	D320A			
900	.		-----<	BS320A	
898	.	RT320A			
		V			
		V			
901	.	S320A			
907	.	C320	.....		
910	.	340A1			
925	.		----->	B340A1	
920	.	D340A1			
930	.		-----<	B340A1	
928	.	T340A1			
		V			
		V			
931	.	S340A1			
937	.	C340A1	.....		
940	.	C340	.....		
943	.	360			
957	.		----->	BS360	
953	.	D360			
962	.		-----<	BS360	
960	.	RT360			
		V			
		V			
963	.	S360			
969	.	C360	.....		
972	.	380A			
982	.	C380A	.....		
985	.	400A			
995	.	C400A	.....		
998	.	370			
		V			
		V			
1008	.	S370			
1020	.		----->	B370W	
1018	.	D370			
		V			
		V			
1023	.	R370S			

480	.	SS200	.
	.	V	.
	.	V	.
487	.	RR200	.
	.	.	.
493	CC180	.....	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
496	S180	.	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
505	R180	.	.
	.	.	.
514	.	260	.
	.	.	.
524	C260	.....	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
527	R260	.	.
	.	.	.
536	.	280	.
	.	.	.
546	C280	.....	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
549	R280	.	.
	.	.	.
558	.	300	.
	.	.	.
568	C300	.....	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
571	R300	.	.
	.	.	.
580	.	305A	.
	.	.	.
590	C305	.....	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
593	R305	.	.
	.	.	.
601	.	320B1	.
	.	.	.
616	.	-----> B320B1	.
611	D320B1	.	.
	.	.	.
621	.	-----< B320B1	.
619	T320B1	.	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
622	S320B1	.	.
	.	.	.
628	C320B1	.....	.
	.	.	.
631	.	350	.
	.	.	.
644	.	-----> SF350	.
641	D350	.	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
647	R350	.	.
	.	.	.
654	.	310	.
	.	.	.
664	C310	.....	.
	V	.	.
	V	.	.
667	R310	.	.
	.	.	.
674	.	305B	.
	.	V	.
	.	V	.
684	.	R305B	.
	.	.	.
691	.	.	320B2

1030	.	380B1	
1044	.		-----> B380B1
1040	.	D380B1	
1049	.		<----- B380B1
1047	.	T380B1	
	.	V	
	.	V	
1050	.	S380B1	
	.		
1056	.	C380B1	.....
	.	V	
	.	V	
1059	.	R380B1	
1066	.	400B1	
1080	.		-----> B400B1
1076	.	D400B1	
1085	.		<----- B400B1
1083	.	T400B1	
	.	V	
	.	V	
1086	.	S400B1	
	.		
1092	.	C400B1	.....
1095	.	CC400B	.....
1098	.	420A2	
1108	.	C400A2	.....
1111	.	395	
	.	V	
	.	V	
1121	.	R395	
1128	.	385	
1138	.	415B	
	.		
1148	.	C415B	.....
1154	.		-----> BS415B
1151	.	D415B	
1159	.		<----- BS415B
1157	.	RT415B	
	.	V	
	.	V	
1160	.	S415B	
	.		
1166	.	CC415B	.....
	.	V	
	.	V	
1169	.	R415B	
1176	.	390	
1190	.		-----> BS390
1186	.	D390	
1195	.		<----- BS390
1193	.	RT390	
	.	V	
	.	V	
1196	.	S390	
	.		
1202	.	C390	.....

1207  
1205

D390S -----> B390W

1212  
1210

<----- B370W  
T370W

1213

V  
V  
R370W

1219

C370

1222

V  
V  
R390S

1228

400B3

1242  
1238

D400B3 -----> B400B3

1247  
1245

<----- B400B3  
T400B3

1248

V  
V  
S400B3

1254

C400B3

1257

C390S

1260

380B3

1273  
1270

D380B3 -----> B380B3

1278  
1276

<----- B380B3  
T380B3

1279

V  
V  
S380B3

1285

C380B3

1291  
1288

D380B3 -----> 380B3c

1297  
1294

380B3b -----> 380B3a

1300

C380BB

1306  
1303

D380B -----> B38B3b

1311  
1309

<----- B38B3b  
RT380B

1312

V  
V  
S380B

1318

CC380B

1321

V  
V  
R38B3b

1329  
1327

<----- 380B3a  
T38B3a

1330

V  
V  
R38B3a

1338  
1336

<----- 380B3c  
T38B3c

1339

C38B3c

V

1342	V	R380B3	
1348			380B2
1358		C380B2	
1361	V	R380B2	
1368			400B2
1378		C400B2	
1381	V	R400B2	
1388			420A1
1402			-----> B420A1
1398		D420A1	
1407			-----< B420A1
1405			T420A1
1408			V
			V
			S420A1
1414		C420A	
1419			-----< B390W
1417		T390W	
		V	
		V	
1420		R390W	
1426			420B
1436		C420B	
1439			440
			V
1449			V
			R70
1455			441
1465		C108	
1470			-----> SPLIT
1468		D4	
		V	
		V	
1473		R108	
1479			442
1489		C67	
1495			-----> BASIN4
1492		D6	
1500			-----< BASIN4
1498			RTD6
			V
			V
1501			SD6
1507		C66	
1510			443
1523			-----> WSH66

```

2031 . . . . . 459
      . . . . .
2041 . . . . . C52.....
      . . . . . V
      . . . . . V
2044 . . . . . R52
      . . . . .
2050 . . . . . 460
      . . . . .
2060 . . . . . C102.....
      . . . . . V
      . . . . . V
2063 . . . . . BASIN3
      . . . . . V
      . . . . . V
2070 . . . . . R3
      . . . . .
2076 . . . . . 461
      . . . . .
2086 . . . . . C104.....
      . . . . .
2089 . . . . . C106.....
      . . . . . V
      . . . . . V
2092 . . . . . R106
      . . . . .
2098 . . . . . 462
      . . . . .
2108 . . . . . C56.....
      . . . . .
2111 . . . . . C462.....
      . . . . . V
      . . . . . V
2114 . . . . . R462
      . . . . . V
      . . . . . V
2120 . . . . . RR462
      . . . . .
2126 . . . . . 500
      . . . . .
2136 . . . . . C500.....

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(\*\*\*) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

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1*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
* JUN 1998 *
* VERSION 4.1 *
* RUN DATE 17AUG05 TIME 15:47:26 *
*
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*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER *
* 609 SECOND STREET *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 *
* (916) 756-1104 *
*
*****

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Spook Hill ADMP Update  
Future Condition Preferred Model with Spook Hill FRS Storage Routing  
Return Period = 100 Years, Rainfall Duration = 24 Hours  
Original File Name: REC\_EC24.DAT, Wood/Patel, April 2002, SZ  
Hermosa Vista Hawes Road Basin Alternative Analysis  
Final Option Model Name: FINAL.DAT, Wood/Patel, April 2005, SZ  
METHODOLOGY  
THE US CORPS OF ENGINEERS FLOW HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE HEC-1 DATED JUNE 1998 V4.1  
SCS TYPE II RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION  
CLARK UNIT HYDROGRAPH  
GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION EQUATION USED FOR CALCULATING LOSSES  
NORMAL DEPTH STORAGE CHANNEL ROUTING

```

14 IO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
      IPRNT 5 PRINT CONTROL
      IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
      QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

```

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IT HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA
      NMIN 2 MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
      IDATE 1 0 STARTING DATE
      ITIME 0000 STARTING TIME
      NQ 2000 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
      NDDATE 3 0 ENDING DATE
      NDDTIME 1838 ENDING TIME
      ICENT 19 CENTURY MARK

```













+		10	972.	12.27	119.	33.	12.	.69
+	ROUTED TO	R10	903.	12.40	119.	33.	12.	.69
+	ROUTED TO	R12	845.	12.60	118.	33.	12.	.69
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	20	1103.	12.23	165.	45.	16.	1.17
+	DIVERSION TO	BS20	1103.	12.23	92.	24.	9.	1.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D20	839.	12.50	79.	21.	8.	1.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT20	1103.	12.23	92.	24.	9.	1.17
+	ROUTED TO	S20	16.	12.50	15.	12.	7.	1.17
+	3 COMBINED AT	C20	1554.	12.57	207.	63.	26.	1.86
+	ROUTED TO	R20	1554.	12.57	207.	63.	26.	1.86
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	40	2753.	12.30	286.	79.	28.	2.23
+	DIVERSION TO	BS40	1789.	12.13	72.	20.	7.	2.23
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D40	2753.	12.30	227.	59.	21.	2.23
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT40	1789.	12.13	72.	20.	7.	2.23
+	ROUTED TO	S40	13.	12.20	12.	10.	6.	2.23
+	3 COMBINED AT	C40	3088.	12.33	437.	129.	52.	4.08
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	60	1654.	12.40	244.	66.	24.	1.75
+	DIVERSION TO	BS60	11.	9.17	7.	2.	1.	1.75
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D60	1654.	12.40	244.	64.	23.	1.75
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT60	11.	9.17	7.	2.	1.	1.75
+	ROUTED TO	SB60	2.	9.33	2.	1.	1.	1.75
+	3 COMBINED AT	C60	4599.	12.33	665.	190.	75.	5.84
+	ROUTED TO	S60	101.	14.73	101.	98.	54.	5.84
+	ROUTED TO	R60	101.	14.83	101.	98.	54.	5.84
+	ROUTED TO	RR60	101.	14.87	101.	98.	54.	5.84
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	80	1951.	12.13	199.	53.	19.	1.49
+	DIVERSION TO	BS80	945.	11.93	35.	10.	3.	1.49
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D80	1951.	12.13	170.	43.	16.	1.49
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT80	945.	11.93	35.	10.	3.	1.49
+	ROUTED TO	S80	7.	12.00	6.	5.	3.	1.49
+	2 COMBINED AT	C80	1958.	12.13	176.	48.	19.	1.49
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC80	1958.	12.13	264.	144.	75.	1.49

+	ROUTED TO	R80	1950.	12.17	264.	144.	75.	1.49
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	100	453.	12.20	66.	18.	6.	.49
+	DIVERSION TO	BS100	422.	12.13	19.	5.	2.	.49
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D100	453.	12.20	50.	13.	5.	.49
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT100	422.	12.13	19.	5.	2.	.49
+	ROUTED TO	S100	4.	12.20	3.	3.	2.	.49
+	3 COMBINED AT	C100	2352.	12.20	314.	158.	81.	1.98
+	ROUTED TO	R100	2303.	12.23	313.	158.	81.	1.98
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	120	3345.	12.27	342.	93.	34.	2.20
+	DIVERSION TO	BS120	13.	7.50	10.	3.	1.	2.20
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D120	3345.	12.27	342.	90.	33.	2.20
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT120	13.	7.50	10.	3.	1.	2.20
+	ROUTED TO	S120	2.	8.00	2.	2.	1.	2.20
+	3 COMBINED AT	C120	5561.	12.23	633.	242.	112.	4.18
+	ROUTED TO	R120	5512.	12.27	633.	242.	112.	4.18
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	140	665.	12.13	67.	18.	6.	.60
+	DIVERSION TO	BS140	369.	11.97	11.	3.	1.	.60
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D140	665.	12.13	58.	15.	5.	.60
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT140	369.	11.97	11.	3.	1.	.60
+	ROUTED TO	S140	2.	12.03	2.	2.	1.	.60
+	3 COMBINED AT	C140	6028.	12.27	687.	257.	118.	4.78
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	150	593.	12.17	51.	14.	5.	.41
+	ROUTED TO	R150	567.	12.23	51.	14.	5.	.41
+	ROUTED TO	R152	513.	12.33	51.	14.	5.	.41
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	160	224.	12.40	36.	9.	3.	.37
+	DIVERSION TO	BS160	82.	12.13	2.	1.	0.	.37
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D160	224.	12.40	34.	9.	3.	.37
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT160	82.	12.13	2.	1.	0.	.37
+	ROUTED TO	S160	1.	12.20	1.	1.	0.	.37
+	3 COMBINED AT	C160	732.	12.37	86.	23.	8.	.77
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	180	851.	12.37	98.	25.	9.	1.01
+	3 COMBINED AT	C180	7186.	12.27	850.	298.	132.	6.56

+	HYDROGRAPH AT	210	1322.	12.17	111.	29.	10.	.79
+	ROUTED TO	R210	1246.	12.23	111.	29.	10.	.79
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	240	1513.	12.30	167.	42.	15.	1.41
+	2 COMBINED AT	C240	2684.	12.27	273.	70.	25.	2.20
+	ROUTED TO	S240	799.	12.70	226.	59.	21.	2.20
+	ROUTED TO	R240	795.	12.77	225.	59.	21.	2.20
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	220	676.	12.20	68.	18.	6.	.47
+	2 COMBINED AT	C220	955.	12.60	288.	75.	27.	2.67
+	ROUTED TO	SW220	895.	12.80	280.	73.	26.	2.67
+	ROUTED TO	R220	893.	12.87	280.	73.	26.	2.67
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	190	1471.	12.17	123.	33.	12.	.92
+	ROUTED TO	R190	1415.	12.23	123.	33.	12.	.92
+	ROUTED TO	R192	1359.	12.30	123.	33.	12.	.92
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	200	831.	12.17	72.	20.	7.	.53
+	3 COMBINED AT	C200	2264.	12.30	459.	122.	44.	4.12
+	ROUTED TO	SW200	2144.	12.37	454.	119.	43.	4.12
+	ROUTED TO	R200	2135.	12.37	454.	119.	43.	4.12
+	ROUTED TO	SS200	1364.	12.73	333.	88.	32.	4.12
+	ROUTED TO	RR200	1343.	12.83	331.	88.	32.	4.12
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC180	7186.	12.27	1160.	382.	162.	10.68
+	ROUTED TO	S180	124.	24.37	124.	123.	89.	10.68
+	ROUTED TO	R180	124.	24.40	124.	123.	89.	10.68
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	260	427.	12.10	42.	11.	4.	.26
+	2 COMBINED AT	C260	428.	12.10	140.	130.	102.	.26
+	ROUTED TO	R260	411.	12.20	140.	130.	102.	.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	280	527.	12.10	46.	13.	5.	.32
+	2 COMBINED AT	C280	893.	12.13	181.	141.	107.	.58
+	ROUTED TO	R280	870.	12.20	180.	141.	106.	.58
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	300	428.	12.10	37.	11.	4.	.29
+	2 COMBINED AT	C300	1235.	12.17	214.	149.	110.	.87
+	ROUTED TO	R300	1189.	12.23	213.	149.	110.	.87
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							

+		305A	394.	12.13	41.	11.	4.	.32
+	2 COMBINED AT							
		C305	1534.	12.20	250.	159.	113.	1.19
+	ROUTED TO							
		R305	1520.	12.23	250.	158.	113.	1.19
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		320B1	659.	12.13	66.	19.	7.	.45
+	DIVERSION TO							
		B320B1	364.	11.93	16.	5.	2.	.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		D320B1	659.	12.13	54.	14.	5.	.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		T320B1	364.	11.93	16.	5.	2.	.45
+	ROUTED TO							
		S320B1	4.	12.00	3.	3.	2.	.45
+	3 COMBINED AT							
		C320B1	2042.	12.20	304.	174.	119.	1.64
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		350	1315.	12.20	112.	29.	11.	1.00
+	DIVERSION TO							
		SF350	658.	12.20	56.	15.	5.	1.00
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		D350	658.	12.20	56.	15.	5.	1.00
+	ROUTED TO							
		R350	593.	12.40	56.	15.	5.	1.00
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		310	381.	12.33	50.	13.	5.	.54
+	2 COMBINED AT							
		C310	950.	12.37	106.	27.	10.	1.04
+	ROUTED TO							
		R310	865.	12.67	106.	27.	10.	1.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		305B	333.	12.33	40.	10.	4.	.39
+	ROUTED TO							
		R305B	317.	12.43	40.	10.	4.	.39
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		320B2	251.	12.13	27.	7.	3.	.22
+	DIVERSION TO							
		B320B2	177.	12.00	6.	2.	1.	.22
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		D320B2	251.	12.13	22.	6.	2.	.22
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		T320B2	177.	12.00	6.	2.	1.	.22
+	ROUTED TO							
		S320B2	1.	12.03	1.	1.	1.	.22
+	4 COMBINED AT							
		C320B2	1150.	12.63	167.	43.	16.	1.65
+	ROUTED TO							
		R320B2	1144.	12.67	167.	43.	16.	1.65
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		340B	497.	12.07	41.	12.	4.	.29
+	DIVERSION TO							
		BS340B	497.	12.07	29.	8.	3.	.29
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		D340B	286.	12.20	15.	4.	2.	.29
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							
		RT340B	497.	12.07	29.	8.	3.	.29
+	ROUTED TO							
		S340B	5.	12.20	5.	4.	3.	.29
+	3 COMBINED AT							
		C340B	1166.	12.67	185.	50.	20.	1.94
+	DIVERSION TO							
		BS340	966.	12.67	113.	28.	10.	1.94

+	HYDROGRAPH AT	DD340B	200.	12.10	71.	22.	10.	1.94
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT340	966.	12.67	113.	28.	10.	1.94
+	ROUTED TO	SS340B	48.	13.40	41.	24.	10.	1.94
+	2 COMBINED AT	CD340B	248.	13.40	109.	46.	20.	1.94
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT350	658.	12.20	56.	15.	5.	1.00
+	ROUTED TO	RR350	570.	12.43	56.	15.	5.	1.00
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	355	546.	12.33	75.	19.	7.	.68
+	2 COMBINED AT	C355	1061.	12.40	130.	34.	12.	1.17
+	DIVERSION TO	BS355	611.	12.40	40.	10.	4.	1.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D355	450.	12.13	90.	24.	9.	1.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT355	611.	12.40	40.	10.	4.	1.17
+	ROUTED TO	S355	40.	12.77	26.	10.	4.	1.17
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC355	490.	12.77	115.	34.	12.	1.17
+	ROUTED TO	R355	478.	12.77	115.	34.	12.	1.17
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC340B	707.	12.77	220.	78.	31.	3.11
+	ROUTED TO	R340B	703.	12.80	219.	78.	31.	3.11
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	340A2	72.	12.03	8.	3.	1.	.04
+	DIVERSION TO	B340A2	64.	11.97	4.	1.	0.	.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D340A2	72.	12.03	5.	1.	1.	.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	T340A2	64.	11.97	4.	1.	0.	.04
+	ROUTED TO	S340A2	1.	12.03	1.	1.	0.	.04
+	3 COMBINED AT	C340A2	710.	12.80	225.	80.	32.	3.15
+	ROUTED TO	R340A2	703.	12.93	225.	80.	32.	3.15
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC320B	2211.	12.23	517.	251.	148.	4.79
+	ROUTED TO	R320B	2204.	12.23	517.	251.	148.	4.79
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	320A	315.	12.13	40.	12.	4.	.27
+	DIVERSION TO	BS320A	315.	12.13	22.	6.	2.	.27
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D320A	267.	12.27	22.	6.	2.	.27
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT320A	315.	12.13	22.	6.	2.	.27
+	ROUTED TO	S320A	4.	12.27	3.	3.	2.	.27
+	3 COMBINED AT	C320	2378.	12.30	539.	259.	151.	5.06
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	340A1	1254.	12.17	154.	46.	17.	1.09

+	DIVERSION TO	B340A1	1254.	12.17	154.	46.	17.	1.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D340A1	0.	.00	0.	0.	0.	1.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	T340A1	1254.	12.17	154.	46.	17.	1.09
+	ROUTED TO	S340A1	18.	15.30	18.	16.	12.	1.09
+	2 COMBINED AT	C340A1	18.	15.30	18.	16.	12.	1.09
+	2 COMBINED AT	C340	2378.	12.30	553.	273.	162.	6.15
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	360	840.	12.20	122.	36.	13.	.88
+	DIVERSION TO	BS360	840.	12.20	93.	25.	9.	.88
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D360	366.	12.67	40.	12.	4.	.88
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT360	840.	12.20	93.	25.	9.	.88
+	ROUTED TO	S360	15.	12.67	15.	12.	8.	.88
+	3 COMBINED AT	C360	2378.	12.30	597.	294.	172.	7.03
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	380A	322.	12.27	33.	10.	4.	.26
+	2 COMBINED AT	C380A	2639.	12.30	619.	300.	174.	7.29
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	400A	56.	12.20	4.	1.	0.	.05
+	2 COMBINED AT	C400A	2676.	12.30	622.	300.	174.	7.34
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	370	817.	12.23	83.	22.	8.	.67
+	ROUTED TO	S370	374.	12.53	83.	22.	8.	.67
+	DIVERSION TO	B370W	335.	12.53	74.	20.	7.	.67
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D370	39.	12.53	8.	2.	1.	.67
+	ROUTED TO	R370S	38.	12.90	8.	2.	1.	.67
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	380B1	329.	12.20	47.	14.	5.	.37
+	DIVERSION TO	B380B1	329.	12.20	19.	5.	2.	.37
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D380B1	312.	12.27	31.	8.	3.	.37
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	T380B1	329.	12.20	19.	5.	2.	.37
+	ROUTED TO	S380B1	3.	12.27	3.	3.	2.	.37
+	3 COMBINED AT	C380B1	315.	12.27	42.	13.	6.	1.04
+	ROUTED TO	R380B1	287.	12.43	42.	13.	6.	1.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	400B1	440.	12.13	45.	13.	5.	.38
+	DIVERSION TO	B400B1	239.	11.97	10.	3.	1.	.38
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D400B1	440.	12.13	37.	10.	3.	.38
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							

+		T400B1	239.	11.97	10.	3.	1.	.38
	ROUTED TO							
+		S400B1	2.	12.03	2.	2.	1.	.38
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C400B1	442.	12.13	39.	11.	5.	.38
	3 COMBINED AT							
+		CC400B	2957.	12.30	685.	319.	181.	8.76
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		420A2	31.	12.07	2.	1.	0.	.02
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C400A2	2967.	12.30	687.	320.	181.	8.78
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		395	236.	12.13	29.	8.	3.	.20
	ROUTED TO							
+		R395	230.	12.20	29.	8.	3.	.20
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		385	613.	12.23	74.	20.	7.	.53
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		415B	449.	12.10	49.	14.	5.	.33
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C415B	979.	12.20	123.	35.	12.	.86
	DIVERSION TO							
+		BS415B	829.	12.20	72.	18.	7.	.86
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		D415B	150.	11.80	50.	16.	6.	.86
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		RT415B	829.	12.20	72.	18.	7.	.86
	ROUTED TO							
+		S415B	51.	12.83	39.	18.	7.	.86
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		CC415B	201.	12.83	85.	33.	12.	.86
	ROUTED TO							
+		R415B	201.	12.90	84.	33.	12.	.86
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		390	486.	12.03	35.	10.	4.	.25
	DIVERSION TO							
+		BS390	103.	11.73	6.	2.	1.	.25
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		D390	486.	12.03	32.	8.	3.	.25
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		RT390	103.	11.73	6.	2.	1.	.25
	ROUTED TO							
+		S390	1.	11.80	1.	1.	1.	.25
	4 COMBINED AT							
+		C390	801.	12.07	144.	50.	19.	1.30
	DIVERSION TO							
+		B390W	700.	12.00	142.	49.	19.	1.30
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		D390S	101.	12.07	2.	0.	0.	1.30
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		T370W	335.	12.53	74.	20.	7.	.67
	ROUTED TO							
+		R370W	331.	12.73	74.	20.	7.	.67
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C370	330.	12.73	75.	20.	7.	1.30
	ROUTED TO							
+		R390S	329.	12.80	75.	20.	7.	1.30
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		400B3	39.	12.03	3.	1.	0.	.02
	DIVERSION TO							
+		B400B3	39.	12.03	3.	1.	0.	.02
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		D400B3	0.	.00	0.	0.	0.	.02

+	HYDROGRAPH AT	T400B3	39.	12.03	3.	1.	0.	.02
	ROUTED TO	S400B3	1.	11.67	1.	1.	0.	.02
+	2 COMBINED AT	C400B3	1.	11.67	1.	1.	0.	.02
	2 COMBINED AT	C390S	330.	12.80	76.	21.	8.	1.33
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	380B3	171.	12.10	16.	5.	2.	.12
	DIVERSION TO	B380B3	170.	12.07	7.	2.	1.	.12
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D380B3	162.	12.13	10.	3.	1.	.12
	HYDROGRAPH AT	T380B3	170.	12.07	7.	2.	1.	.12
+	ROUTED TO	S380B3	2.	12.13	2.	1.	1.	.12
	2 COMBINED AT	C380B3	164.	12.13	11.	4.	2.	.12
+	DIVERSION TO	380B3c	44.	12.13	3.	1.	0.	.12
	HYDROGRAPH AT	D380B3	120.	12.13	8.	3.	1.	.12
+	DIVERSION TO	380B3a	62.	12.13	4.	1.	1.	.12
	HYDROGRAPH AT	380B3b	57.	12.13	4.	1.	1.	.12
+	2 COMBINED AT	C380BB	335.	12.77	80.	22.	8.	1.45
	DIVERSION TO	B38B3b	265.	12.77	51.	13.	5.	1.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D380B	70.	12.07	29.	9.	3.	1.45
	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT380B	265.	12.77	51.	13.	5.	1.45
+	ROUTED TO	S380B	22.	13.80	20.	12.	5.	1.45
	2 COMBINED AT	CC380B	92.	13.80	47.	21.	8.	1.45
+	ROUTED TO	R38B3b	92.	13.83	47.	21.	8.	1.45
	HYDROGRAPH AT	T38B3a	62.	12.13	4.	1.	1.	.12
+	ROUTED TO	R38B3a	50.	12.23	4.	1.	1.	.12
	HYDROGRAPH AT	T38B3c	44.	12.13	3.	1.	0.	.12
+	3 COMBINED AT	C38B3c	154.	12.23	54.	23.	9.	1.45
	ROUTED TO	R380B3	149.	12.33	54.	23.	9.	1.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	380B2	140.	12.07	12.	3.	1.	.10
	2 COMBINED AT	C380B2	205.	12.27	64.	26.	10.	1.55
+	ROUTED TO	R380B2	202.	12.40	64.	26.	10.	1.55
	HYDROGRAPH AT	400B2	205.	12.13	19.	5.	2.	.19
+	2 COMBINED AT	C400B2	336.	12.17	82.	31.	12.	1.74
	ROUTED TO	R400B2	323.	12.33	82.	31.	12.	1.74

+	HYDROGRAPH AT	420A1	759.	12.13	74.	21.	8.	.57
+	DIVERSION TO	B420A1	477.	11.97	20.	6.	2.	.57
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D420A1	759.	12.13	60.	16.	6.	.57
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	T420A1	477.	11.97	20.	6.	2.	.57
+	ROUTED TO	S420A1	4.	12.03	3.	3.	2.	.57
+	4 COMBINED AT	C420A	3670.	12.23	806.	360.	196.	11.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	T390W	700.	12.00	142.	49.	19.	1.30
+	ROUTED TO	R390W	672.	12.27	142.	49.	19.	1.30
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	420B	356.	12.10	34.	10.	4.	.28
+	2 COMBINED AT	C420B	940.	12.20	176.	59.	22.	.28
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	440	184.	12.03	12.	3.	1.	.08
+	ROUTED TO	R70	181.	12.07	12.	3.	1.	.08
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	441	16.	12.03	1.	0.	0.	.01
+	2 COMBINED AT	C108	197.	12.07	14.	4.	1.	.09
+	DIVERSION TO	SPLIT	98.	12.07	7.	2.	1.	.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D4	98.	12.07	7.	2.	1.	.09
+	ROUTED TO	R108	92.	12.13	7.	2.	1.	.09
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	442	105.	12.10	9.	2.	1.	.10
+	2 COMBINED AT	C67	195.	12.10	16.	4.	2.	.19
+	DIVERSION TO	BASIN4	121.	12.10	6.	2.	1.	.19
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D6	74.	12.10	10.	3.	1.	.19
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RTD6	121.	12.10	6.	2.	1.	.19
+	ROUTED TO	SD6	1.	12.47	1.	1.	0.	.19
+	2 COMBINED AT	CD6	74.	12.10	10.	3.	1.	.19
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	443	151.	12.07	15.	4.	1.	.08
+	DIVERSION TO	WSH66	78.	11.87	12.	3.	1.	.08
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D66	73.	12.07	3.	1.	0.	.08
+	ROUTED TO	R113	71.	12.07	3.	1.	0.	.08
+	2 COMBINED AT	C114	144.	12.07	13.	4.	2.	.27
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	444	83.	12.03	5.	1.	0.	.04
+	ROUTED TO	R58	79.	12.07	5.	1.	0.	.04
+	HYDROGRAPH AT							

+		445	307.	12.03	19.	5.	2.	.19
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C107	382.	12.03	23.	6.	2.	.23
	ROUTED TO							
+		R107	382.	12.07	23.	6.	2.	.23
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		RTB2	98.	12.07	7.	2.	1.	.09
	ROUTED TO							
+		RSPLIT	98.	12.07	7.	2.	1.	.09
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		446	66.	12.03	6.	2.	1.	.04
	3 COMBINED AT							
+		C109	545.	12.07	36.	10.	3.	.27
	DIVERSION TO							
+		WSH404	35.	11.70	8.	2.	1.	.27
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		D5	510.	12.07	28.	7.	3.	.27
	ROUTED TO							
+		R109	493.	12.10	28.	7.	3.	.27
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		447	141.	12.07	12.	4.	1.	.09
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		RT404	35.	11.70	8.	2.	1.	.27
	ROUTED TO							
+		R404	35.	11.83	8.	2.	1.	.27
	3 COMBINED AT							
+		C110	666.	12.07	48.	13.	5.	.36
	ROUTED TO							
+		R110	663.	12.10	48.	13.	5.	.36
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C115	805.	12.07	61.	17.	7.	.63
	ROUTED TO							
+		R115	799.	12.10	61.	17.	7.	.63
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		448	89.	12.03	6.	2.	1.	.05
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		449	81.	12.03	5.	1.	0.	.05
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C6364	170.	12.03	11.	3.	1.	.09
	ROUTED TO							
+		R6364	145.	12.17	11.	3.	1.	.09
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		450	63.	12.20	7.	2.	1.	.07
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		451	18.	12.17	2.	1.	0.	.03
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C451	80.	12.20	9.	2.	1.	.09
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		RT66	78.	11.87	12.	3.	1.	.08
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		452	63.	12.03	5.	1.	0.	.04
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C6465	141.	12.03	17.	4.	2.	.04
	ROUTED TO							
+		R6566	137.	12.10	17.	4.	2.	.04
	3 COMBINED AT							
+		C116	357.	12.17	36.	10.	3.	.23
	ROUTED TO							
+		BASINS	159.	12.47	36.	10.	3.	.23
	ROUTED TO							
+		R116	157.	12.53	36.	10.	3.	.23
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		453	63.	12.10	7.	2.	1.	.06

+	2 COMBINED AT	C117	177.	12.47	43.	12.	4.	.29
+	2 COMBINED AT	C118	892.	12.10	104.	29.	11.	.92
+	ROUTED TO	R118	887.	12.13	104.	29.	11.	.92
+	DIVERSION TO	BASING	248.	12.13	7.	2.	1.	.92
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D7	639.	12.13	97.	27.	10.	.92
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RTD7	248.	12.13	7.	2.	1.	.92
+	ROUTED TO	SD7	1.	12.67	1.	1.	1.	.92
+	2 COMBINED AT	CD7	640.	12.13	97.	28.	11.	.92
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	454	162.	12.13	21.	6.	2.	.18
+	2 COMBINED AT	C454	801.	12.13	118.	34.	13.	1.10
+	ROUTED TO	R454	793.	12.23	118.	34.	13.	1.10
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	415A	267.	12.17	32.	9.	3.	.28
+	2 COMBINED AT	C415A	1046.	12.20	149.	43.	16.	1.38
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC415A	1975.	12.20	321.	100.	38.	1.66
+	DIVERSION TO	BS420B	475.	12.20	17.	4.	2.	1.66
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D420B	1500.	12.10	304.	96.	37.	1.66
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT420B	475.	12.20	17.	4.	2.	1.66
+	ROUTED TO	S420B	29.	12.40	14.	4.	2.	1.66
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC420B	1529.	12.37	318.	100.	38.	1.66
+	ROUTED TO	R415A	1527.	12.40	318.	100.	38.	1.66
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	455	1418.	12.13	150.	45.	16.	1.11
+	DIVERSION TO	BS455	1418.	12.13	139.	37.	13.	1.11
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D455	145.	12.80	24.	8.	3.	1.11
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT455	1418.	12.13	139.	37.	13.	1.11
+	ROUTED TO	S455	23.	12.80	22.	18.	11.	1.11
+	2 COMBINED AT	C455	169.	12.80	46.	26.	14.	1.11
+	3 COMBINED AT	CC455	5133.	12.23	1112.	465.	240.	13.86
+	ROUTED TO	S440	300.	22.00	299.	271.	175.	13.86
+	ROUTED TO	R455	300.	22.77	299.	271.	172.	13.86
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	480	1102.	12.10	100.	31.	11.	.73
+	DIVERSION TO	BS480	487.	11.90	27.	8.	3.	.73
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D480	1102.	12.10	83.	23.	8.	.73

+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT480	487.	11.90	27.	8.	3.	.73
	ROUTED TO	S480	5.	11.97	5.	4.	3.	.73
+	2 COMBINED AT	C480	1107.	12.10	88.	27.	11.	.73
+	2 COMBINED AT	CC480	1107.	12.10	359.	318.	207.	.73
+	ROUTED TO	R480	907.	12.33	359.	318.	205.	.73
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	456	483.	12.07	37.	10.	4.	.26
+	DIVERSION TO	BASIN1	193.	12.07	8.	2.	1.	.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D1	290.	12.07	29.	8.	3.	.26
+	DIVERSION TO	WA30	59.	12.07	10.	3.	1.	.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	CD2	231.	12.07	19.	5.	2.	.26
+	ROUTED TO	R456	218.	12.13	19.	5.	2.	.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	457	273.	12.07	21.	6.	2.	.19
+	2 COMBINED AT	C101	480.	12.10	40.	10.	4.	.45
+	DIVERSION TO	BASIN2	177.	12.10	8.	2.	1.	.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	D3	303.	12.10	32.	8.	3.	.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RTD3	177.	12.10	8.	2.	1.	.45
+	ROUTED TO	SD3	1.	12.40	1.	1.	1.	.45
+	2 COMBINED AT	CD3	304.	12.10	33.	9.	4.	.45
+	ROUTED TO	R101	302.	12.10	33.	9.	4.	.45
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	458	366.	12.03	26.	7.	2.	.19
+	2 COMBINED AT	C103	655.	12.07	59.	16.	6.	.64
+	ROUTED TO	R103	651.	12.07	59.	16.	6.	.64
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RT30	59.	12.07	10.	3.	1.	.26
+	ROUTED TO	R30	58.	12.10	10.	3.	1.	.26
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	RTB1	193.	12.07	8.	2.	1.	.26
+	ROUTED TO	B1	35.	12.20	8.	2.	1.	.26
+	ROUTED TO	RB1	35.	12.27	8.	2.	1.	.26
+	2 COMBINED AT	CDIV	87.	12.20	18.	5.	2.	.12
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	459	45.	12.03	3.	1.	0.	.03
+	2 COMBINED AT	C52	117.	12.10	21.	6.	2.	.15
+	ROUTED TO	R52	116.	12.17	21.	6.	2.	.15
	HYDROGRAPH AT							

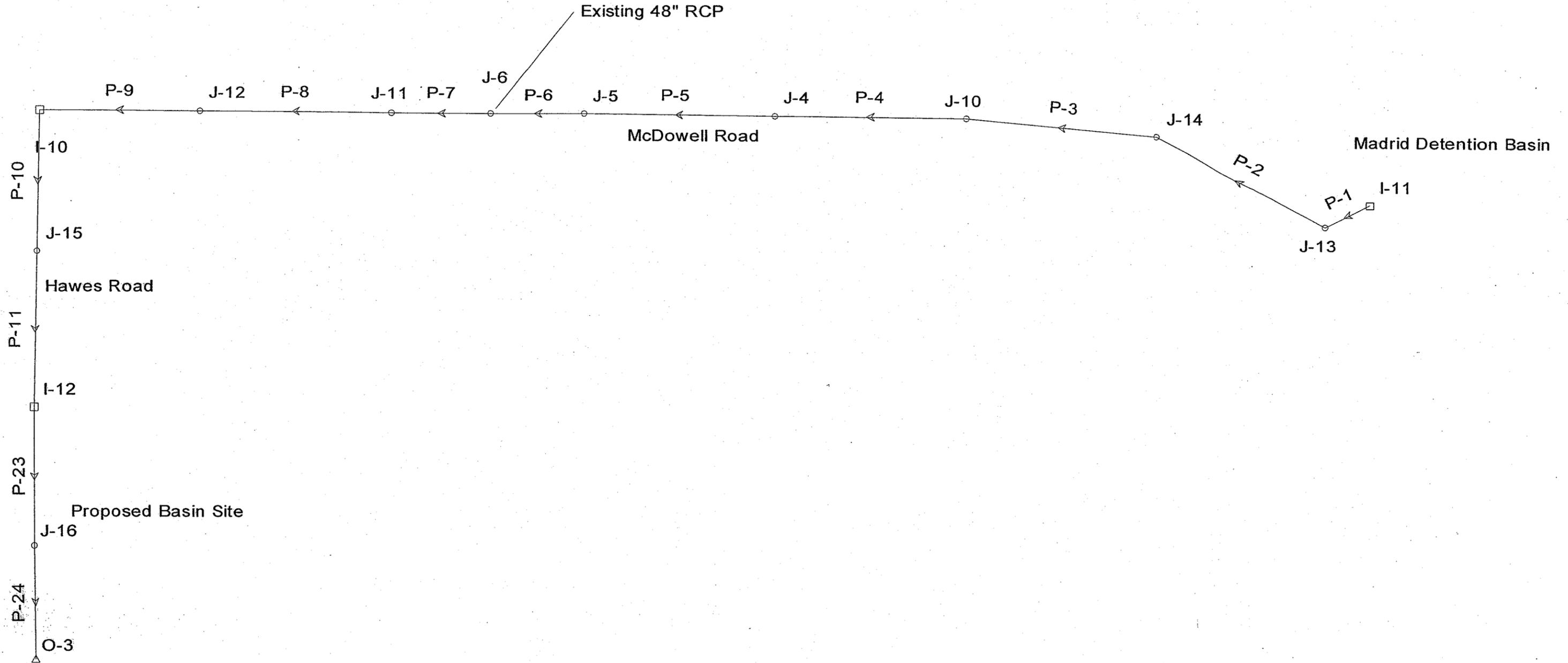
+		460	221.	12.07	20.	6.	2.	.14
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C102	323.	12.07	40.	12.	4.	.29
	ROUTED TO							
+		BASIN3	71.	12.63	40.	12.	4.	.29
	ROUTED TO							
+		R3	71.	12.77	40.	12.	4.	.29
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		461	165.	12.10	17.	5.	2.	.12
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C104	220.	12.10	57.	17.	6.	.41
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C106	866.	12.07	115.	33.	12.	1.05
	ROUTED TO							
+		R106	828.	12.13	115.	33.	12.	1.05
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		462	557.	12.07	42.	12.	4.	.30
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C56	1306.	12.10	156.	44.	16.	1.35
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C462	1633.	12.30	398.	341.	217.	2.09
	ROUTED TO							
+		R462	1600.	12.33	397.	341.	217.	2.09
	ROUTED TO							
+		RR462	1563.	12.40	396.	340.	217.	2.09
	HYDROGRAPH AT							
+		500	1126.	12.27	128.	35.	12.	.93
	2 COMBINED AT							
+		C500	2472.	12.33	507.	367.	226.	3.02

\*\*\* NORMAL END OF HEC-1 \*\*\*

**APPENDIX C**

**Hydraulic Analysis for Preferred Alternative**

Scenario: Base



Scenario: Base

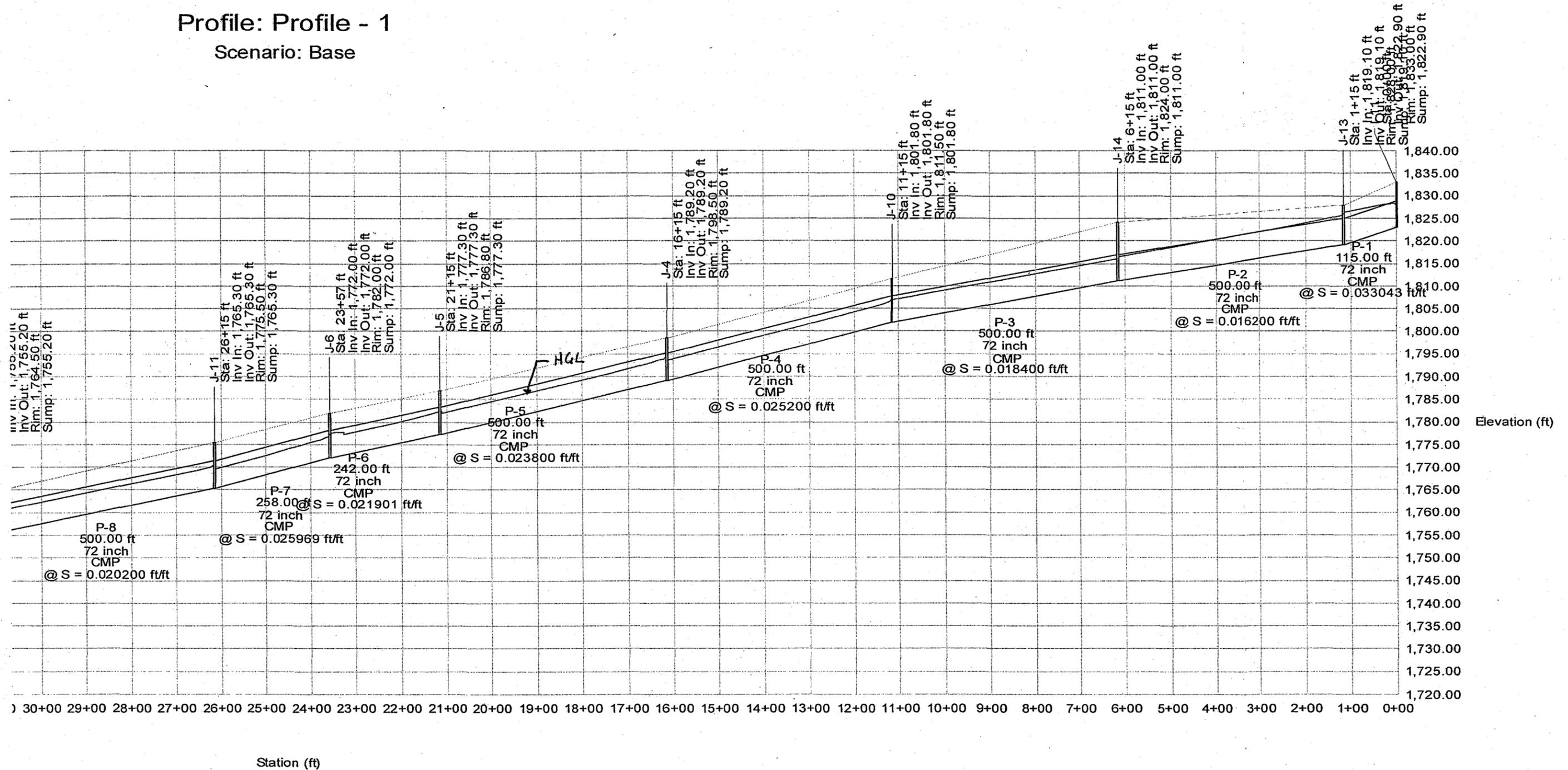
Pipe Report

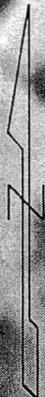
Label	Upstream Node	Downstream Node	Total System Flow (cfs)	Length (ft)	Constructed Slope (ft/ft)	Section Size	Mannings n	Upstream Invert Elevation (ft)	Downstream Invert Elevation (ft)	Upstream Ground Elevation (ft)	Downstream Ground Elevation (ft)	Upstream Cover (ft)	Downstream Cover (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line In (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line Out (ft)	Average Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	I-11	J-13	335.00	115.00	0.033043	72 inch	0.023	1,822.90	1,819.10	1,833.00	1,828.00	4.10	2.90	1,828.22	1,826.31	12.25
P-2	J-13	J-14	335.00	500.00	0.016200	72 inch	0.023	1,819.10	1,811.00	1,828.00	1,824.00	2.90	7.00	1,825.66	1,816.37	12.20
P-3	J-14	J-10	335.00	500.00	0.018400	72 inch	0.023	1,811.00	1,801.80	1,824.00	1,811.50	7.00	3.70	1,816.11	1,806.91	13.05
P-4	J-10	J-4	335.00	500.00	0.025200	72 inch	0.023	1,801.80	1,789.20	1,811.50	1,798.50	3.70	3.30	1,806.78	1,794.31	13.21
P-5	J-4	J-5	335.00	500.00	0.023800	72 inch	0.023	1,789.20	1,777.30	1,798.50	1,786.80	3.30	3.50	1,794.18	1,782.41	13.21
P-6	J-5	J-6	335.00	242.00	0.021901	72 inch	0.023	1,777.30	1,772.00	1,786.80	1,782.00	3.50	4.00	1,782.28	1,777.53	12.83
P-7	J-6	J-11	335.00	258.00	0.025969	72 inch	0.023	1,772.00	1,765.30	1,782.00	1,775.50	4.00	4.20	1,776.98	1,770.41	13.21
P-8	J-11	J-12	335.00	500.00	0.020200	72 inch	0.023	1,765.30	1,755.20	1,775.50	1,764.50	4.20	3.30	1,770.28	1,760.31	13.21
P-9	J-12	I-10	335.00	420.00	0.024048	72 inch	0.023	1,755.20	1,745.10	1,764.50	1,756.00	3.30	4.90	1,760.18	1,751.85	12.61
P-10	I-10	J-15	328.00	370.00	0.016757	78 inch	0.023	1,745.10	1,738.90	1,756.00	1,749.00	4.40	3.60	1,749.96	1,743.88	12.17
P-11	J-15	I-12	328.00	408.00	0.016176	78 inch	0.023	1,738.90	1,732.30	1,749.00	1,748.00	3.60	9.20	1,743.76	1,736.99	12.56
P-23	I-12	J-16	70.00	342.00	0.017836	48 inch	0.023	1,732.30	1,726.20	1,748.00	1,736.00	11.70	5.80	1,734.83	1,728.54	8.76
P-24	J-16	O-3	70.00	300.00	0.017667	48 inch	0.023	1,726.20	1,720.90	1,736.00	1,731.50	5.80	6.60	1,728.73	1,723.25	8.75



Profile  
Scenario: Base

Profile: Profile - 1  
Scenario: Base





1" = 30'

DEPRESSED CURB  
W/ SPILLWAY

0.095 × 1811.888 × 1812.920 × 1815.596

98 × 1811.328 × 1813.160 × 1815.161

HIGH POINT

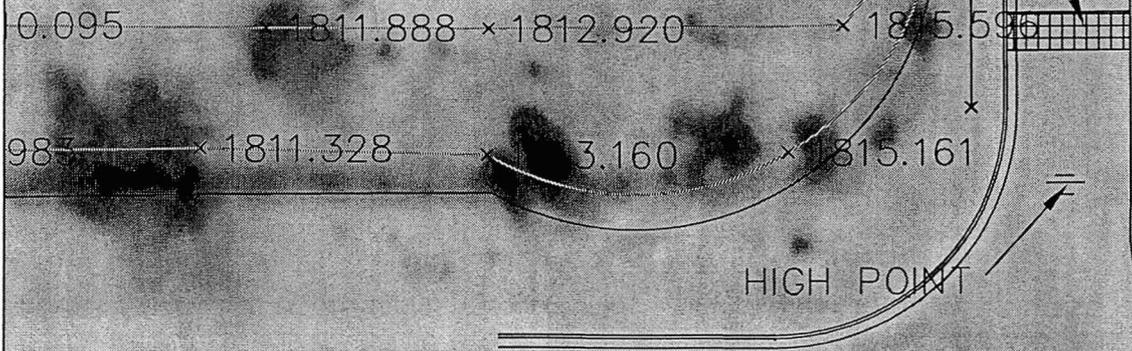
### 88th Street Drainage

# Option 1

**WOOD/PATEL &  
ASSOCIATES**  
Civil Engineers  
Hydrologists  
Land Surveyors  
Construction Managers  
(602) 335-8500



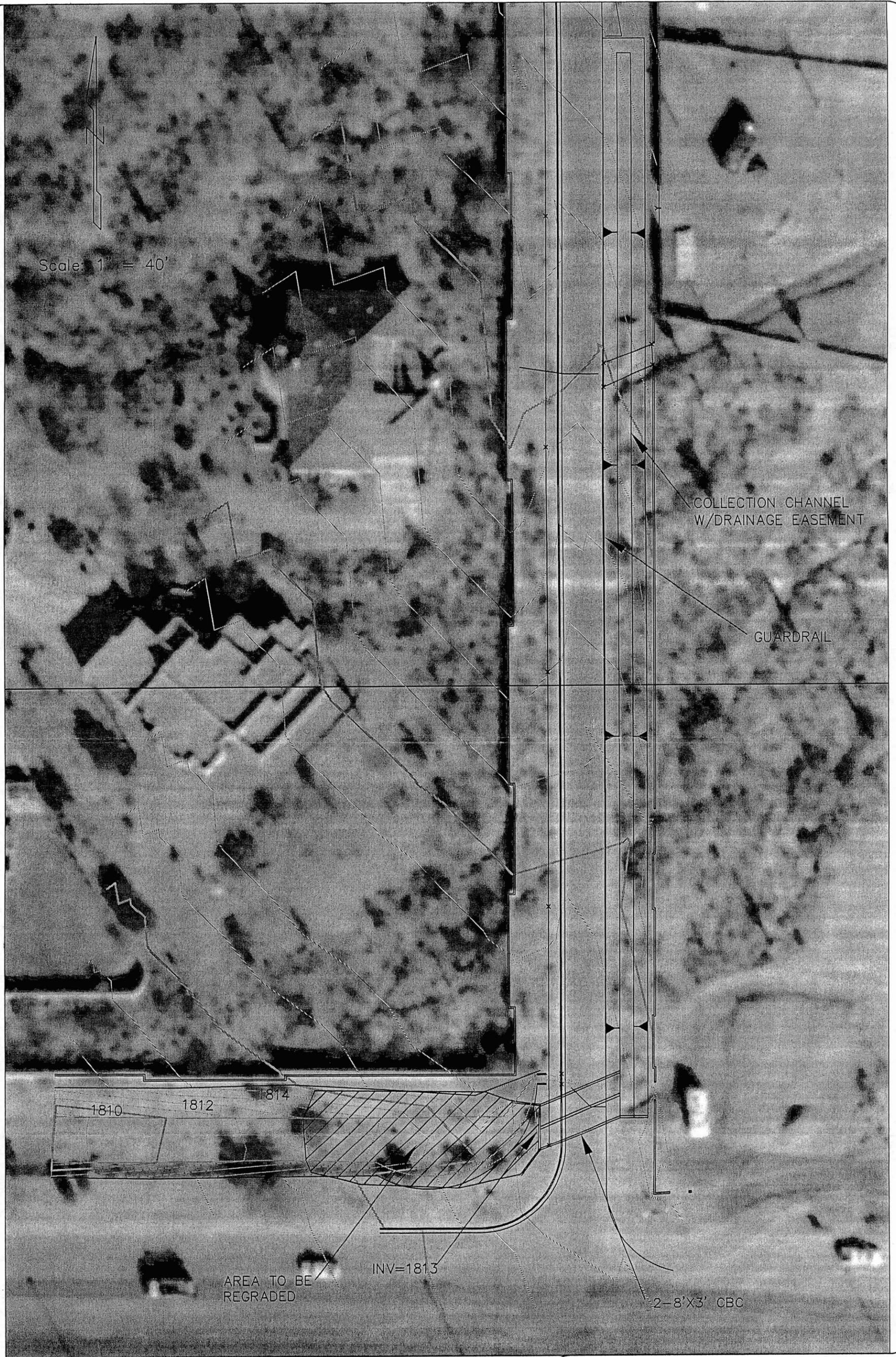
1" = 30'



### 88th Street Drainage

## Option 2

**WOOD/PATEL &  
ASSOCIATES**  
Civil Engineers  
Hydrologists  
Land Surveyors  
Construction Managers  
(602) 335-8500



88th Street Drainage

Option 3

WOOD/PATEL &  
ASSOCIATES  
Civil Engineers  
Hydrologists  
Land Surveyors  
Construction Managers  
(802) 335-8500

**APPENDIX D**

**Supporting Cost Estimation Sheets**

Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Storm Drain and Basin Drainage Improvements

Flood Control District of Maricopa County

FCD 2004 C045

October 19, 2005

W/P # 042284.01

Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost for Alternative 1MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	72" CMP Pipe "A"	\$190	LF	3,300	\$627,000
2	78" CMP Pipe "B"	\$210	LF	1,400	\$294,000
3	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	56,000	\$336,000
4	Basin "E" Outlet Modification	\$50,000	EA	1	\$50,000
5	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	15	\$90,000
6	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000
7	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	413,820	\$206,910
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$1,753,910

CONTINGENCIES:

Construction	30%	\$526,173
Engineering	7%	\$159,606
Construction Admin.	6%	\$136,805

**TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS**      **\$2,576,494**

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

LAND ACQUISITION:

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	9.5	\$915,000
<b>TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION</b>					<b>\$915,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>\$3,491,494</b>

1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost for Alternative 2

MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	54" CMP Pipe "B"	\$140	LF	1,400	\$196,000
2	2-66" CMP Pipe "C"	\$170	LF	5,000	\$850,000
3	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	61,000	\$366,000
4	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	8	\$48,000
5	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000
6	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	413,820	\$206,910
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$1,816,910
<u>CONTINGENCIES:</u>					
	Construction			30%	\$545,073
	Engineering			7%	\$165,339
	Construction Admin.			6%	\$141,719
TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$2,669,041

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

LAND ACQUISITION:

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	9.5	\$915,000
TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION					\$915,000
TOTAL					\$3,584,041

1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost for Alternative 3

MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	66" CMP Pipe "A"	\$170	LF	3,300	\$561,000
2	72" CMP Pipe "B"	\$190	LF	1,400	\$266,000
3	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	56,000	\$336,000
4	Basin "E" Outlet Modification	\$50,000	EA	1	\$50,000
5	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	15	\$90,000
6	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000
7	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	413,820	\$206,910
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$1,659,910

CONTINGENCIES:

Construction	30%	\$497,973
Engineering	7%	\$151,052
Construction Admin.	6%	\$129,473
<b>TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS</b>		<b>\$2,438,408</b>

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

LAND ACQUISITION:

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	9.5	\$915,000
<b>TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION</b>					<b>\$915,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>\$3,353,408</b>

1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

**Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost for Alternative 4**

*MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS*

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	78" CMP Pipe "A"	\$210	LF	3,300	\$693,000
2	84" CMP Pipe "B"	\$240	LF	1,400	\$336,000
3	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	56,000	\$336,000
4	Basin "E" Outlet Modification	\$50,000	EA	1	\$50,000
5	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	15	\$90,000
6	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000
7	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	413,820	\$206,910
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$1,861,910
<u>CONTINGENCIES:</u>					
Construction				30%	\$558,573
Engineering				7%	\$169,434
Construction Admin.				6%	\$145,229
TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$2,735,146

- 1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
- 2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
- 3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

**LAND ACQUISITION:**

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	9.5	\$915,000
TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION					\$915,000
TOTAL					\$3,650,146

- 1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost for Alternative 5

MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	2-78" CMP Pipe "A"	\$210	LF	6,600	\$1,386,000
2	2-84" CMP Pipe "B"	\$240	LF	2,800	\$672,000
3	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	73,000	\$438,000
4	Basin "E" Outlet Modification	\$50,000	EA	1	\$50,000
5	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	15	\$90,000
6	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000
7	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	413,820	\$206,910
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$2,992,910

CONTINGENCIES:

Construction	30%	\$897,873
Engineering	7%	\$272,355
Construction Admin.	6%	\$233,447

**TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS \$4,396,585**

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

LAND ACQUISITION:

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	9.5	\$915,000
TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION					\$915,000
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>\$5,311,585</b>

1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

**Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost for Alternative 6**

*MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS*

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT	
1	72" CMP Pipe "A"	\$190	LF	3,300	\$627,000	
2	78" CMP Pipe "B"	\$210	LF	1,400	\$294,000	
3	Basin "D" Excavation	\$6	CY	77,000	\$462,000	
4	Basin "E" Outlet Modification	\$50,000	EA	1	\$50,000	
5	Manholes	\$6,000	EA	15	\$90,000	
6	Diversion Structure	\$150,000	EA	1	\$150,000	
7	Landscaping	\$0.50	SF	413,820	\$206,910	
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$1,879,910	
<u>CONTINGENCIES:</u>						
				Construction	30%	\$563,973
				Engineering	7%	\$171,072
				Construction Admin.	6%	\$146,633
<b>TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS</b>					<b>\$2,761,588</b>	

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

**LAND ACQUISITION:**

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	Basin Land Acquisition <sup>1</sup>	\$915,000	LS	9.5	\$915,000
<b>TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION</b>					<b>\$915,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>\$3,676,588</b>

1. Land Acquisition cost supplied by FCDMC

Wood/Patel

Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Storm Drain and Basin Drainage Improvements

Flood Control District of Maricopa County

FCD 2004 C045

October 19, 2005

W/P # 042284.01

**88th Street Option 1**

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	Pavement Replacement & Misc.	\$60	SY	580	\$24,800
2	Rip Rap Spillway	\$65	CY	45	\$2,925
3	Regrading Channel / Landscaping	\$8,000	LS	1	\$8,000
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$35,725
<u>CONTINGENCIES:</u>					
	Construction			30%	\$10,718
	Engineering			7%	\$3,251
	Construction Admin.			6%	\$2,787
TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$52,480

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

Wood/Patel

Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Storm Drain and Basin Drainage Improvements

Flood Control District of Maricopa County

FCD 2004 C045

October 19, 2005

W/P # 042284.01

**88th Street Option 2**

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>UNIT PRICE</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
1	Pavement Replacement & Misc.	\$60	SY	580	\$34,800
2	Grate Inlet	\$30,000	EA	1	\$30,000
3	Regrading Channel / Landscaping	\$8,000	LS	1	\$8,000
SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$72,800
<u>CONTINGENCIES:</u>					
	Construction			30%	\$21,840
	Engineering			7%	\$6,625
	Construction Admin.			6%	\$5,678
TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS					\$106,943

1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

Hermosa Vista/Hawes Road Storm Drain and Basin Drainage Improvements  
 Flood Control District of Maricopa County  
 FCD 2004 C045

October 19, 2005  
 W/P # 042284.01

88th Street Option 3

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	Gunite Inlet Channel	\$50	SY	1,000	\$50,000
2	Inlet Headwall	\$400	CY	6	\$2,400
3	2-8' x 3' CBC	\$400	CY	59	\$23,600
4	Outlet Headwall	\$400	CY	9	\$3,600
5	Channel Crossings (existing homes)	\$5,000	EA	2	\$10,000
6	Channel Inlets	\$15,000	LS	1	\$15,000
7	Regrading Channel / Landscaping	\$8,000	LS	1	\$8,000
8	Guardrail	\$40	LF	260	\$10,400

SUBTOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS \$123,000

CONTINGENCIES:

Construction	30%	\$36,900
Engineering	7%	\$11,193
Construction Admin.	6%	\$9,594

TOTAL MAJOR SYSTEM ELEMENTS \$180,687

LAND ACQUISITION:

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	UNIT	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
1	Collection Channel Land Acquisition	\$95,300	AC	0.20	\$19,060

SUBTOTAL LAND ACQUISITION \$19,060

CONTINGENCIES: 10% \$1,906

TOTAL LAND ACQUISITION \$20,966

TOTAL \$201,653

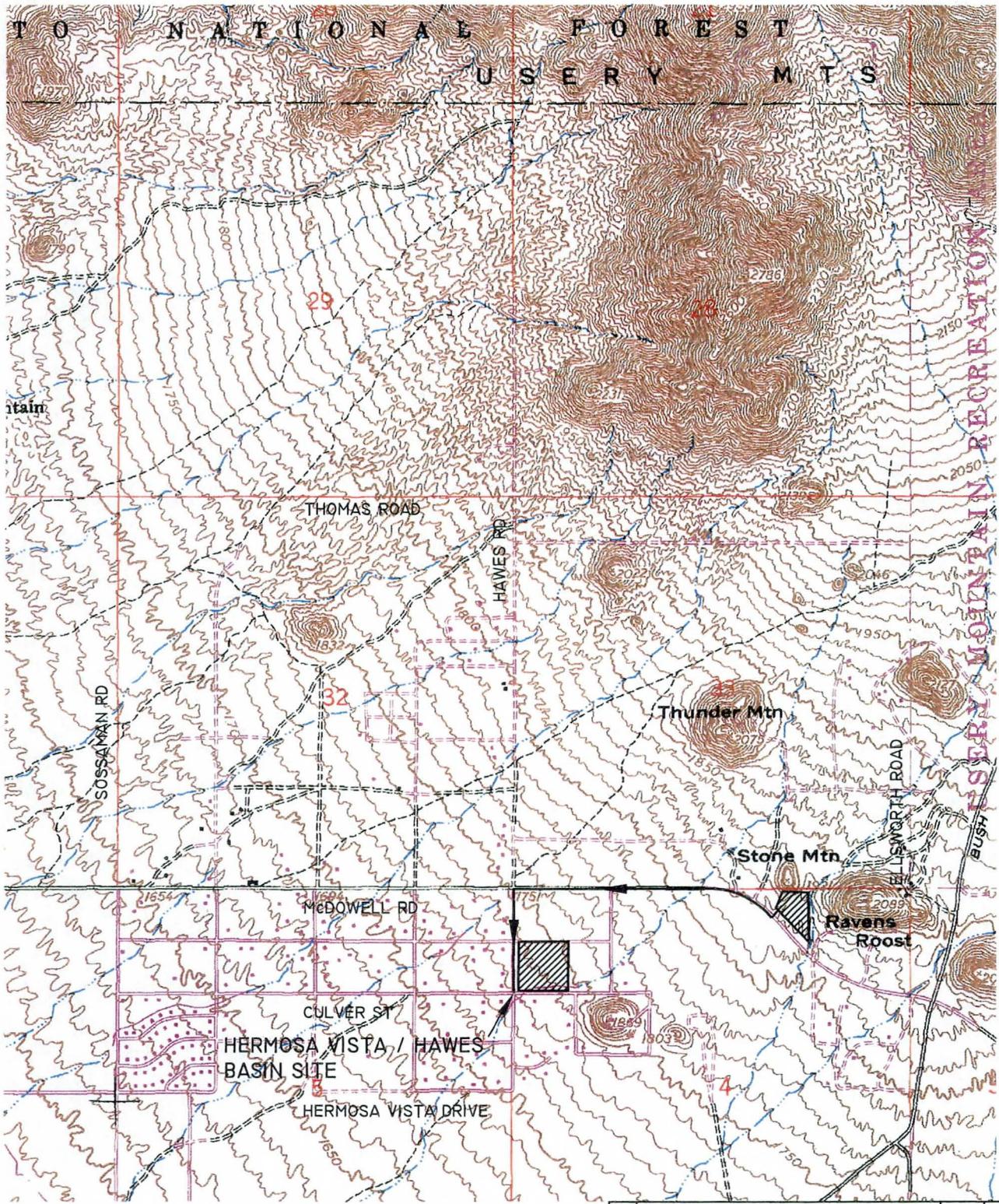
1. Construction Contingencies @ 30% of the Total Construction Cost
2. Engineering Costs @ 7% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies
3. Construction Admin. @ 6% of the sum of Total Construction Cost and Construction Contingencies

**APPENDIX E**

**CD with Backup Files**

**PLATE 1**

**Vicinity Map**

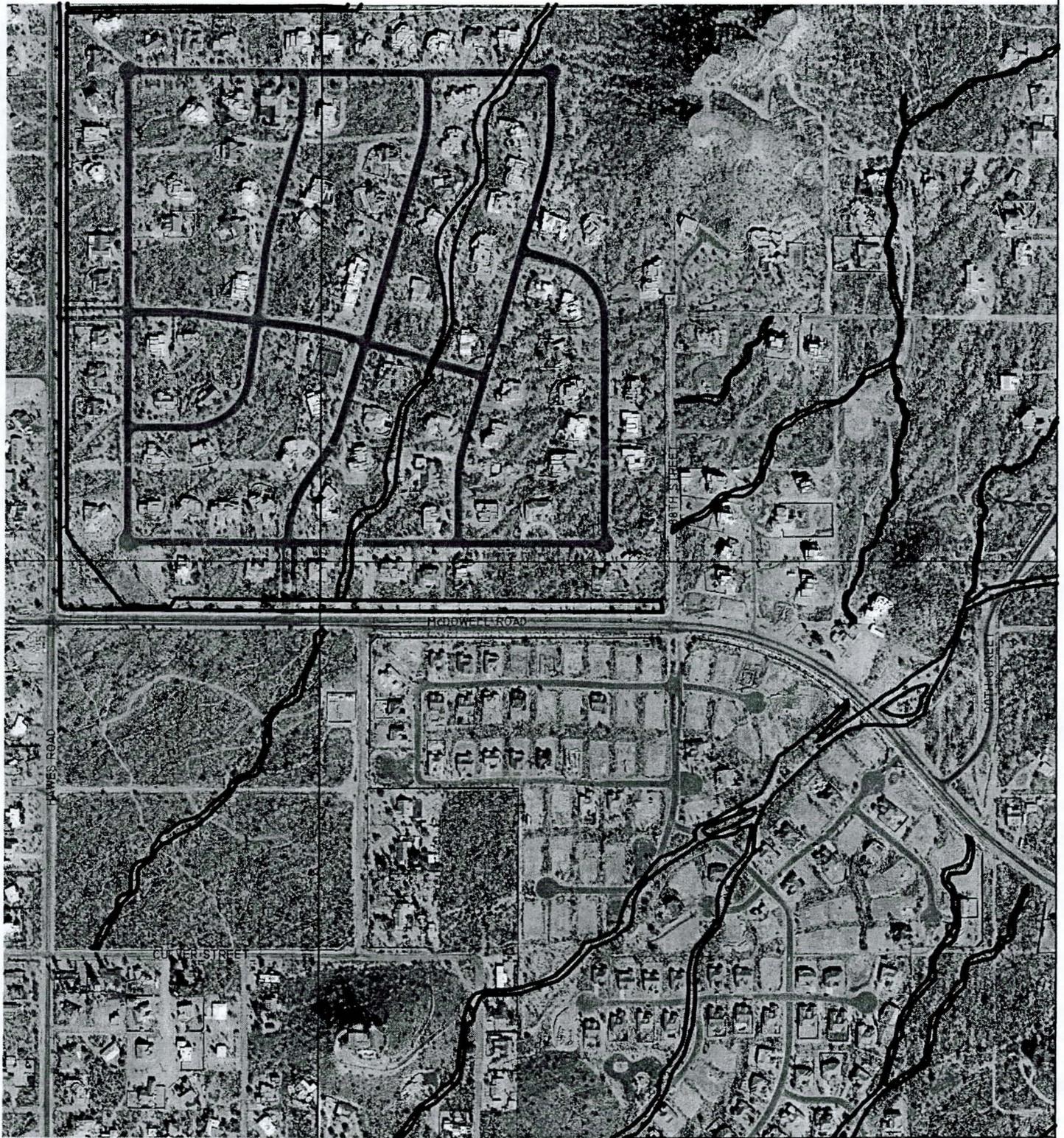


3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
 <b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			
<b>VICINITY MAP</b>			
<b>PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING</b>	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	04/05
	DRAWN	J. McCARTY	04/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	04/05
<b>WOOD PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500			
DRAWING NO. vicinity-map.dwg	<b>PLATE 1</b>		SHEET OF 1 1

CALL TWO WORKING DAYS  
 BEFORE YOU DIG  
 602-263-1100  
 1-800-STAKE-IT  
 (OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

**PLATE 2**

**Jurisdictional Delineation**



# LEGEND



WATERS OF THE U.S. LIMITS



1" = 600'

CALL TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG  
**602-263-1100**  
**1-800-STAKE-IT**  
(OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
 <b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			
<b>HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD PROJECT</b> <b>JURISDICTIONAL DELINEATION</b>			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	BY <b>J. McCARTY</b>	DATE <b>08/05</b>
	DRAWN	BY <b>J. McCARTY</b>	DATE <b>08/05</b>
	CHECKED	BY <b>A. PATEL</b>	DATE <b>08/05</b>
	<b>WOOD PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500		
DRAWING NO.		PLATE 2	SHEET OF 1

**PLATE 3**

**FEMA FIRM Panel**



**LEGEND**

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevation (BFE) or Floodway Data is shown, refer to the Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables contained within the Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables.

FEMA elevations listed on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables.

Coastal BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables. The BFE's shown on this map were prepared using data presented in the FEMA's Flood Hazard and Floodway Data Tables.

**LEGEND**

**SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS INUNDATED BY 100-YEAR FLOOD**

- ZONE A** No base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE AE** Base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE AH** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE AO** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined; for areas of at least 100 acres, velocities also determined.
- ZONE AV9** To be protected from 100-year flood by Federal flood protection system under construction; no base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE V** Coastal flood with velocity hazard (wave action); no base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE VE** Coastal flood with velocity hazard (wave action); base flood elevations determined.

**FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE**

**OTHER FLOOD AREAS**

- ZONE X** Areas of 100-year flood areas of 100-year flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile, and areas protected by levees from 100-year flood.
- OTHER AREAS** Areas determined to be outside 100-year floodplain.
- ZONE D** Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined.

**UNDEVELOPED COASTAL BARRIERS**

- Identified 1990
- Identified 1990
- Identified 1990

Coastal barrier areas are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Floodplain Boundary  
Floodway Boundary  
Zone D Boundary  
Boundary Delineating Special Flood Hazard Zones, and Boundary Delineating Areas of Different Coastal Base Flood Elevations Within Special Flood Hazard Zones  
Base Flood Elevation Line: Elevation in Feet. See Map Index for Elevation Datum.  
Cross Section Line  
Base Flood Elevation in Foot Vertical Datum Within Zone. See Map Index for Elevation Datum.  
Elevation Reference Mark  
River Mile  
Horizontal Coordinates Based on North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) Projection.

**NOTES**

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program; it does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size, or all planning features outside Special Flood Hazard Areas. The community map repository should be consulted for more detailed data on BFE's, and for any information on floodway determinations, prior to use of this map for property purchase or construction purposes.

Areas of Special Flood Hazard (100-year flood) include Zones A, AE, AI, AO, AH, AV, V, VE and VI-VI0.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Floodway widths in some areas may be too narrow to show to scale. Refer to Floodway Data Table where floodway width is shown at 100 feet.

Corporate limits shown are current as of the date of this map. The user should contact appropriate community officials to determine if corporate limits have changed subsequent to the issuance of this map.

This map may incorporate appropriate boundaries of Coastal Barrier Resource System Units and/or Otherwater Protected Areas established under the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1989 (P.L. 101-686).

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, see Section 6.0 of the Flood Insurance Study Report.

For adjoining map panels and base map source see separately printed Map Index.

**MAP REPOSITORY**  
Refer to Repository Listing on Map Index

**EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP:**  
APRIL 19, 1998

**EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL:**

Map revised July 19, 2001 to update corporate limits, to change base flood elevations, to add base flood elevations to all Special Flood Hazard Areas, to change Special Flood Hazard Areas, to change zone designations, to update map format, to add water and road names, and to incorporate previously issued Letters of Map Revision.

To determine if flood insurance is available, contact an insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at (800) 638-6620.

**APPROXIMATE SCALE IN FEET**  
1000 0 1000

**NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM**

**FIRM**  
**FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP**

**MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA AND INCORPORATED AREAS**

**PANEL 2210 OF 4350**  
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR PANELS NOT PRINTED)

CONTAINS:	COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
MARICOPA COUNTY UNINCORPORATED AREAS	040037	2210	E	
MESA, CITY OF	040048	2210	E	

**MAP NUMBER 04013C2210 E**

**MAP REVISED: JULY 19, 2001**

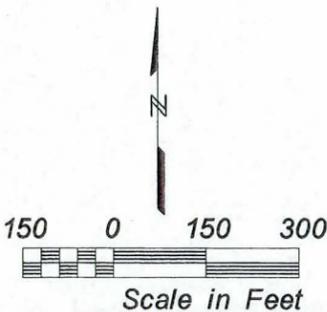
Federal Emergency Management Agency

**PLATE 4**

**Alternative 1**



STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
Q = 165 CFS



CALL TWO WORKING DAYS  
BEFORE YOU DIG  
602-263-1100  
1-800-STAKE-IT  
(OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
 <b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			
<b>HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN SPOOK HILL ADMP UPDATE FCD CONTRACT NO. 2004 C045</b>			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	02/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	02/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	02/05
<b>WOOD PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC.</b> 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500			
DRAWING NO.	ALTERNATIVE 1		PLATE 4

**PLATE 5**

**Alternative 2**



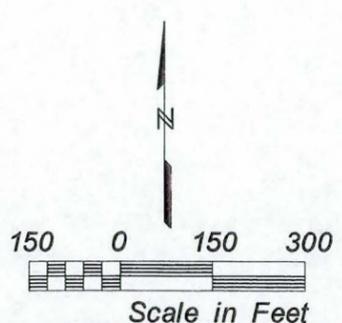
STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
Q = 783 CFS

(B) 64" CMP PIPE  
Q = 401 CFS

LOW FLOW OUTLET  
PROPOSED  
OFFLINE  
DETENTION  
BASIN  
(D)  
VOL = 26 AC-FT

PROPOSED  
STORM DRAIN  
(C)  
2 - 66" CMP PIPE  
Q = 522 CFS

STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
Q = 165 CFS



CALL TWO WORKING DAYS  
BEFORE YOU DIG  
602-263-1100  
1-800-STAKE-IT  
(OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
<p><b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b></p>			
<p>HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN SPOOK HILL ADMP UPDATE FCD CONTRACT NO. 2004 G045</p>			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	02/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	02/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	02/05
	<p>WOOD PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500</p>		
DRAWING NO.	ALTERNATIVE 2	PLATE 5	

**PLATE 6**

**Alternative 3**

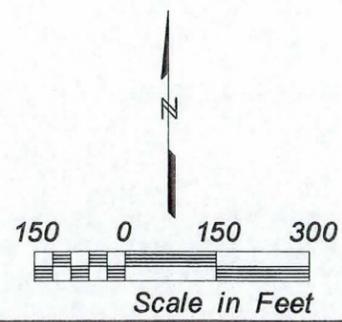


EXISTING 48" RC  
 (A) 66" CMP PIPE  
 Q = 266 CFS  
 STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
 PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
 Q = 783 CFS

(B) 72" CMP PIPE  
 Q = 261 CFS

LOW FLOW OUTLET  
 PROPOSED  
 OFFLINE  
 DETENTION  
 BASIN  
 (D)  
 VOL = 25 AC-FT

STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
 PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
 Q = 165 CFS



CALL TWO WORKING DAYS  
 BEFORE YOU DIG  
 602-263-1100  
 1-800-STAKE-IT  
 (OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
 <b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT        OF MARICOPA COUNTY        ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			
<b>HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN        SPOOK HILL ADMP UPDATE        FCD CONTRACT NO. 2004 C045</b>			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	02/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	02/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	02/05
DRAWING NO.	WOOD PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500		
	ALTERNATIVE 3		PLATE 6

**PLATE 7**

**Alternative 4**



**PLATE 8**

**Alternative 5**

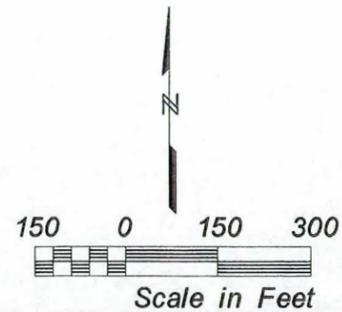


(A) 2 - 78" CMP PIPE  
 Q = 817 CFS  
 STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
 PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
 Q = 783 CFS

(B) 2 - 84" CMP PIPE  
 Q = 773 CFS

LOW FLOW OUTLET  
 PROPOSED  
 OFFLINE  
 DETENTION  
 BASIN  
 (D)  
 VOL = 30 AC-FT

STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
 PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
 Q = 165 CFS



CALL TWO WORKING DAYS  
 BEFORE YOU DIG  
 602-263-1100  
 1-800-STAKE-IT  
 (OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

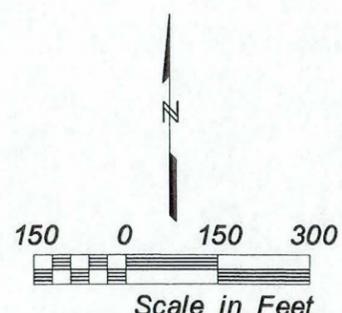
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2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
 <b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT          OF MARICOPA COUNTY          ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			
HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN SPOOK HILL ADMP UPDATE FCD CONTRACT NO. 2004 C045			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	02/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	02/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	02/05
	WOOD PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500		
DRAWING NO.	ALTERNATIVE 5	PLATE 8	

**PLATE 9**

**Alternative 6**



STORM DRAIN SYSTEM  
PER SPOOK HILL ADMP  
Q = 165 CFS



CALL TWO WORKING DAYS  
BEFORE YOU DIG  
602-263-1100  
1-800-STAKE-IT  
(OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
 <b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b>			
<b>HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN SPOOK HILL ADMP UPDATE FCD CONTRACT NO. 2004 C045</b>			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	02/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	02/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	02/05
	WOOD PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500		
DRAWING NO.	ALTERNATIVE 6	PLATE 9	

**PLATE 10**

**Preferred Alternative**



EXISTING 48" RCP FLOWS TO BE CAPTURED EXCEPT LOW FLOWS

STORM DRAIN SYSTEM PER SPOOK HILL ADMP Q = 783 CFS

78" CMP PIPE Q = 328 CFS

72" CMP PIPE Q = 335 CFS

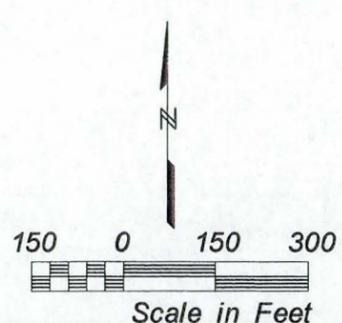
PROPOSED OFFLINE DETENTION BASIN (SEE FIGURE 5.1)

VOL = 25 AC-FT

LOW FLOW BYPASS

BASIN BLEED-OFF

STORM DRAIN SYSTEM PER SPOOK HILL ADMP Q = 165 CFS

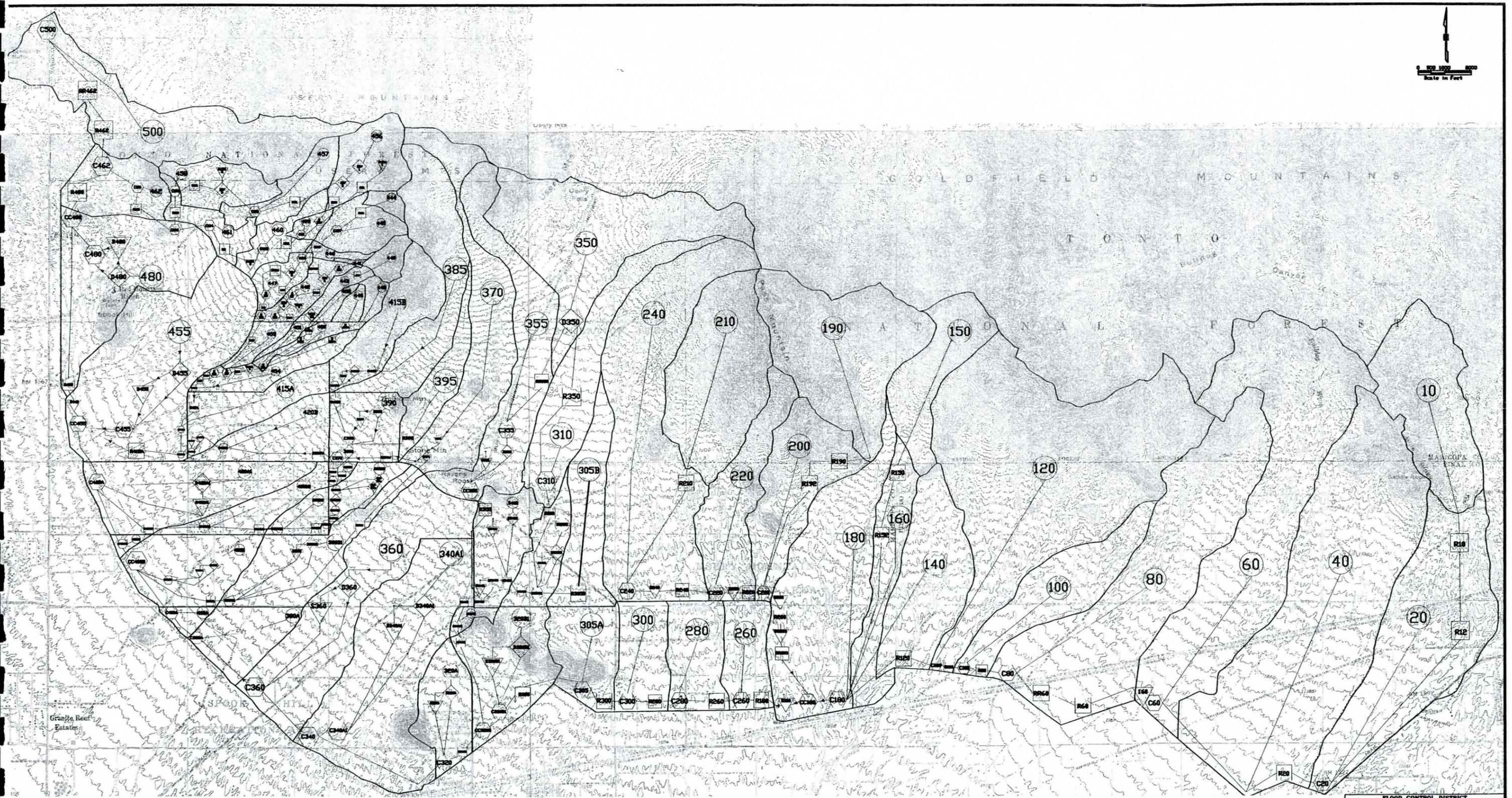


CALL TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG  
602-263-1100  
1-800-STAKE-IT  
(OUTSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY)

3			
2			
1			
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
<p><b>FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION</b></p>			
<p>HERMOSA VISTA - HAWES ROAD STORM DRAIN AND BASIN SPOOK HILL ADMP UPDATE FCD CONTRACT NO. 2004 C045</p>			
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING	DESIGNED	J. McCARTY	02/05
	DRAWN	C. FOWLER	02/05
	CHECKED	A. PATEL	02/05
<p>WOOD PATEL &amp; ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 W. NORTHERN AVE., SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA (602) 335-8500</p>			
DRAWING NO. FIGURE 2	PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE		PLATE 10

**PLATE 11**

**HEC-1 Schematic for Preferred Alternative**



SOSSAMAN ROAD

HAWES ROAD

ELLSWORTH ROAD

CRISHON ROAD

SIGNAL BUTTE RD

MERIDIAN ROAD

FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT OF MARICOPA COUNTY ENGINEERING DIVISION		
RECOMMENDED ALTERNATIVE		
DESIGNED BY	BY	DATE
DRAWN BY	BY	DATE
CHECKED BY	BY	DATE
WOOD, PATEL & ASSOCIATES, INC. 2051 WEST NORTHERN, SUITE 100 PHOENIX, ARIZONA 6027 333-8500		
DRAWING NO.	REC_FC24.DWG	

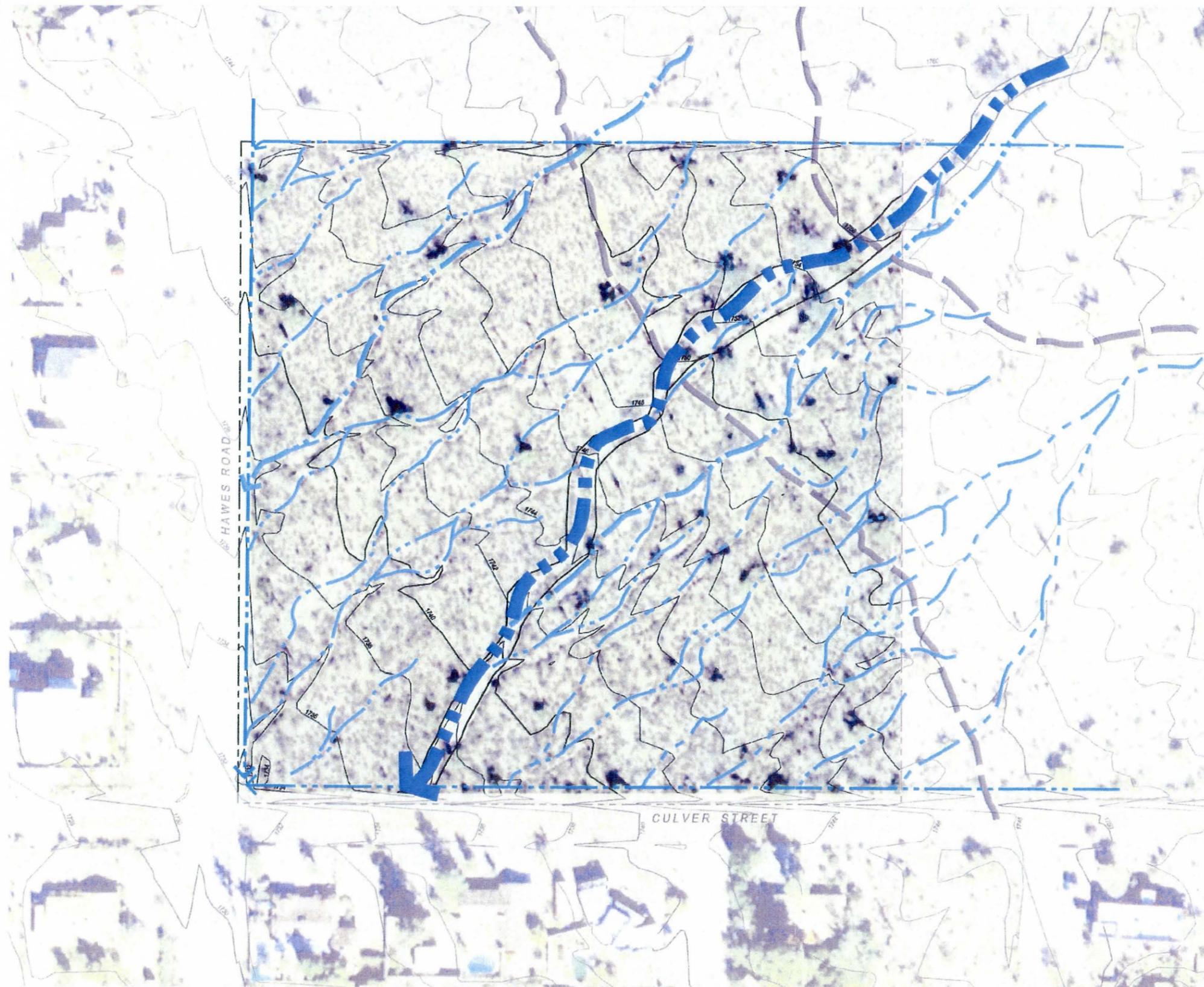
# Culver Hawes Basin

Site Analysis - Hydrology



The Culver-Hawes Basin site drains from the northeast to the southwest. The 404 wash divides the site while smaller drainages are braided throughout, adding diversity to the topography. The 404 wash and small drainages south of the 404 wash primarily flow into the existing drainage channel along Culver Street. Small washes north of the 404 wash enter the existing channel parallel to Hawes Road along the western edge of the site.

**Water (Washes and Drainages)**



**Site Area**

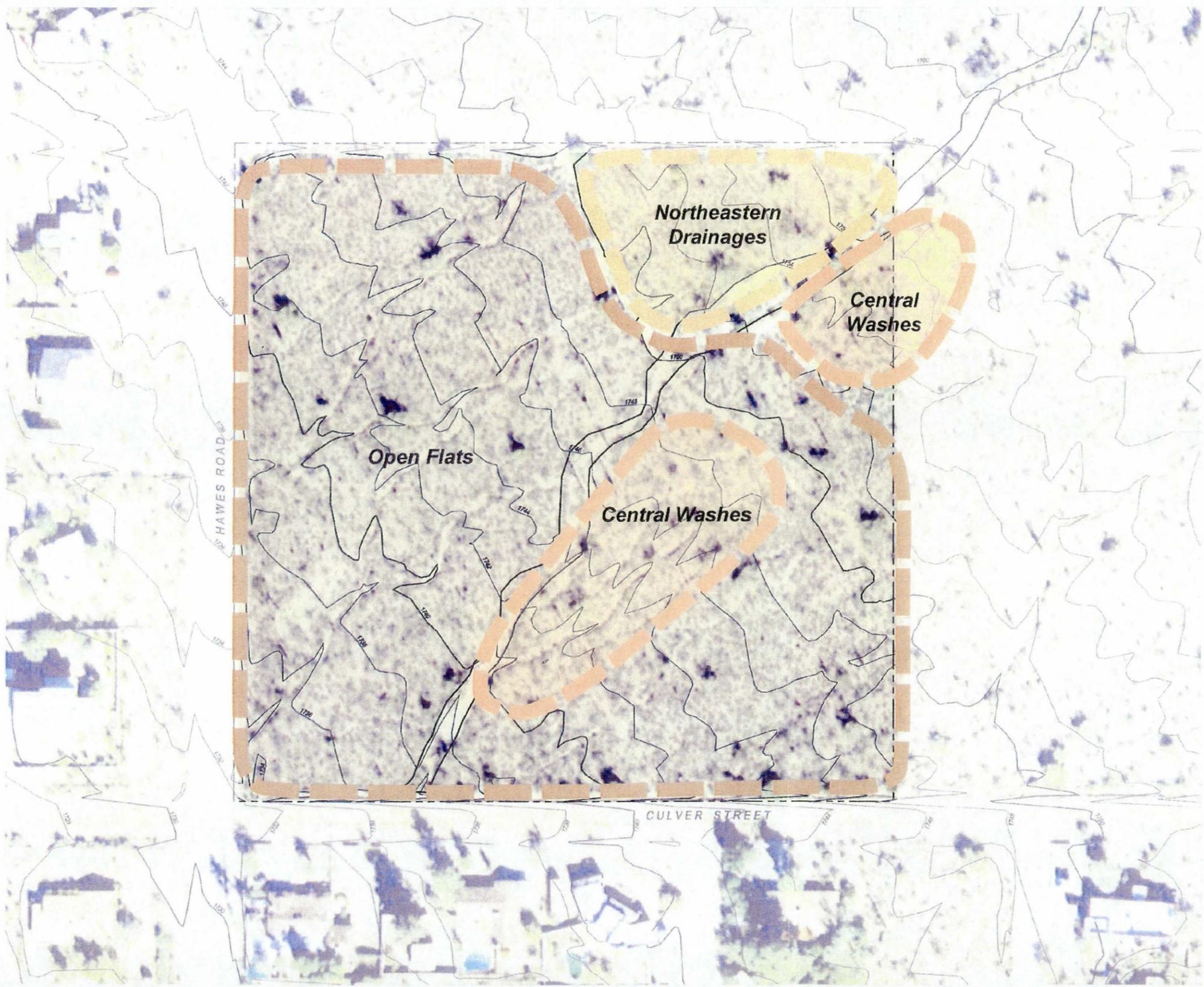


**PLATE 13**

**Landform**

# Culver Hawes Basin

Site Analysis - Landform



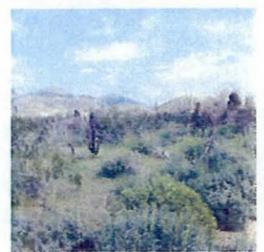
Site Area



Open Flats



Open flat topography with both clearly defined dissected washes and shallow wide washes with sandy bottoms



Central Washes



Heavily dissected area with numerous braided washes and undulating topography



Northeastern Drainages



Gently falling grade with rolling topography and undulating wash corridors

### Topography:

Drainages running across the site have created a topographic pattern that is generally angular in character with sharp transitions in form. Large flat areas are dissected by numerous washes, often braided, that cross the site. There is roughly 26 feet of fall across the site from the northeast corner to the southwest corner, producing an average slope of 2.7 percent across the site with slopes ranging from 1 percent to 4 percent.

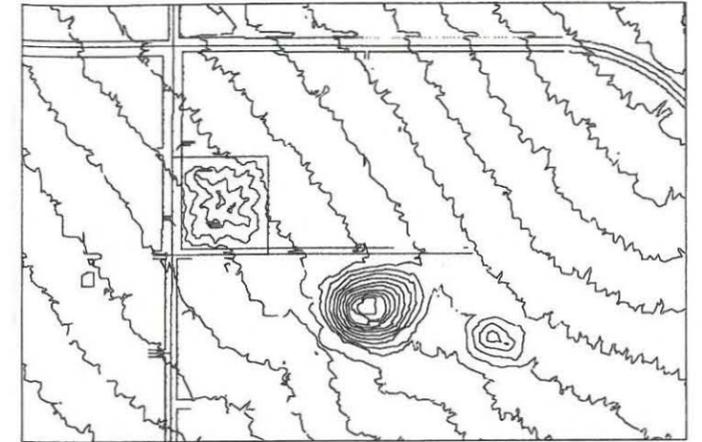


**PLATE 14.1**

**Conceptual Grading Plan**

# Culver Hawes Basin

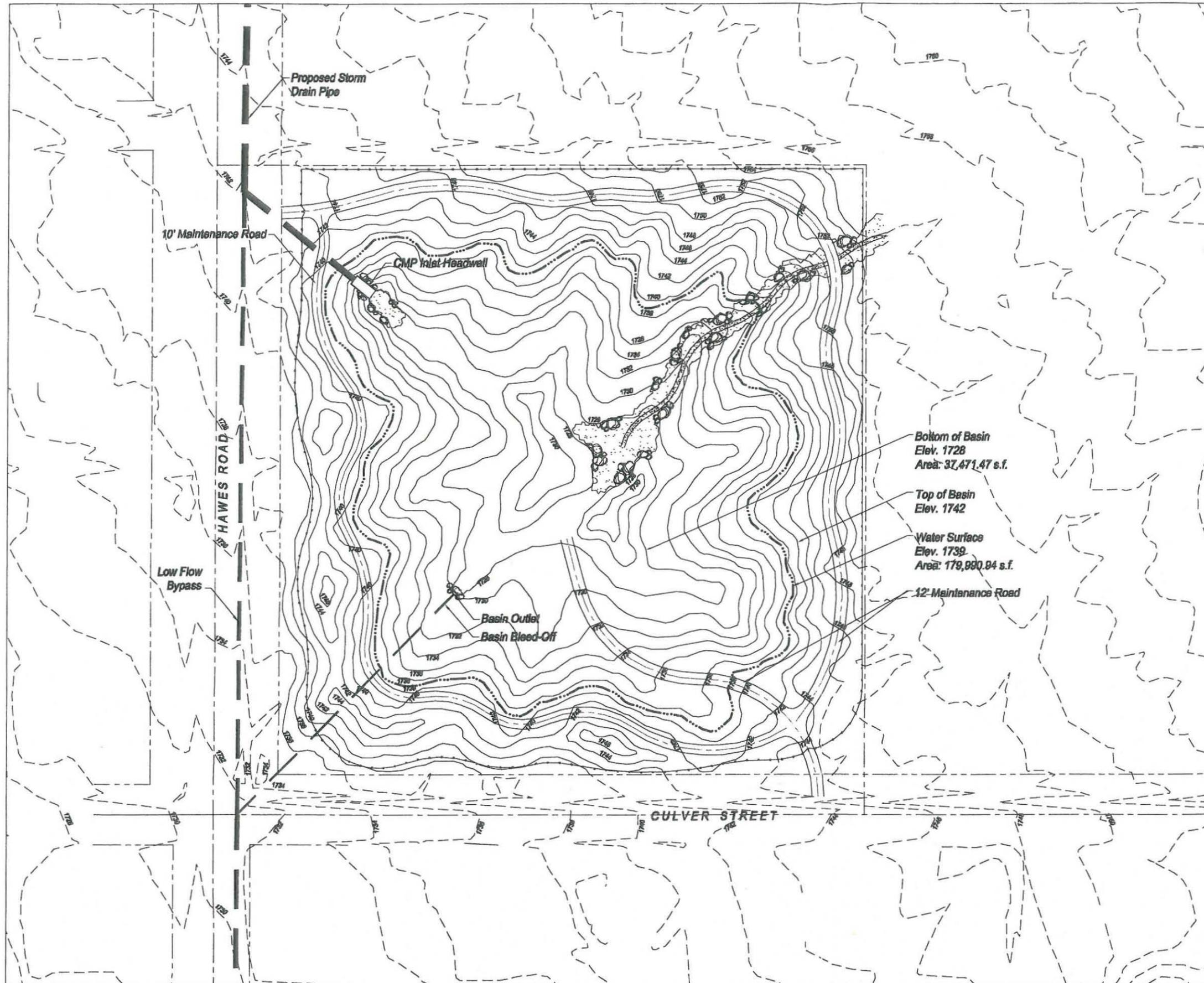
Conceptual Design



Local Area Scale: 1" = 600'-0"

## Legend

- Water Surface Elevation
- Proposed Index Contour
- Proposed Intermediate Contour
- Existing Index Contour
- Existing Intermediate Contour
- Jurisdictional Wash
- Property Line
- Right-of-Way
- Centerline of Street
- Proposed Smooth Wire Fence



Bottom of Basin  
Elev. 1728  
Area: 37,471.47 s.f.

Top of Basin  
Elev. 1742

Water Surface  
Elev. 1739  
Area: 179,990.94 s.f.

12' Maintenance Road

Site Area



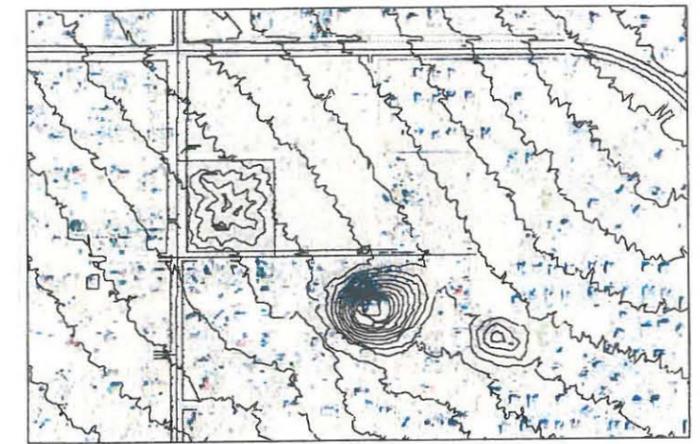
April 2005

**Plate 14.2**

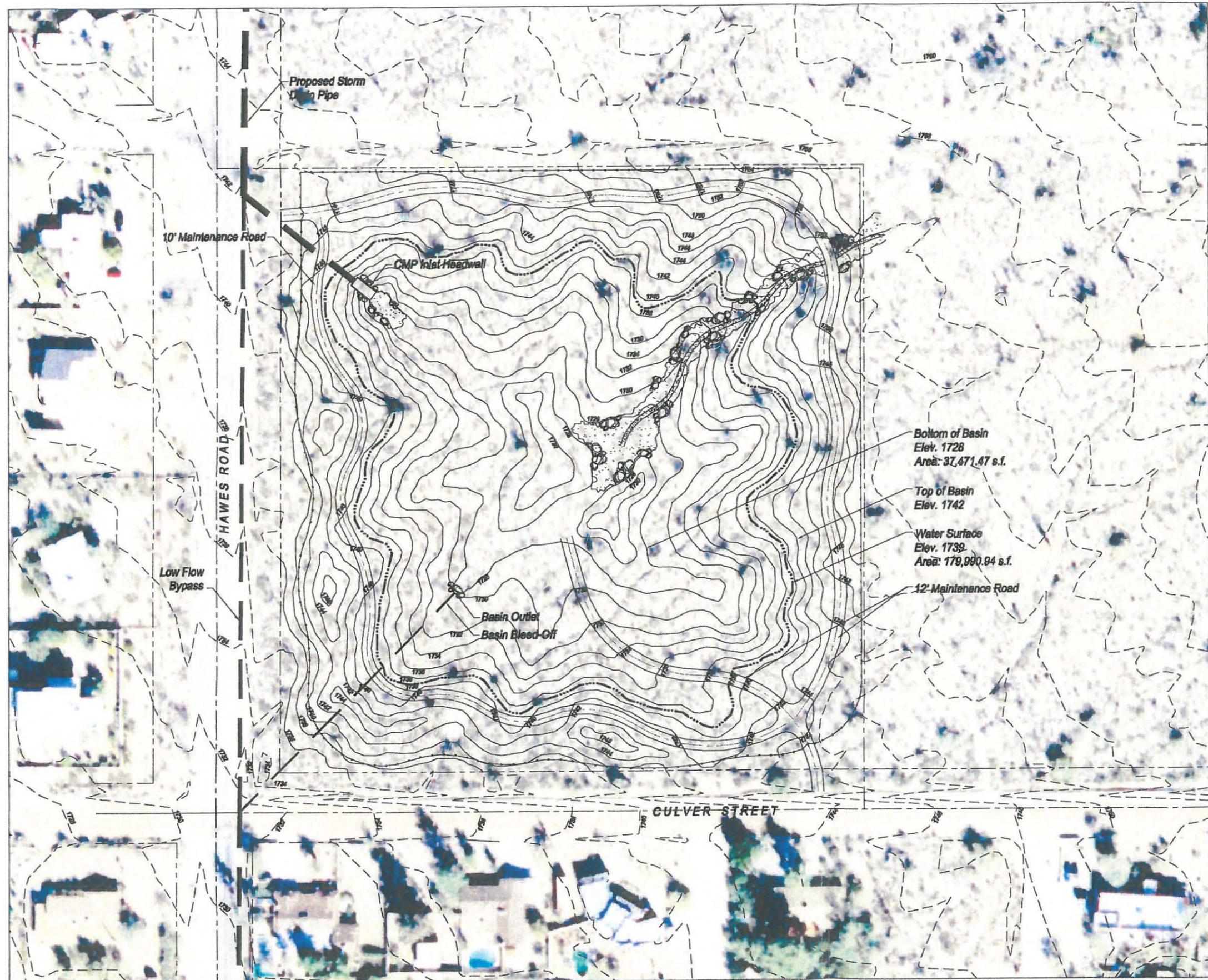
**Conceptual Grading Plan with Aerial**

# Culver Hawes Basin

Conceptual Design



Local Area Scale: 1" = 600'-0"



Bottom of Basin  
Elev. 1726  
Area: 37,471.47 s.f.

Top of Basin  
Elev. 1742

Water Surface  
Elev. 1739  
Area: 179,990.94 s.f.

12' Maintenance Road

### Legend

- Water Surface Elevation
- Proposed Index Contour
- Proposed Intermediate Contour
- Existing Index Contour
- Existing Intermediate Contour
- Jurisdictional Wash
- Property Line
- Right-of-Way
- Centerline of Street
- Proposed Smooth Wire Fence

Site Area

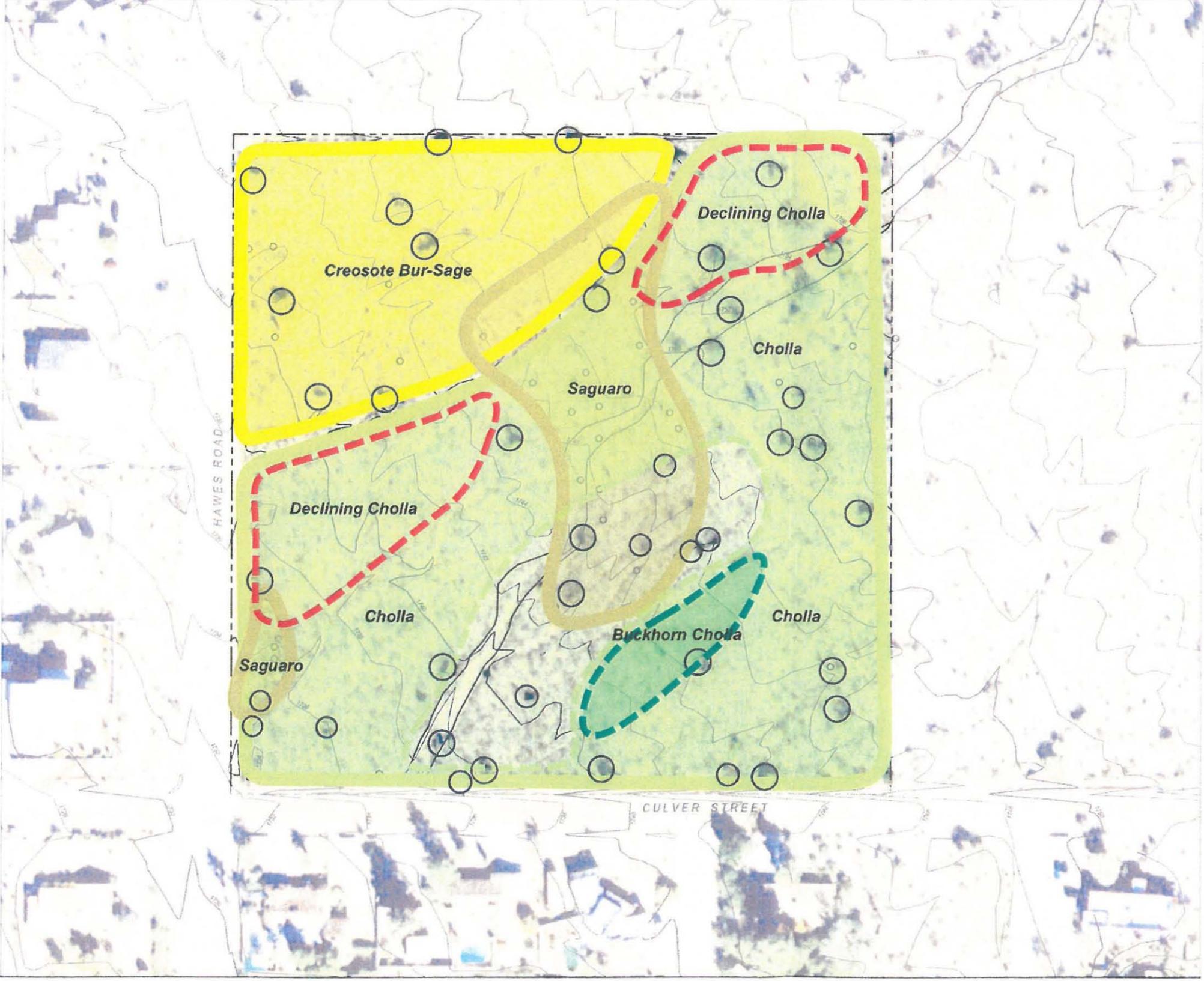


**PLATE 15**

**Vegetation and Ecology**

# Culver Hawes Basin

Site Analysis - Vegetation



**Creosote Bur-Sage**  
**Dominant Vegetation:**  
 Creosote Bush  
 Triangleleaf Bur-sage  
**Secondary Vegetation:**  
 Palo Verde  
 Brittlebush  
 Barrel Species  
 Desert Lupine  
 Mesquite



**Cholla**  
**Dominant Vegetation:**  
 Chainfruit Cholla  
**Secondary Vegetation:**  
 Palo Verde  
 Ironwood  
 Creosote Bush  
 Triangleleaf Bur-sage  
 Desert Milkweed  
 Ragweed  
 Desert Broom  
 Brittlebush  
 Barrel Species  
 Desert Lupine  
 Wolfberry  
 Mesquite  
 Beavertail Prickly-pear  
 Tree Cholla



**Saguaro**  
**Dominant Vegetation:**  
 Saguaro  
**Secondary Vegetation:**  
 Palo Verde  
 Ironwood  
 Chainfruit Cholla  
 Creosote Bush  
 Triangleleaf Bur-sage  
 Desert Milkweed  
 Ragweed  
 Desert Broom  
 Brittlebush  
 Barrel Species  
 Desert Lupine  
 Wolfberry  
 Mesquite  
 Beavertail Prickly-pear  
 Tree Cholla



**Buckhorn Cholla**



**Declining Cholla**

**Ecology**

Sonoran Desert biome  
 Arizona Upland Subdivision  
 Sonoran Palo Verde Mixed Cacti - Mixed Shrub Community  
 Xeroriparian Desert Habitat

Suitable Habitat for noted species:  
 cactus ferruginous pygmy-owl  
 lesser long-nosed bat  
 Sonoran desert tortoise  
 American peregrine falcon

Prominent species observed on site:  
 Gambel's quail  
 desert cottontail  
 hummingbird

Site Area

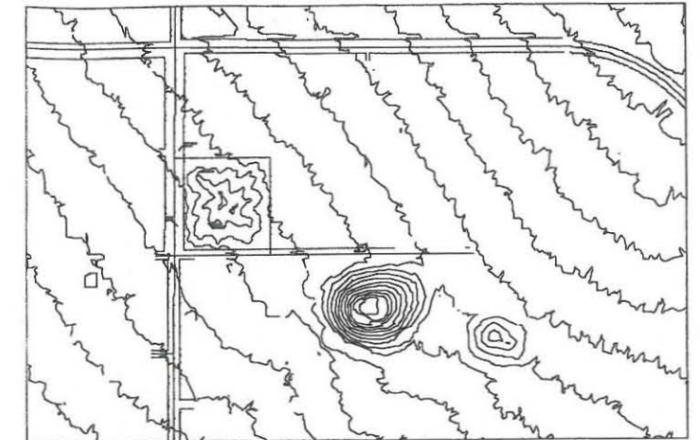


**PLATE 16.1**

**Conceptual Planting Plan**

# Culver Hawes Basin

Conceptual Planting



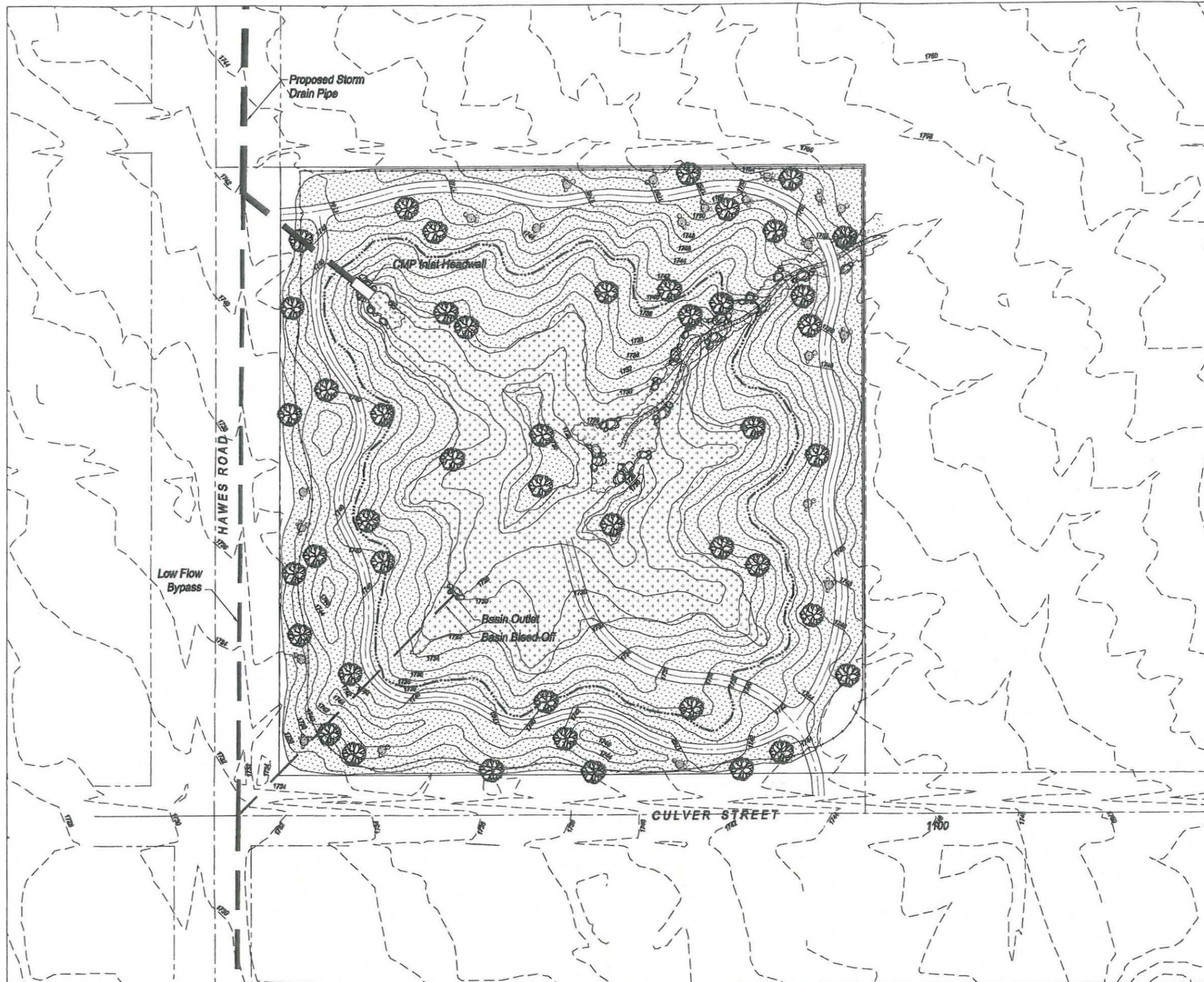
Local Area Scale: 1" = 600'-0"

## Basin Hydroseed

	Grass Hydroseed Mix	1.76 acres
	Shrub Hydroseed Mix	5.80 acres
	Salvaged Saguaro	21
	Tall Pot Tree (Palo Verde, Mesquite, or Ironwood)	45

## Legend

	Water Surface Elevation
	Proposed Index Contour
	Proposed Intermediate Contour
	Existing Index Contour
	Existing Intermediate Contour
	Jurisdictional Wash
	Property Line
	Right-of-Way
	Centerline of Street
	Proposed Straight Wire Fence



Site Area



April 2005

**PLATE 16.2**

**Conceptual Planting Plan with Aerial**

# Culver Hawes Basin

Conceptual Planting



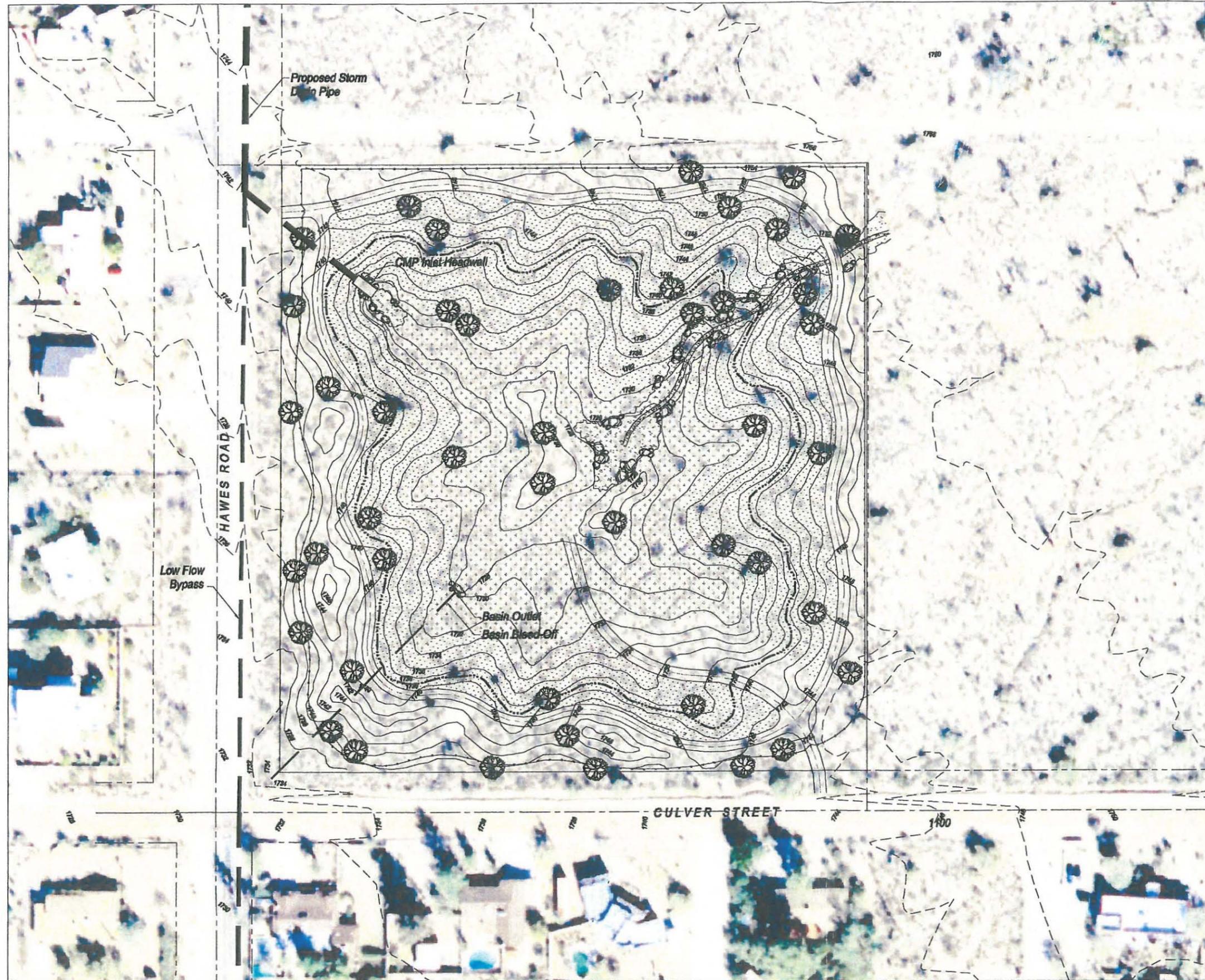
Local Area Scale: 1" = 600'-0"

## Basin Hydroseed

	Grass Hydroseed Mix	1.76 acres
	Shrub Hydroseed Mix	5.80 acres
	Salvaged Saguaro	21
	Tall Pot Tree (Palo Verde, Mesquite, or Ironwood)	45

## Legend

	Water Surface Elevation
	Proposed Index Contour
	Proposed Intermediate Contour
	Existing Index Contour
	Existing Intermediate Contour
	Jurisdictional Wash
	Property Line
	Right-of-Way
	Centerline of Street
	Proposed Straight Wire Fence



Site Area



April 2005  
PLATE 16.2

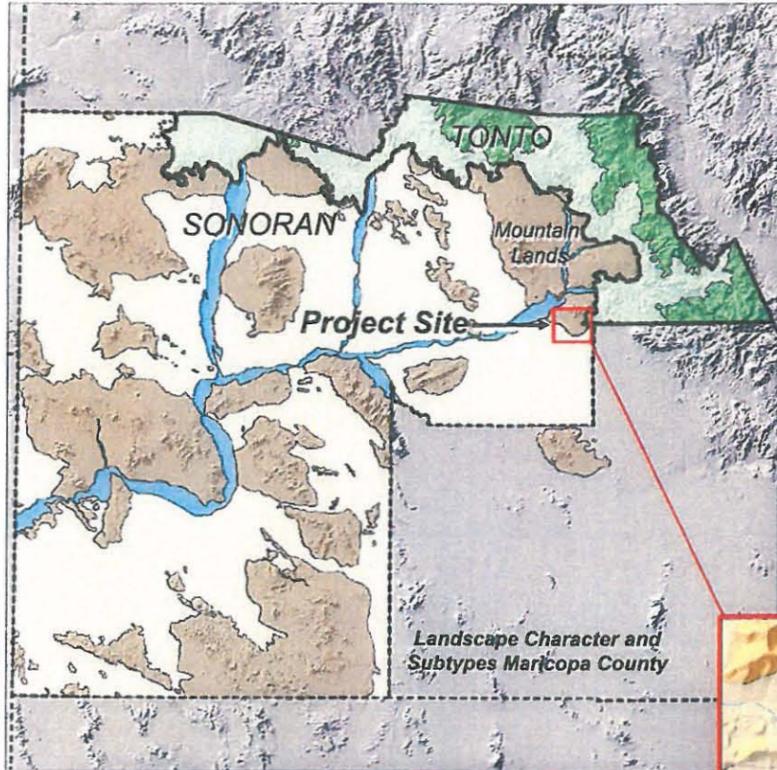
**PLATE 16.3**

**Conceptual Planting Rendered Plan**

**PLATE 17**

**Landscape Character**

**Character Type: Sonoran Desert**  
**Character Subtype: Mountain Lands**



**Mountain Lands: Visual Character**

**Line** – The dominant lines of this subtype include soft, slightly sloping straight lines of the lower portion of the mountains (bajadas) abutting the very angular, jagged, and bold lines associated with the upper slopes and peaks of the mountains. Subordinate lines are those of the foothills that are intermediate between the lower and upper portions of the unit.

**Form** – Essentially, three forms occur in this subtype—slightly sloping plains (bajada), rounded to slightly jagged foothills, and the prominent, rough, and concave form of the mountains.

**Color** – The colors associated with this subtype tend to be subtle grays, blacks, reds, and purples depending on sun position. The vegetation adds a general gray-green to the lower portions of this subtype but is subordinate to the striking bold colors of the exposed rock with desert varnish.

**Texture** – At this scale, the texture is attributed to the variation of form close to the surface of the mountains. These variations cause shadow, which give the mountain lands a general fine to course texture. Towards the upper half of the mountain units where rock outcroppings exist the texture is course. At the lower elevations, the saguaro forests associated with the bajadas result in a fine texture.

**Scale** – The scale of the mountain lands varies, from a few hundred acres to several thousand acres.

**Composition** – The mountain lands are of a feature landscape composing because of their vertical nature and visual presence in the landscape.

**Bajada: Visual Character**

**Form** – Flat predominately fan-shaped rectilinear form.

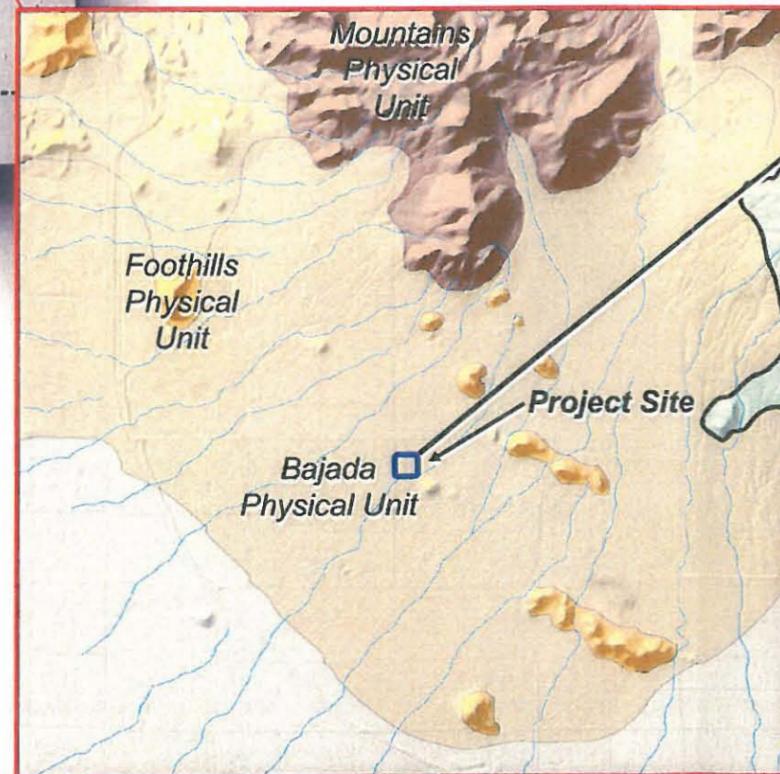
**Line** – Curvilinear line covers the surface of the bajada dominating the horizontal line of the horizon.

**Color** – Grey greens are typical of the bajada and associated with the native desert vegetation. Grays to blacks occur where bare rock exists sometimes with green lichen.

**Texture** – The medium to course texture of this physical unit is caused by the saguaro cactus poking out of the mass of tree and shrubs that typically blanket the land.

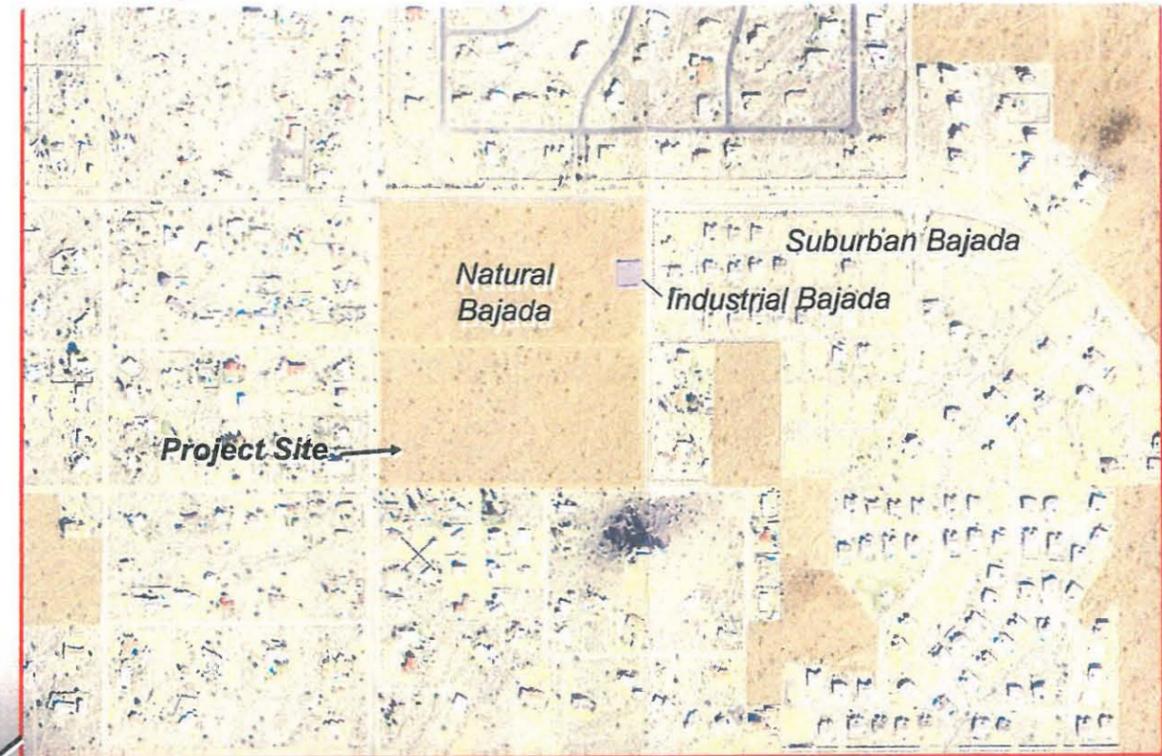
**Scale** – Scale is not articulated in this landscape because the dominant element is vegetation.

**Composition** – The sloping nature of the bajada and associated wide open views are typical of a panoramic landscape.



**Physical Division: Bajada**

**Site Specific Landscape Unit:  
Natural Bajada**



**Natural Bajada: Landscape Character Description**

The Bajada physical unit occupies approximately 5 percent of Maricopa County. The Bajada is a slightly sloping landform exhibiting a braided network of u-shaped shallow arroyos and shallow drainages. Typically, this physical unit begins at the base of a mountain and extends downward to the valley plains. The soil, composed of primarily detritus (eroded rock, sand, and silt) originating from the mountain slopes and peaks, is extremely fertile and provides excellent drainage. These soil conditions allow Sonoran vegetation to flourish, especially the saguaro, which typically requires excellent drainage for its small root system to function properly. The resulting dense saguaro forests characterize the Sonoran Desert more than any other physical unit.

**Landscape Elements**

**Landform** – Slightly downward sloping landform with surface undulations.

**Vegetation** – Saguaro forests mixed with characteristic dense mixed Sonoran vegetation including, palo verde, ocotillo, ironwood, and cactus.

**Water form** – Non-existent except for arroyos that occur within the area and occasionally flow for very short durations because of summertime monsoon storms.

**Rock form** – Occasionally rock cockcrows occur that are void of vegetation.

**Adjacent Landscape Units:**  
Suburban Bajada  
Natural Foothills  
Suburban Foothills

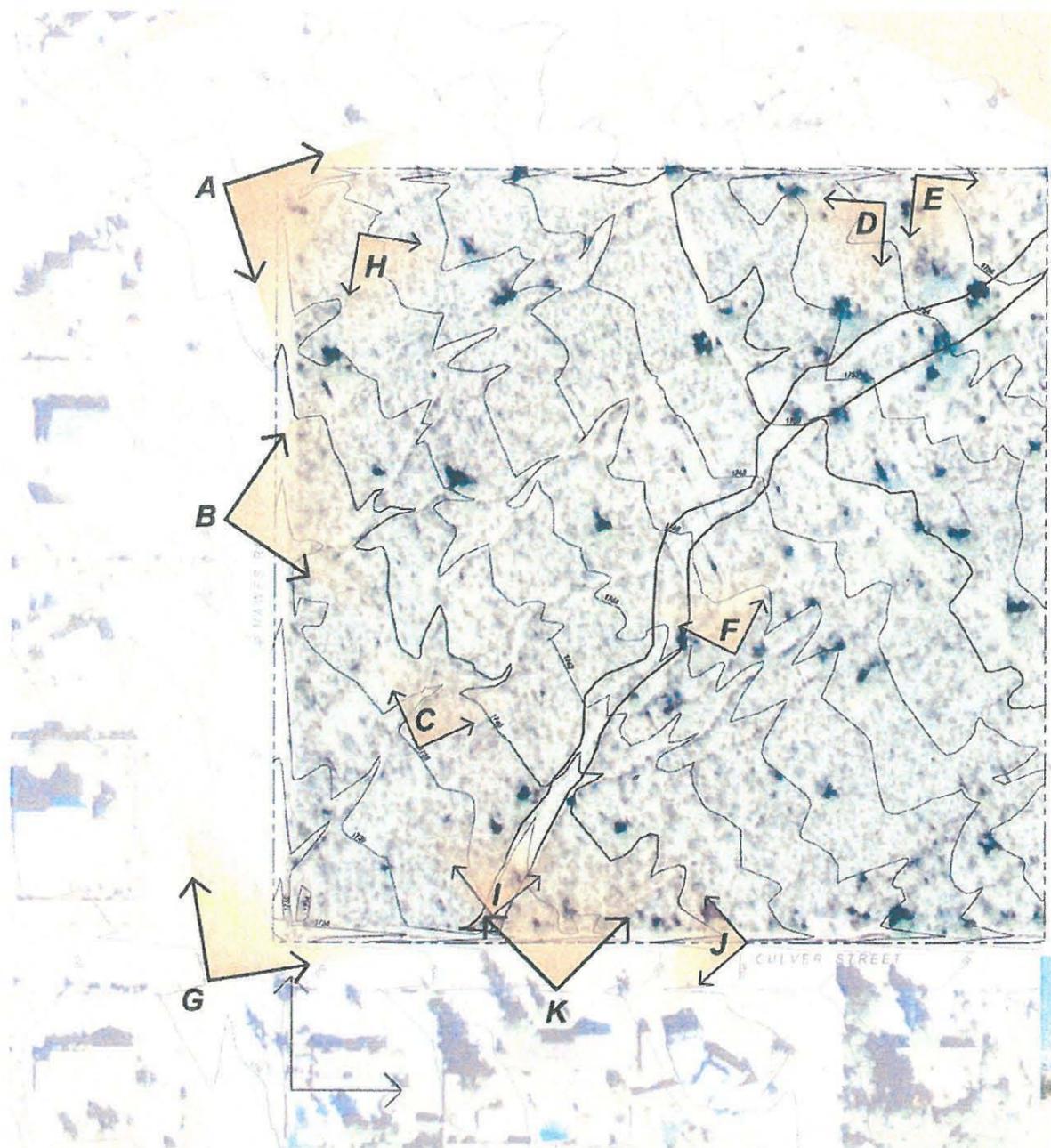


**PLATE 18**

**Key Viewpoints and Visual Character**

# Culver Hawes Basin

Site Analysis - Key Viewpoints  
and Visual Character



**A** View from northwest corner of site looking southeast



**B** View from Culver Road looking east across site



**C** View of cholla looking north



**D** Northeast corner of site looking southwest



**E** Unpaved road at northeast corner of site



**F** View of Saguaro in central section of site



**G** Corner of Culver Street and Hawes Road looking north



**H** View towards southeast from northeastern section of site



**I** View of 404 wash looking north



**J** Drainage channel along Culver Street looking west



**K** View along Culver Street looking north



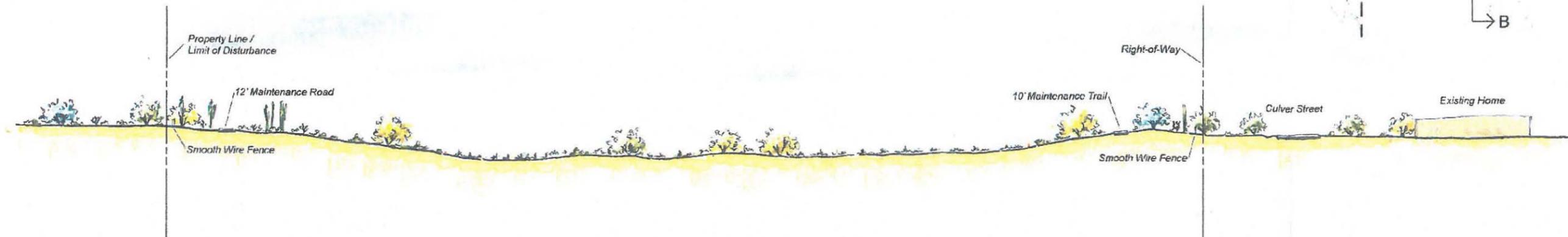
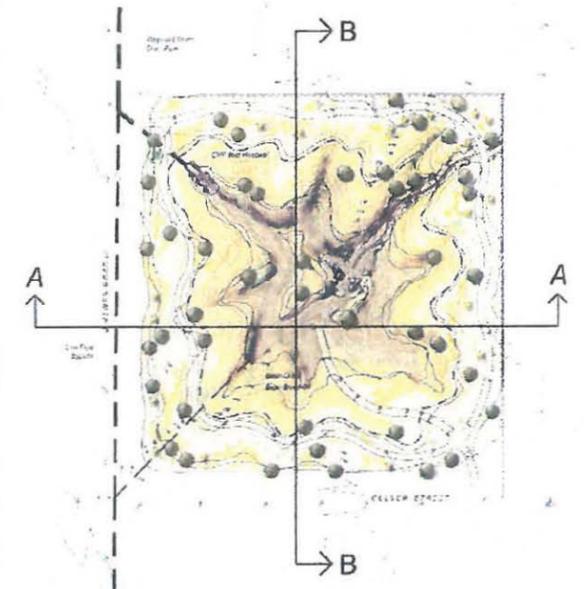
**PLATE 19**

**Conceptual Basin Sections**

**Culver Hawes Basin**  
Conceptual Basin Sections



Section A



Section B



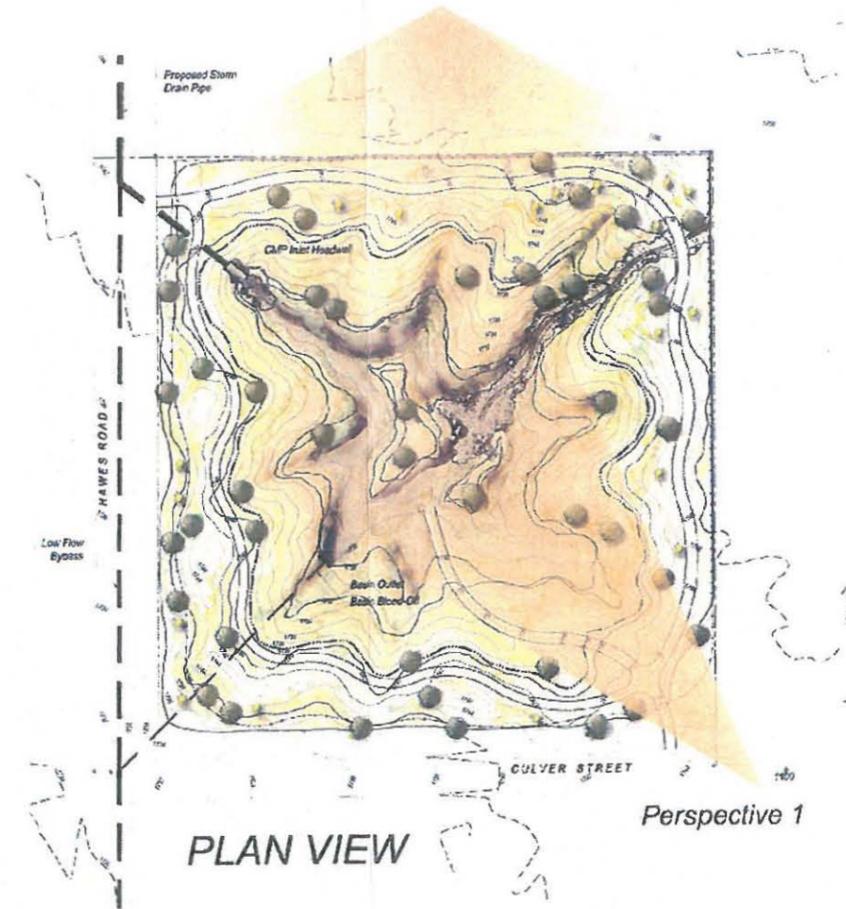
**PLATE 20**

**Conceptual Basin Perspectives**

# Culver Hawes Basin

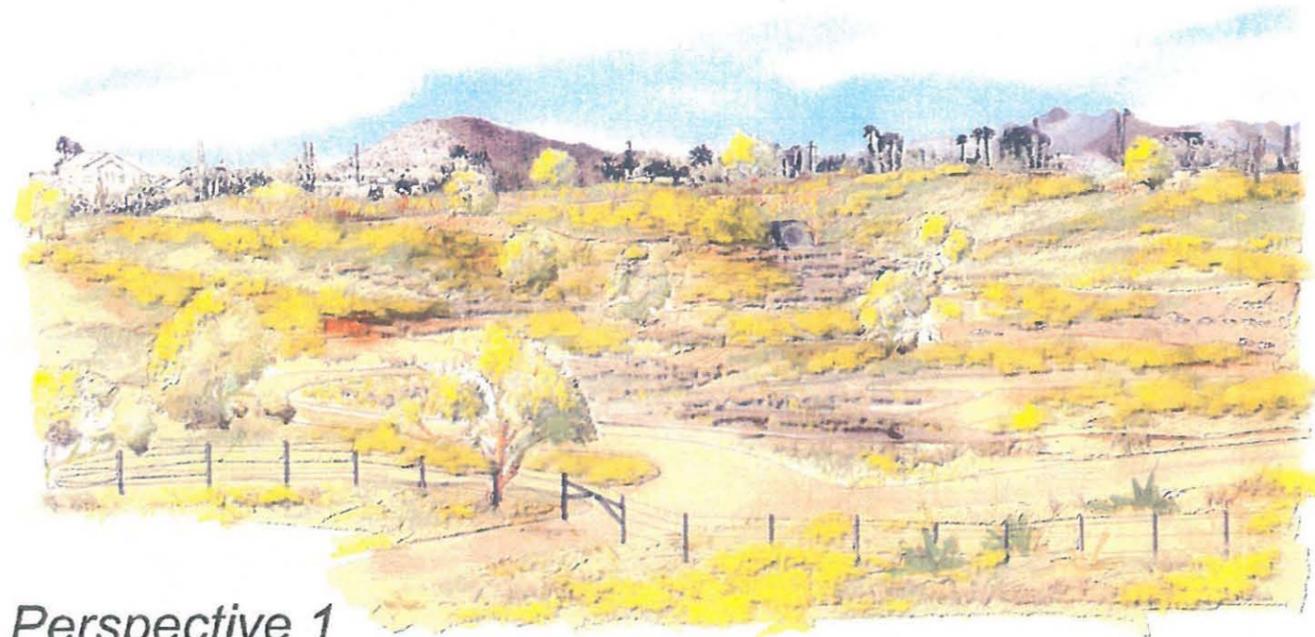
Conceptual Basin Perspectives

Perspective 2



PLAN VIEW

Perspective 1



Perspective 1



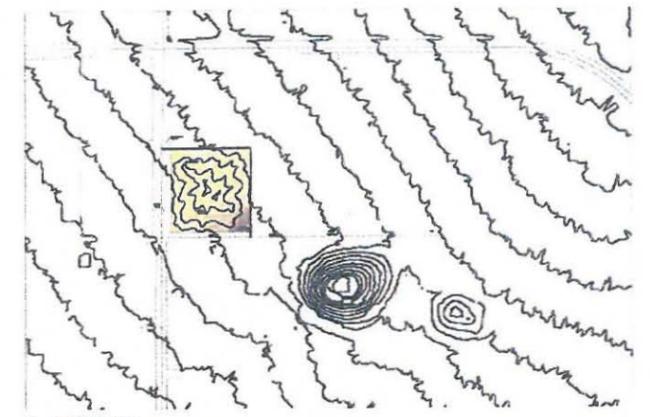
Perspective 2



April 2005  
PLATE 20

# Culver Hawes Basin

## Conceptual Planting



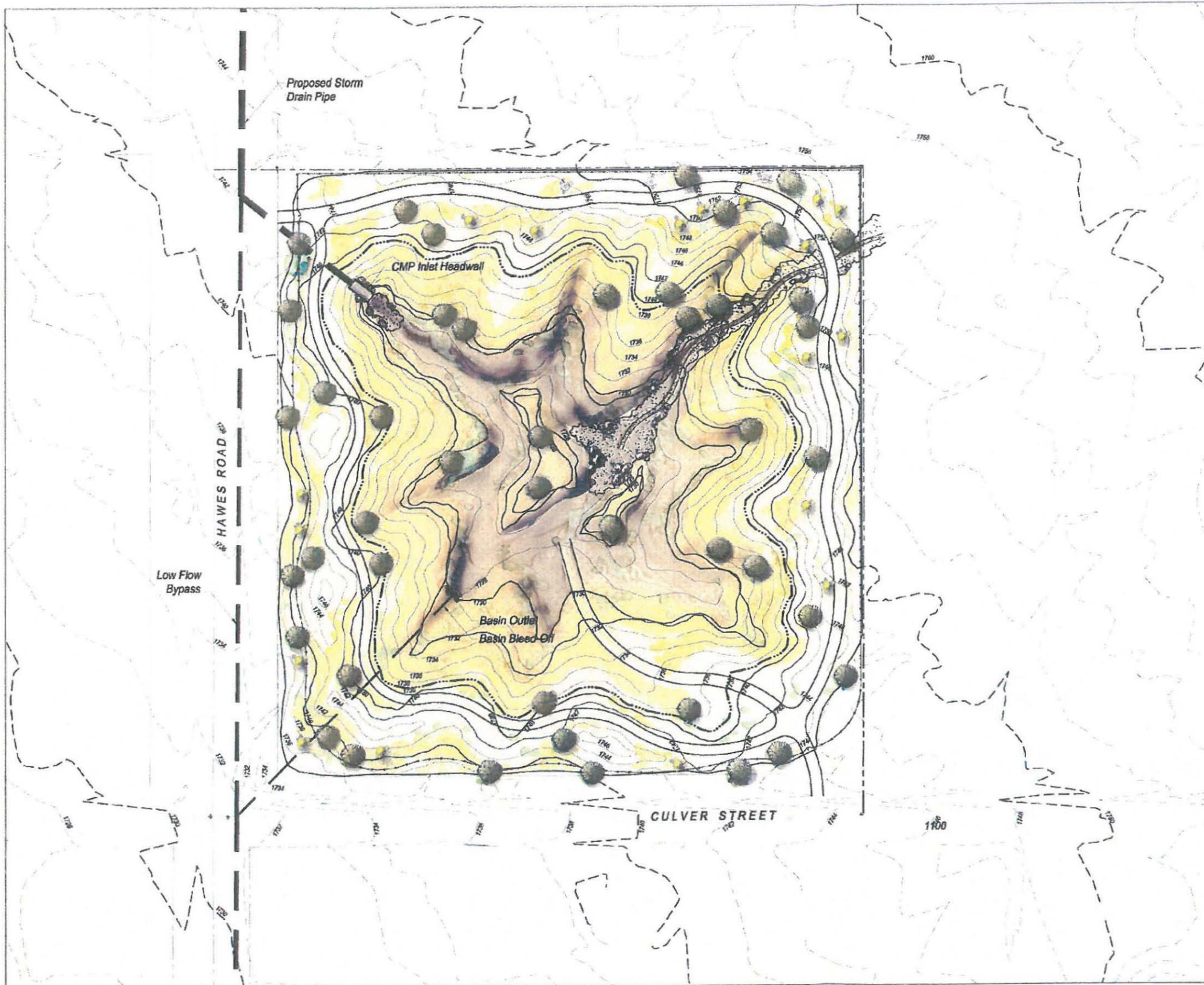
Local Area Scale: 1" = 600'

### Basin Hydroseed

	Grass Hydroseed Mix	1.76 acres
	Shrub Hydroseed Mix	5.85 acres
	Salvaged Saguaro	21
	Tall Pot Tree (Palo Verde, Mesquite, or Ironwood)	45

### Legend

	Water Surface Elevation
	Proposed Index Contour
	Proposed Intermediate Contour
	Existing Index Contour
	Existing Intermediate Contour
	Jurisdictional Wash
	Property Line
	Right-of-Way
	Centerline of Street
	Proposed Straight Wire Fence



Site Area



**PLATE 12**

**Hydrology**